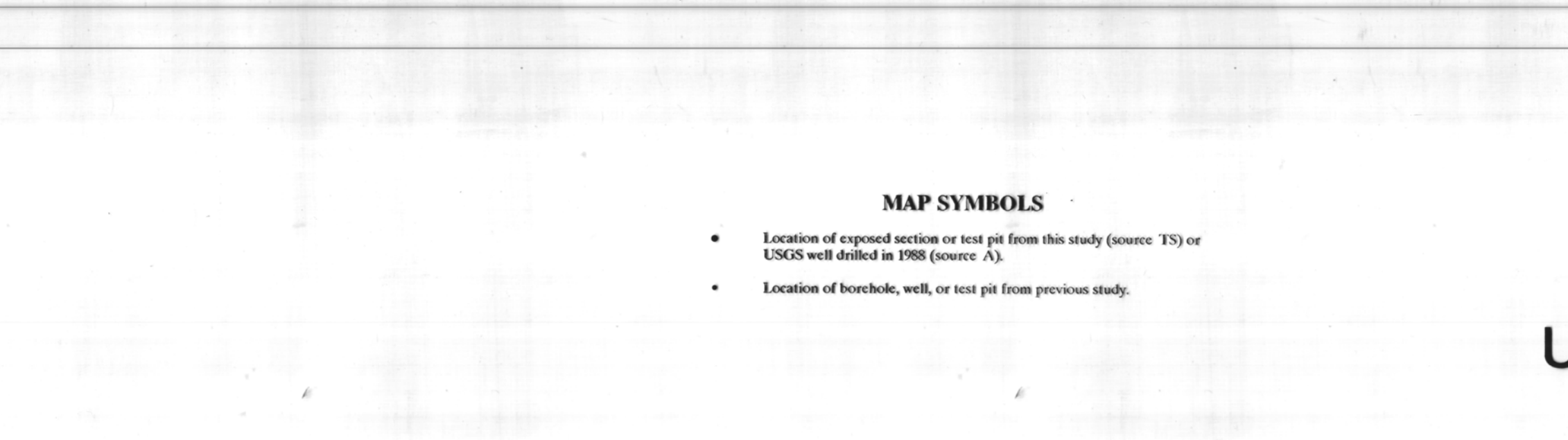




EXPLANATION
Subsurface geologic data summarized on this map include U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) wells drilled in 1988 for hydrogeologic studies (source A), field observations from the current study (source TS) in support of the USGS project, and numerous other previous studies by USGS, U.S. Coast Guard, U.S. Department of Navy, and private contractors retained by the U.S. Coast Guard. This map, intended as an index to these data sources and a summary of basic subsurface data from boreholes, test pits, wells, and exposed sections. In addition to data presented below, most of the original reports include other information, such as detailed logs, water level, and geotechnical data.
Because low permeability of till and bedrock in the study area strongly influences ground-water flow, depths from ground surface to the top of these layers were completed for this report and elevation. Depending on terminology used in the source report, depth to the shallowest layer described as till, dense clay, or dense pebbly clay was recorded as depth to top of till. Till was not encountered at all locations. Depth to bedrock is the depth of the bedrock surface for most boreholes and wells. Till contains numerous large, hard boulders with the same lithology as bedrock in this area; consequently, it is not always possible to determine whether refusal was at the bedrock surface or against a till stone.
Elevation of the ground surface was determined by a variety of methods among the data sources. Some elevations were surveyed, some were estimated from USGS topographic maps, and some were not determined in the original report but scaled from this map. Although most reported elevations agree within 5' of the elevations shown on this map, a few discrepancies as much as 20' ft. most larger discrepancies occur in the upper Buskin River valley near Buskin Lake. For this reason, elevations are rounded to the nearest whole number and should be regarded as approximations.
For detailed descriptions of bedrock lithology and structure, see Solie and Riedelbach (1989). Brown (1989) summarizes geotechnical and geologic properties of the bedrock, and Albley (1989) presents cross sections of the present cross sections of the surficial deposits and contour maps of the bedrock-surface elevations based on these subsurface data and seismic-refraction profiles.

DATA SUMMARY
All depths and elevations in feet.
MAP NUMBER SOURCE STATION NUMBER SURFACE ELEVATION DEPTH TO TOP OF TILL DEPTH TO BEDROCK ELEV. OF TOP OF BEDROCK TILL OR CLAY ELEV. OF BEDROCK SURFACE

Base prepared photogrammetrically by Walker Alaska Aerial Surveys, Inc. from aerial photography taken Sep. 30, 1958.



SUBSURFACE GEOLOGIC DATA FOR AREA II, U.S. COAST GUARD RESERVATION, KODIAK, ALASKA

Compiled by R.D. Alley and R.A. Combellick 1989

DATA SOURCES
A) Brunett, J., 1988. Unpublished data from wells drilled between January 15, 1988, and April 21, 1988. U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Division, Anchorage.
B) Stanley, D.A., 1981. Kodiak airport expansion and Donov's Creek service road materials investigation. Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities, Engineering Geology and Soils Report, 28 p.
C) Ouley, T.R., 1983. Geotechnical investigation, Kodiak airport runway 18, 36 Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities, project code D21202, 36 p.
K) Morris, D.A., 1968. Summary of the Kodiak test drilling trip, September 18 to October 7, 1968. U.S. Geological Survey, Water Resources Division, memorandum, 5 p.
M) Dryden & Larsen, 1981. unpublished borehole data for airport station, Kodiak Electric Association, 10 p., 1 sheet.
S) Shannon & Wilson, Inc., 1987. Supplemental field explorations and geotechnical engineering studies-Lake Louise Housing Project, U.S. Coast Guard facility, Kodiak, Alaska, report no. A-2791, prepared for Chasing, Ward, Magnuson, and Barkshire, 26 p.
TS) This study exposed sections and test pits inspected during August, 1988.
Z) U.S. Department of Navy Bureau of Yards & Docks, 1955. Test borings and test pits, with location plan, sheets 51-55.

REFERENCES CITED
Albley, R.D., 1989. Shallow seismic-refraction profiling of the U.S. Coast Guard Reservation, Kodiak, Alaska. Alaska Division of Geological & Geophysical Survey Public Data File 89-88C.
Brown, J.M., 1989. Bedrock geotechnical properties affecting ground-water movement in the U.S. Coast Guard Reservation, Kodiak, Alaska. Alaska Division of Geological & Geophysical Survey Public Data File 89-88D, 11 p.
Solie, D.W., and Riedelbach, G.R., 1989. Bedrock geology of U.S. Coast Guard Reservation, Kodiak, Alaska. Alaska Division of Geological & Geophysical Survey Public Data File 89-88A, 33 p., 1 sheet, scale 1:12,000, 2 sheets, scale 1:6,000.

This report has not been reviewed for technical content (except as noted in text) or for conformity to the editorial standards of DGGS.