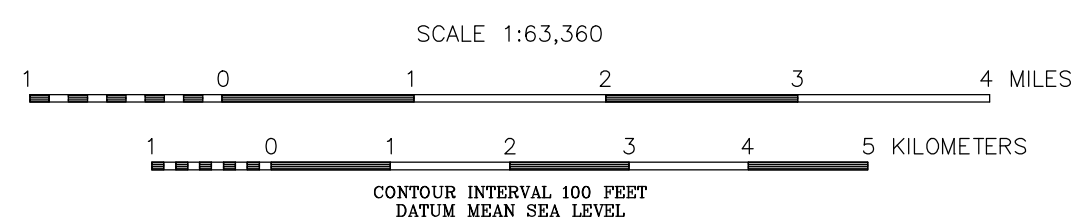


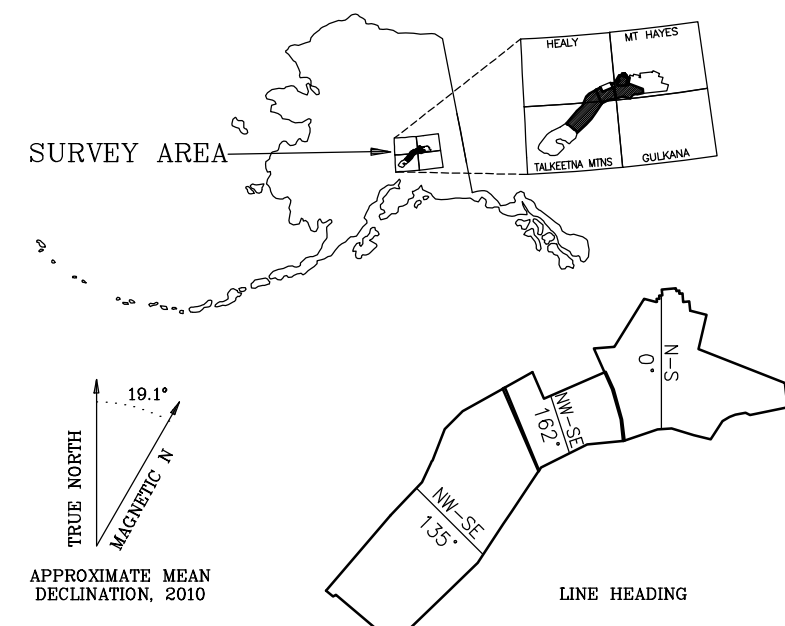
Base from U.S. Geological Survey MT Hayes A-5, 1949; A-6, 1950; B-3, 1950; B-6, 1956; Quadrangle, Alaska.



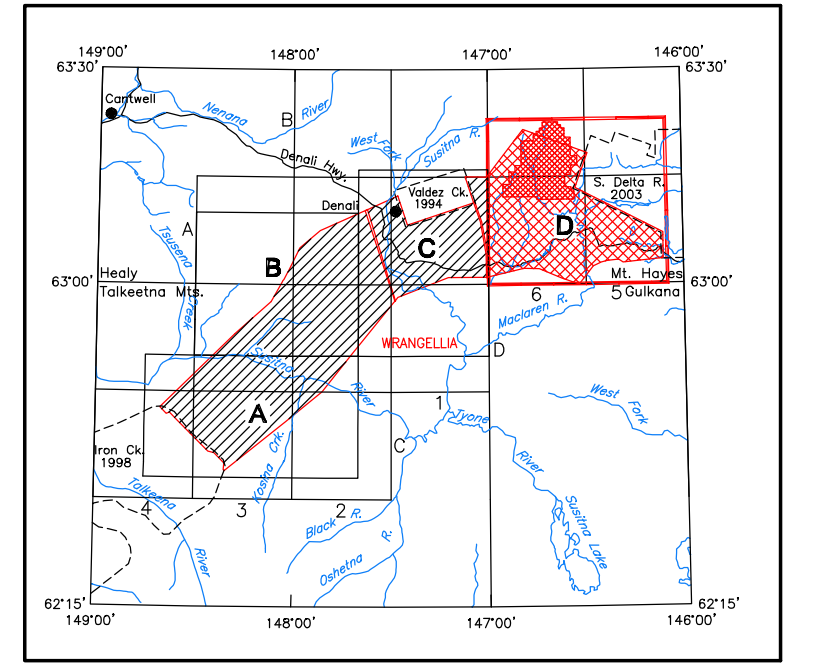
# 56,000 Hz COPLANAR APPARENT RESISTIVITY WITH TOPOGRAPHY, WRANGELLIA SURVEY AREA, SOUTH-CENTRAL ALASKA

