DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR OPEN-FILE REPORT 83-52 UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY SHEET 1 OF 2 152°00' 153°00' TABLE 1 DISCREPANCIES AT LINE INTERSECTIONS DISCUSSION Free-air gravity data shown on this map are compiled from an earlier map Cruise L7 81 WG by Burkhard and others (1980) and from previously unpublished data. The part L7 77 WG GR 75 WG of Burkhard and others' map that shows the area east of 150°W is incorporated L7 81 WG (20) 2.4 ± 3.1 here with only minor revision. See the text of their map for the description S9 79 WG (4) -2.8 ± 4.5 of data collection and processing that pertains to that part of our map. We L4 76 WG (21) -1.0 ± 2.6 (11) -0.5 ± 5.1 (53) 2.0 ± 1.6 have modified the part of the earlier map that shows the area west of 150°W, L7 77 WG (20) 0.0 ± 4.1 (35) -0.2 ± 4.1 (30) 0.0 ± 2.5 (19) 2.0 ± 1.4 on the basis of new data. GR 75 WG I.D. (8) -0.4 ± 2.3 (20) -2.3 ± 2.8 (9) -1.7 ± 3.2 (7) 0.9 ± 0.9 These new data were collected during cruises aboard the R/V S.P. Lee (L7-77-WG and L7-81-WG) and the R/V Sea Sounder (S9-79-WG), and we used data from I.D.: insufficient data cruise GR-75-WG that lie outside of the area shown in Burkhard and others Number in parentheses is number of intersections (1980). Furthermore, we reprocessed gravity data from cruise L4-76-WG, as Burkhard and others reported that line intersection errors from this cruise were greater than 7 mgal. Reprocessing reduced these errors to between 0 and 4 mgal (Table 1). Gravity data from cruises L7-77-WG, S9-79-WG, and L7-81-WG were collected using La Coste and Romberg 1 marine gravity meters on two-axis platforms. The navigation system for the L7 cruises integrated a satellite navigation system with doppler sonar to calculate the ship's position; whereas the system used during the S9 criuse was primarily a satellite navigation system. The gravity data were corrected for meter drift by measuring gravity before and after each One standard deviation cruise at a base station at Kodiak. Free-air gravity values were calculated from digitized spring-tension data and correction terms. All data were reduced to the IGSN 1971 ellipsoid. Burkhard and others (1980) reduced their data to the 1930 datum, and then they subtracted a constant 7 mgals from their 257 intersections values to correct for the difference between the 1930 and 1971 datums. Despite these different methods of reduction to datum, data from their map and Mean value = 2,4 mgals ours compare well. Standard deviation = 2.2mgals Absoulute values of discrepancies at line intersections from all five cruises have a mean value of 2.4 mgal and a standard deviation of 2.2 mgal (Fig. 1). The mean and standard-deviation values for individual cruises are REFERENCE Burkhard, N., von Huene, R., McHendrie, G., Ruppel, B., and Bruns, T., 1980, Free-air gravity anomaly map, western Gulf of Alaska: U.S. Geological Survey Miscellaneous Field Studies Map MF-1173, 1 sheet, scale 1:500,000. ABSOLUTE DISCREPANCIES AT LINE INTERSECTIONS 1 Use of tradenames is for descriptive purposes and does not constitute endorsement by the U.S. Geological Survey. 59°00'/ Islands INDEX MAP SYMBOLS Gravity contour - Dashed where approximately located. Contour interval 10 milligals. Ship tracklines shown by small line segments 58°00' Closed gravity low 55°00' __ 55°00' 158°00' 152°00' 157°00' 156°00' 153°00' 155°00' 154°00' This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards. 30 NAUTICAL MILES ALBERS CONIC EQUAL AREA PROJECTION BATHYMETRIC CONTOURS IN METERS