1.1b 0.77

0.65b 0.43

5.85 0.16 3.96 8.03 2.62 0.98 0.82 1.55 1.00 97.71

4.02 0.14 4.20 7.27 2.67 2.00 0.67 0.55 1.00 98.62

1.35 97.36

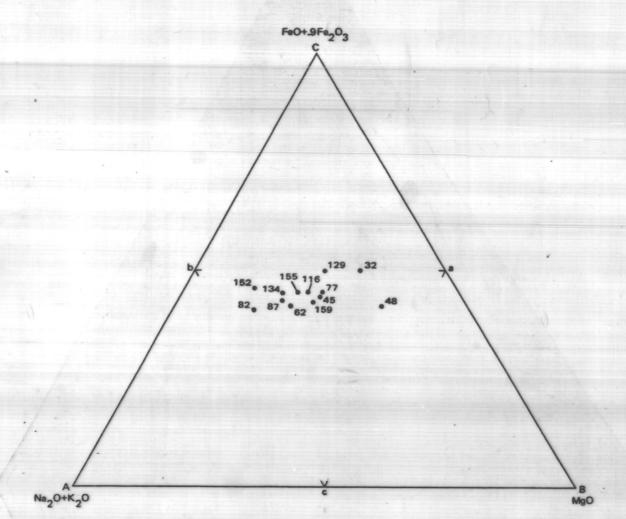
INTRODUCTION

Data for this report were collected during a DGGS reconnaissance field project on Unga and Popof Islands, Alaska Peninsula, in July 1979. The fieldwork was part of a planned two-season effort which was not continued a second year. This report is intended to make available the results of the single field effort.

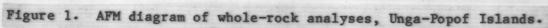
The goals of the project were to study the volcanic rocks of Unga and Popof Islands, assess potential metallic mineralization, and evaluate the potential for volcanic hazards. Research focused on the relationship between occurrences of minerals and volcanic rocks. Analyses have not been performed in duplicate and should be considered as preliminary only.