PARTS OF THE TALKEETNA MTNS, HEALY, AND MT HAYES QUADRANGLES

by  
Laurel E. Burns, CGG, and Fugro GeoServices, Inc.  
2014



LOCATION INDEX FOR 1:63,360-SCALE MAPS



**DESCRIPTIVE NOTES**

The geophysical data were acquired with a DIGHEM<sup>®</sup> Electromagnetic (EM) system and a Fugro D1344 cesium magnetometer with a Scintrex CS3 cesium sensor. The EM and magnetic sensors were flown at a height of 100 feet, in addition the survey recorded data from radar and laser altimeters, GPS navigation system, 50/60 Hz monitors and video camera. Flights were performed with an AS-350-B3 Squirrel helicopter at a mean terrain clearance of 200 feet with a spacing primarily of a quarter of a mile, and one eighth of a mile for about 97.9 sq miles. The lines were flown perpendicular to the flight lines at intervals of approximately 3 miles.

A Novatel OEM5-G2L Global Positioning System was used for navigation. The helicopter position was derived every 0.5 seconds using post-flight differential positioning to a relative accuracy of better than 5 m. Flight path positions were projected onto the Clarke 1866 (UTM zone 6) spheroid, 1927 North American datum using a central meridian (CM) of 147°, a north constant of 0, and an east constant of 500,000. Positional accuracy of the presented data is better than 10 m with respect to the UTM grid.

**RESISTIVITY**

The DIGHEM<sup>®</sup> EM system measured inphase and quadrature components at five frequencies. Two vertical coaxial coil-pairs operated at 1000 and 5500 Hz while three horizontal coplanar coil-pairs operated at 800, 7200 and 56,000 Hz. EM data were sampled at 0.1 second intervals. The EM system responds to bedrock conductors, conductive overburden, and cultural sources. Apparent resistivity is generated from the inphase and quadrature component of the coplanar 56,000 Hz using the pseudo-layer half space model. The data were interpolated onto a regular 80 m grid using a modified Akima (1970) technique. All grids were then resampled from the 80 m cell size down to a 25 m cell size to produce the maps and final grids contained in this publication.

Akima, H., 1970, A new method of interpolation and smooth curve fitting based on local procedures, *Journal of the Association of Computing Machinery*, v. 17, no. 4, p. 589-602.

**RESISTIVITY ALTITUDE LIMITS**

In areas where the EM bird height exceeded 150 m, resistivity was not calculated. This avoids meaningless resistivity calculations due to small signals where the helicopter flew higher to avoid cultural objects or for safety reasons. Blank areas in the grids were created where zones of high flying correlated over more than one survey line.

**SURVEY HISTORY**

This map has been compiled and drawn under contract between the State of Alaska, Department of Natural Resources, Division of Geological & Geophysical Surveys (DGGs), and Fugro GeoServices, Inc. Airborne geophysical data for the area were acquired and processed by DGGs in 2013 and 2014. Previously flown DGGs surveys adjacent to the current survey are shown in the location map by dashed lines, survey name, and date of publication. The project was funded by the Alaska State Legislature as part of the Alaska Strategic and Critical Minerals Assessment project, which is part of the Alaska Airborne Geophysical and Geological Mineral Inventory Program. Milrock Exploration Corporation contributed initial data for a portion of the area shown above as denser hatching. All data and maps produced to date from this survey are available in digital format on DVD for a nominal fee through DGGs, 3354 College Road, Fairbanks, Alaska, 99709-3707, and are downloadable for free from the DGGs website ([www.dggs.alaska.gov/pub/](http://www.dggs.alaska.gov/pub/)). Maps are also available on paper through the DGGs Office, and are viewable online at the website in Adobe Acrobat PDF file format.