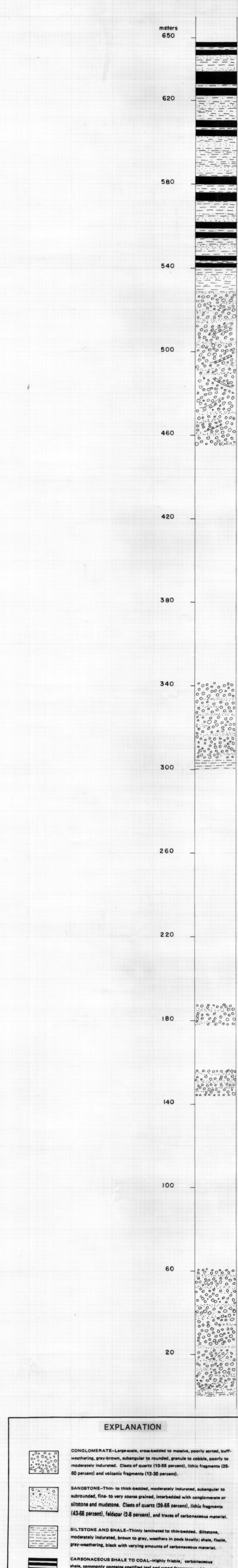
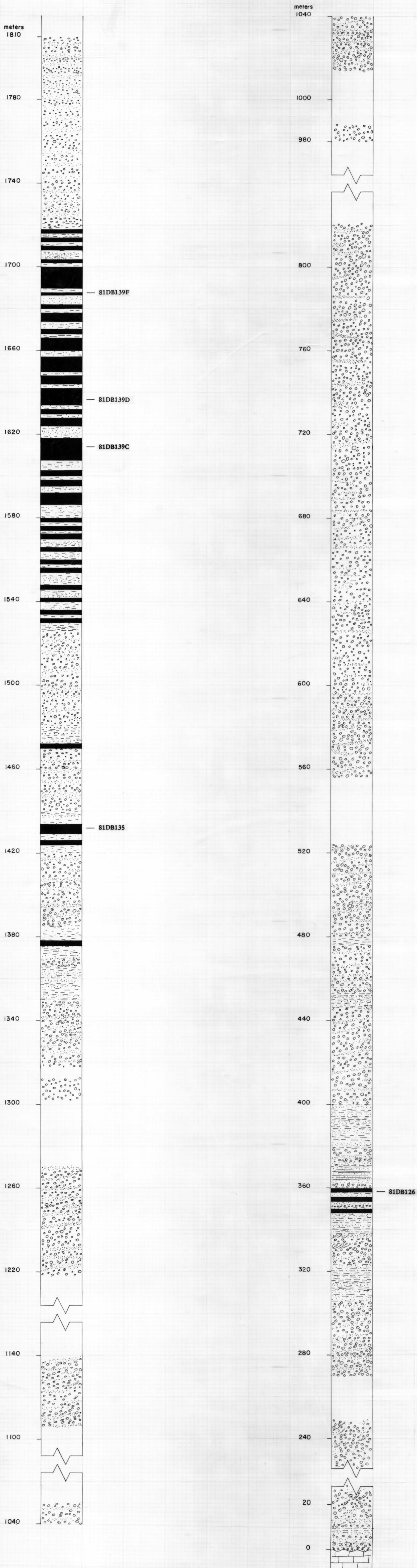
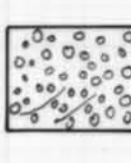





WINDY FORK SECTION

MIDDLE FORK SECTION



EXPLANATION

-  CONGLOMERATE—Large-casts, cross-bedded to massive, poorly sorted, buff-weathering, gray-brown, subangular to rounded, granules to cobbles, poorly to moderately indurated. Clasts of quartz (10-55 percent), lithic fragments (25-60 percent) and volcanic fragments (12-30 percent).
-  SANDSTONE—Thin- to thick-bedded, moderately indurated, subangular to subrounded, fine- to very coarse grained, interbedded with conglomerate or siltstone and mudstone. Clasts of quartz (50-85 percent), lithic fragments (43-58 percent), feldspar (2.8 percent), and traces of carbonaceous material.
-  SILTSTONE AND SHALE—Thinly laminated to thin-bedded. Siltstone, moderately indurated, brown to gray, weathers in pods locally; shale, friable, gray-weathering, black with varying amounts of carbonaceous material.
-  CARBONACEOUS SHALE TO COAL—Highly friable, carbonaceous shale, commonly contains coalified leaf and wood fragments, with varying amounts of very fine grained sand and silt; grades to very thin bedded coal, highly weathered in outcrop, with common small silt and mud lenses.

METERS

60
50
40
30
20
10
0

SCALE

Sections measured by D.B. Dickey, assisted by K.F. Bull, 1981.