Table 1. Geochemical assay values in ppm, Unga-Popof Islands. Analyses by hot

Sample	Description	Au	Cu	Ag	Zn	Pb
79JR38A:	Veins in autobrecciated lava	<1	41	/0 1	22	
79JR38B:	Veins in autobrecciated lava	<1		<0.1	22	9
79JR43:	Veins from alteration zone in lava flow		72	<0.1	75	4
79JR44:	Shear zone in lava flow	<1	94	<0.1	7	8
770144.	Shear Zone in lava flow	<1	101	<0.1	6	4
79JR52:	Alteration zone in sill or lava flow	<1	34	<0.1	51	6
79JR53:	Altered lava flow (heavy K-stain)	<1	100	<0.1	89	5
79JR55:	Sulfide-bearing veins in lava flow	<1	170	<0.1	10	6
79JR57:	Tridymite(?)-calcite-mont vein in	<1	75	<0.1	56	9
	lava flow					
79JR59:	Zeolite-biotite alteration of lava flow	<1	26			
79JR64:	Altered float		36	<0.1	57	4
79JR65:	Altered lava flow (solution cavities?)	<1	33	<0.1	44	8
79JR67A:	Lava flow adjacent to alteration zone	<1	74	0.2	37	8
/ JUNU/A.	bava flow adjacent to afteration zone	<1	20	<0.1	105	6
79JR67D:	Alteration zone in lava flow	<1	65	0.4	10	10
79JR76:	Chert-calcite-pyrite vein in lava flow	<1	. 62	<0.1	4	6
79JR81:	Green chert(?) veins in lava flow	<1	47	<0.1	40	4
79JR83:	Lava flow or sill (K-stain groundmass)	<1	68	<0.1	72	2
				10.1	12	
79JR84:	Jointed or foliated lava flow	<1	52	<0.1	4300	24
79JR85:	Lava flow (mafics altered to biotite)	<1	110	<0.1	52	9
79JR88:	Fractured, altered lava flow	<1	55	0.1	5	3
79JR105:	Sulfide-bearing veins in fault zone	<1	74	<0.1	29	4
79JR107:	Altered lava with disseminated sulfides	<1	_ 86	<0.1	10	10
79JR110:	Sulfide-bearing veins in lava flow	<1	70	0.2	19	15
79JR119:	Float samples of veins	<1	94	<0.1	28	4
79JR121:	Lava clasts (60%) in clay (40%)	<1	140	0.2	150	22
79JR124:	Sulfide-bearing altered lava	<1	87	<0.1	110	10
79JR125:	Minor disseminated sulfides in lava	<1	81	<0.1	62	3
79JR130:	Oxide(?)-bearing yeins in lava flow	<1	64			
79JP132:	Closely fractured, altered lava flow			<0.1	35	3
, , , , , , ,	olosely fractured, aftered lava flow	<1	97	<0.1	59	5
79JR142:	Sill(?) in flows and breccias	<1	68	<0.1	77	5
79JR143:	Veins in altered breccia	<1	66	<0.1	73	5
79JR144:	Assemblage illite-fluorite-alunite	<1	99	<0.1	3	2
70-117	qtz - ? (K-stain)					
79JR147:	Float: chert(?)with disseminated sulfides	<1	28	<0.1	27	1
79JR148:	Disseminated sulfides in tuff(?)	<1	68	<0.1	64	4
79JR156:	Brecciated lava; matrix and veins of	<1	130	<0.1	37	*8
	qtz-Kspar-biotite-diopside(?)	11	130	10.1	3/	0
79JR162:	Alteration assemblage of qtz-kaolinite-	<1	93	<0.1	3	14
7070164	stilbite-chlorite-illite-pyrite(?)					
79JR164:	Alteration assemblage of qtz-kaolinite	<1	99	<0.1	5	5
	calcite-montmorillonite(?)					
79JR167:	Silicified, sulfide-bearing lava	<1	24	<0.1	60	8
79JR170:	Silicified, possibly leached lava	<1	10	<0.1	4	<1
79JR171:	Silicified, possible sulfide enrichment	<1	58	<0.1	49	8
	below sample 79JR170		30	(0.1	47	0
79JR190:	Green chert veins in lava (dome?)	<1	36	<0.1	30	7



aqua-regia digestion, DGGS (April 1980).



Samples collected July 1979. Petrographic descriptions by J.R. Riehle. The logistical support provided by Elizabeth and Andrew Grondholt, Sand Point, is gratefully acknowledged. Review by M.S. Robinson, DGGS.

This report has not received final diting and review. The author is lely responsible for its content and will appreciate candid comments on the accuracy of the data as well as suggestions to improve

