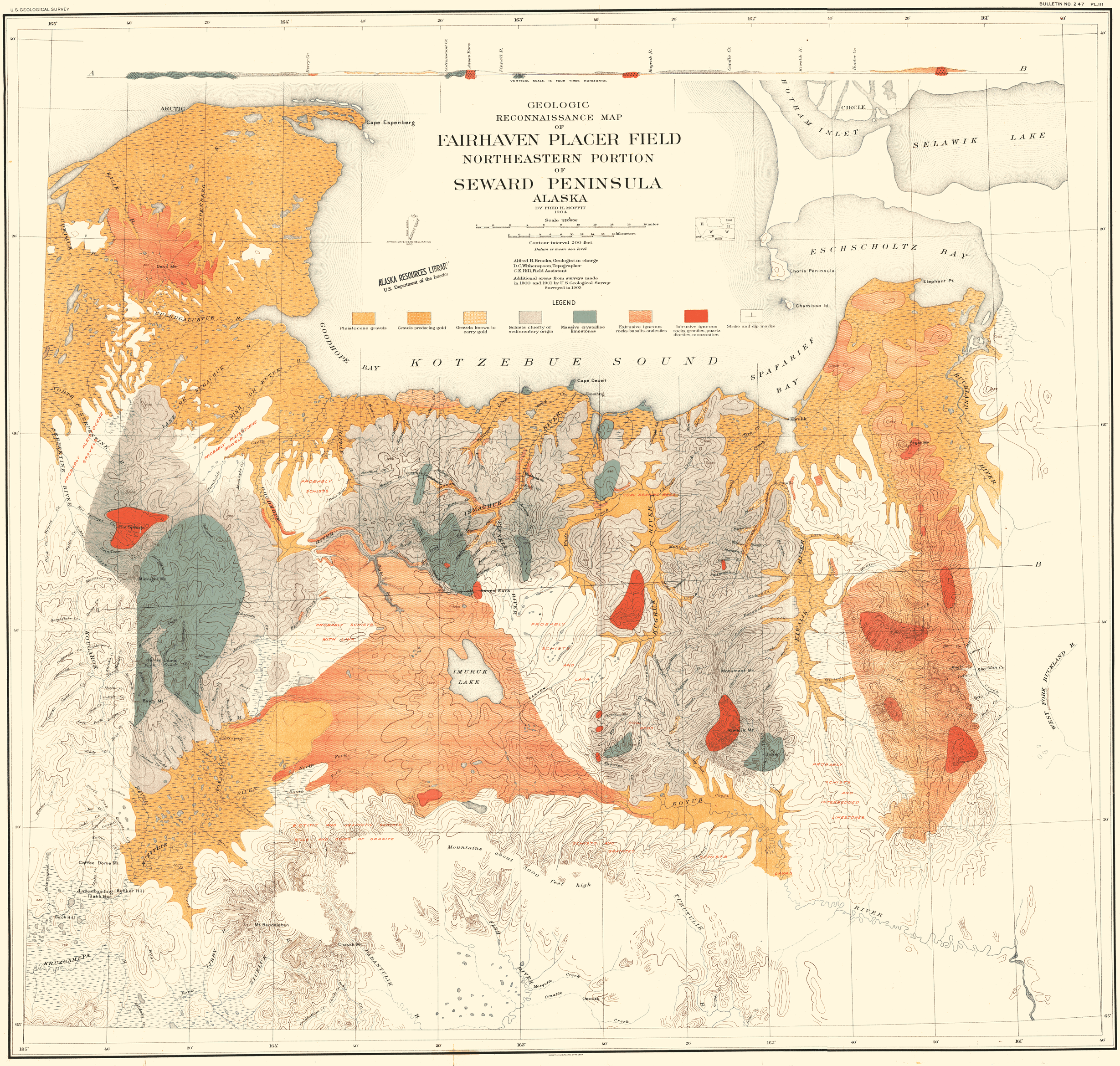
GEOLOGIC
RECONNAISSANCE MAP
OF
FAIRHAVEN PLACER FIELD
NORTHEASTERN PORTION
OF
SEWARD PENINSULA
ALASKA
BY FRED H. MOFFIT
1904
Scale 1/250000
Contour interval 200 feet
Datum is mean sea level
Alfred H. Brooks, Geologist in charge
D. C. Witherspoon, Topographer
C. E. Hill, Field Assistant
Additional areas from surveys made in 1900 and 1901 by U.S. Geological Survey
Surveyed in 1903
LEGEND
Pleistocene gravels
Gravels producing gold
Gravels known to carry gold
Schists chiefly of sedimentary origin
Massive crystalline limestones
Extrusive igneous rocks, basalts, andesites
Intrusive igneous rocks, granites, quartz diorites, monzonites
Strike and dip marks
VERTICAL SCALE, IS FOUR TIMES HORIZONTAL
ALASKA RESOURCES LIBRARY
U.S. Department of the Interior
ARCTIC
CIRCLE
Cape Espenberg
HOTHAM INLET
SELAWIK LAKE
ESCHSCHOLTZ BAY
Choris Peninsula
Elephant Pt.
Chamisso Id.
GOODHOPE BAY
KOTZEBUE SOUND
SPAFARIEF BAY
Cape Deceit
Deering
Kivalik
Devil Mt.
Cleft Mt.
Hot Springs
Midnight Mt.
Harris Dome
Baldy Mt.
IMURUK LAKE
Mohument Mt.
Kiwalik Mt.
Coffee Dome Mt.
Bunker Hill
Idaho Bar
Birch Hill
Mt. Bendeleben
Chauk Mt.
Omalik
Mountains about 3000 feet high
KRUZGAMEPA
KOYUK
KIWALIK
KUGRUK
INMACHUK
PINKLEY
GOLDHOPE
KOTLAROK
NOME
NUNUGALIUKTUK
ESKIMO
KOBUK
WEST FORK BUCKLAND R.
PROBABLY PLEISTOCENE GRAVELS
PROBABLY SCHISTS
PROBABLY SCHISTS WITH LAVA
PROBABLY SCHISTS AND LAVA
PROBABLY SCHISTS AND INTERBEDDED LIMESTONES
COAL BEARING BEDS
BATHOLITIC AND GNEISSOID GRANITE
SCHISTS AND GRANITES
LAVAS