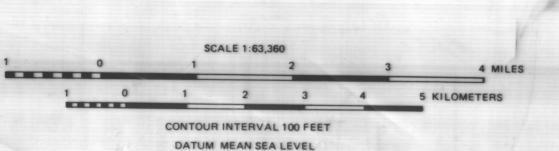
Base from U.S. Geological Survey, Port

Moller A-2 (1963) and Port Moller B-2

UNGA

STAND





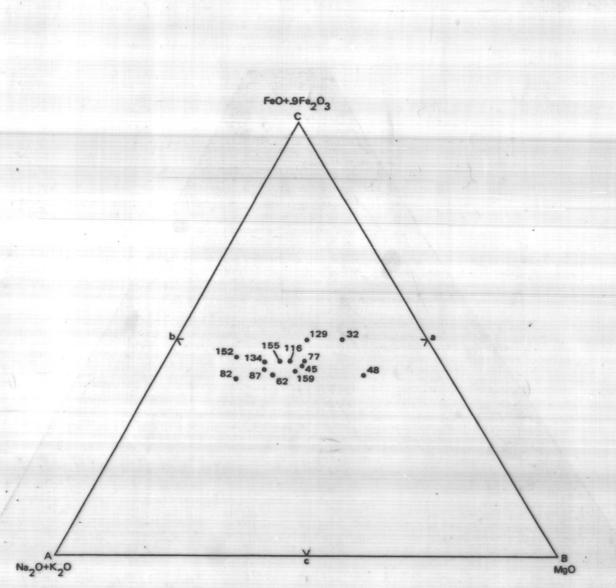


MAP SYMBOLS

Sample sites

Whole-rock and geochemical analyses, part of Unga and Popof Islands, Alaska

J.R. Riehle, R.G. Updike, and B.A. Carpenter 1982



plagioclase, pyroxene, alteration), 20%; secondary calcite and chlorite, 2%. Occurs as massive flow or dome. Not stained for potassium. Andesite (normative qtz = 9.9%; normative An/Ab/Or = 25.6/23.6/11.7). Porphyritic, possibly relict vitrophyric. Plagioclase 20%, to 3 mm; pyroxene 15% (cpx > opx), to 2mm; opaques, 1%; alteration patches, 5% (calcite, chlorite/montmorrillonite?; after mafics?); groundmass 59% (pilotaxitic, plagioclase/augite and secondary alteration). Occurs as flow-banded lava. (K-stain occurs as groundmass specks and in one small feldspar grain.)

15.7

15.2

17.5

56.4 16.3

3.58

bAnalyses by Bondar-Clegg and Co. Ltd., North Vancouver, E.C. (April 1980).

Volume percentages are estimates.

Basalt (normative qtz = 1.9%, normative An/Ab/Or = 29.9/19.6/6.9. Subseriate to porphyritic. Plagioclase to 1 mm, 10%; pyroxene (single or glomeroporphyritic) to 2 mm, 20% (cpx>opx); opaques, 2%; alteration patches (uralite and biotite), 10%; groundmass (interlocking plagioclase/augite to 0.3 mm), 58%. Occurs as massive flow or dome. (K-stain occurs distinctly around uralite patches and to a lesser degree in large and small plagioclase grains.)

Table 2: Whole-rock analyses, Unga-Popof Islands. Analyses by atomic absorption (Sydney Abbey, Canada Geol. Survey

Paper 70-23, 1970). FeO by USGS method (M.A. Wiltse, pers. commun., 1982). Analyses performed April 1980

4.09 0.17 4.66 8.47 2.73

4.90 0.16 7.85 9.8b 2.2b

1.44 0.13 2.76 5.8^b 3.4^b

625 59.7 16.1 3.47 2.83 0.16 3.06 6.33 3.06 1.38 0.60 1.03 1.22 98.94

Table 3. Petrographic description of analyzed samples in Table 2, Unga-Popof Islands.

Volcanic classification of rocks with >10% normative quartz is according to O'Conner (USGS Professional Paper 525-B, 1965, p. 79-84), based on CIPW norms.

Basalt (normative qtz = 5%; normative An/Ab/Or = 38.1/21.4/3.4). Holocrystalline, seriate. 55% plagioclase to 2 mm; clinopyroxene 10% to 1 mm; opaques 3%; alteration

of pyroxene and possible olivine, 10% (goethite-iddingsite?); groundmass (fine

2.97 0.13 2.64 5.50 3.33 1.10 0.44

3.06 0.15 3.66 6.55 2.94 1.37 0.59

2.23 0.11 1.62 6.54 4.04 0.80 0.64

Dacite (normative qtz = 21.5%; normative An/Ab/Or = 30.2/30.2/4.0). Porphyritic. Plagioclase 30%, to 4 mm; hornblende (and opaque relicts) to 3 mm, 10%; orthopyroxene to 1 mm, 3% (commonly occur as inclusions in hornblende); opaques 0.5%; groundmass (fine grained plagioclase, opaques, mafics altering to ?; rare veinlets of amphibole and opaque brown), 56.5%. Occurs as slightly foliated flows. (Possible albite rims on plagioclase grains; possible trace epidote as alteration of plagioclase; rare K-stain in groundmass.)

Andesite (normative qtz = 9.6%; normative An/Ab/Or = 26.7/22.9/12.6.) Porphyritic. Plagioclase to 5 mm, 25%; pyroxene (cpx>opx) to 3 mm, 15% (plagioclase and pyroxene commonly glomeroporphyritic.); opaques 1%, replacement of pyroxene by amphibole or biotite, 10%; groundmass (slightly foliated, mostly plagioclase/ augite/opaques), 49%. Occurs in lava flows with flaggy partings. (K-stains occur in grains dispersed in groundmass.)

79JR82 Dacite (normative qtz = 23%; normative An/Ab/Or = 21.4/35.7/6.7). Porphyritic, probably relict vitrophyric. Plagioclase (irregular grains and glomeroporphyritic clots), to 2 mm, 20%; pyroxene (rarely to 1 mm; cpx>opx), 10%; opaques 1%; groundmass (perlitic cracks, spherulitic patches, plagioclase microlites), 59%. Occurs as flow-banded lava. No visible K-stains.

Dacite (normative qtz = 20.4%; normative An/Ab/Or = 28.4/29.4/6.7). Porphyritic. Plagioclase to 2 mm, 45%; pyroxene (cpx only?) to 1 mm, 5%; trace hornblende: opaques 2%; alteration patches (calcite, chlorite, montmorillonite? after mafics; possible epidote, biotite) 5%; groundmass (equidimensional plagioclase/chlorite), 43%. Occurs as massive, isolated outcrop. (K-stain at borders or in veinlets in plagioclase; also assoicated with chlorite in groundmass.)

79JR116 Dacite (normative qtz = 13.5%; normative An/Ab/Or = 28.6/26.2/8.4). Porphyritic. Plagioclase (to 3 mm), 30%; pyroxene (to 2 mm; cpx>opx), 10%; groundmass 40%. Replacement of cpx by pseudomorphic mineral (pleochroic tan to dark green-brown, one good cleavage, parallel extinction, high birefringence) tentatively identified as biotite; similar mineral occurs as fine grains in groundmass. Occurs as dense, probable lava flow. Not stained for potassium.

79JR129 Andesite or dacite (normative qtz = 11.7%; normative An/Ab/Or = 31.4/23.1/6.1). Porphyritic, possible relict vitrophyric. Plagioclase (to 2 mm), 20%; pyroxene * (to 2 mm; cpx>opx), 15%, opaques, 2%; groundmass (foliated plagioclase microlites, remainder isotropic to subopaque brown), 63%. Occurs as dense lava flow. Not stained for potassium.

79JR134 Dacite (normative qtz = 16.8%; normative An/Ab/Or = 28.4/31.5/5.6). No thin section. Occurs as massive, isolated outcrop.

Dacite (normative qtz = 17.4%; normative An/Ab/Or = 28.9/35.7/5.0). Porphyritic. Plagioclase (to 2 mm), 20%; pyroxene (to 1 mm; only cpx?), 5%, opaques, 1%; groundmass (foliated plagioclase microlites; secondary uralite, biotite?), 74%. Replacement rims on pyroxene of possible biotite; veinlets of calcite, possible zeolite, quartz (cristobalite?), montmorillonite (?). Occurs as dense lava flow. Not stained for potassium.

79JR155 Dacite (normative qtz = 19.7; normative An/Ab/Or = 27.0/26.7/8.4). Porphyritic, possibly relict vitrophyric. Plagioclase (to 4 mm), 25%, pyroxene (to 2mm; cpx>opx), 5%; quartz (to 2 mm), 2%; groundmass (scattered plagioclase grains; areas of coarse qtz-Kspar in finer, vaguely spherulitic mass of montmorillonite?), 68%. Locally, a trachytic texture. Possible secondary montmorillonite (groundmass, plagioclase grains); calcite veinlet in groundmass; possible trace biotite replacing pyroxene. Aggregate of plagioclase - augite - biotite, may be lithic inclusion. Occurs as massive flow or dome. Not stained for potassium.

Dacite or andesite (normative qtz = 12.1%; normative An/Ab/Or = 28.4/23.1/12.3). Porphyritic. Plagioclase (to 2mm), 25%; pyroxene (cpx>opx, to 1 mm), 10%, opaques, 1 %; groundmass (plagioclase as foliated microlites; scattered alteration patches of montmorillonite?), 64%. Alteration of plagioclase (montmorillonite?) and pyroxene (biotite?, calcite). Occurs as massive, columnarly jointed lava flows or dome. Not stained for potassium.