UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

PRELIMINARY GEOMAGNETIC DATA

COLLEGE OBSERVATORY

FAIRBANKS, ALASKA

JULY 1977

OPEN FILE REPORT 77-300G

U.S. Geological Survey Report Open File 77-300G

ORDER OF CONTENTS

Explanation of Data & Reports

Magnetic Activity Report

Outstanding Magnetic Effects

Principal Magnetic Storms

Preliminary Calibration Data & Monthly Mean Absolute Values

Magnetogram Hourly Scalings

Sample Format for Normal & Storm Magnetogram

Normal Magnetograms

Storm Magnetograms(When Normal is too disturbed to read)

THIS REPORT WAS PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF JOHN B. TOWNSHEND, CHIEF OF THE COLLEGE OBSERVATORY WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF OBSERVATORY STAFF MEMBERS J. E. PAPP, M. J. MOORMAN, AND S. P. TILTON, AND IN COOPERATION WITH THE GEOPHYSICAL INSTITUTE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA. THE COLLEGE OBSERVATORY IS A PART OF THE BRANCH OF ELECTROMAGNETISM AND GEOMAGNETISM OF THE U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

COLLEGE OBSERVATORY PRELIMINARY GEOMAGNETIC DATA

INTRODUCTION

The preliminary geomagnetic data included here is made available to scientific personnel and organizations, as part of a cooperative effort and on a data exchange basis because of the early need by some users. To avoid delay, all of the data is copied from original forms processed at the observatory; therefore it should be regarded as preliminary. Inquiries about this report or about the College Observatory should be addressed to:

Chief, College Observatory
U.S. Geological Survey
Yukon Drive on West Ridge
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

Requests for copies of the magnetograms except for the current month should be addressed to:

World Data Center A-NOAA
Environmental Data Service
Boulder, Colorado 80302

GEOMAGNETIC DATA

Normal, Storm, and Rapid Run magnetograms and appropriate calibration data are processed daily at the observatory and are available for analysis or copying. Also available are mean hourly scalings, K-Indices, selected magnetic phenomena reports, and on a real-time basis are recordings from a 3-component fluxgate magnetometer and F-component proton magnetometer.

Magnetic Activity

The K-Index. The K-Index is a logarithmic measurement of the range of the most disturbed component (D or H) of the geomagnetic field for eight intervals beginning 0000-0300, 0300-0600...2100-2400 UT. It is a measure of the difference between the highest and lowest deviation from a smooth curve to be expected for a component on a magnetically quiet day, within a three hour interval.

The Equivalent Daily Amplitude, AK. The K-Index is converted into an equivalent range, AK, which is near the center of the limiting gamma ranges for a given K. The average of the eight values is called equivalent daily amplitude AK. The unit 10γ has been chosen so as not to give the illusion of an accuracy not justified.

The schedule for converting gamma range to K, and K to AK is as follows:

Gamma Range	K - Index	ak*
0 < 25	0	0
25 < 50	1	3
50 < 100	2	7
100 < 200	3	15
200 < 350	4	27
350 < 600	5	48
600 < 1000	6	80
1000 < 1650	7	140
1650 < 2500	8	240
2500+	9	400 (10γ)

The Magnetic Daily Character Figure, C. To each Universal day a character is assigned on the basis C=0, if it is quiet; C=1 if it is moderately disturbed; C=2 if it is greatly disturbed. The method used to assign characters at the College Observatory is based on AK as follows:

AK Range	C
0-11	0
11-50	1
50+	2

Routine assignment of C was discontinued at January 1, 1976.

OBSERVATORY LOCATION

The College Observatory, operated by the U. S. Geological Survey, is located at the University of Alaska, Fairbanks, Alaska. It is near the Auroral Zone and the northern limit of the world's greatest earthquake belt, the circum-Pacific Seismic belt. Although the observatory's basic operation is in geomagnetism and seismology, it cooperates with other scientists and organizations in areas where the facility and personnel can be of service.

The observatory is one of three operated by the USGS in Alaska. The others are located at Barrow and Sitka.

The position of the observatory site is:

Geographic latitude.....64°51.6'N
Geographic longitude.....147°50.2'W
Geomagnetic latitude.....+64.6°
Geomagnetic longitude.....-256.5°
Elevation.....200 meters

Selected Phenomena & Outstanding Magnetic Effects

Prior to January 1, 1976, the Normal & Rapid Run records were reviewed at the observatory for selected magnetic phenomena and the events identified were forwarded to the IUGG Commission on Magnetic Variations and Disturbances. This was discontinued on January 1, 1976, but a report on Outstanding Magnetic Effects is prepared monthly for this report.

Principal Magnetic Storms

Gradual and sudden commencement magnetic disturbances with at least one K-Index of 5 or greater, which are believed to be part of a world-wide disturbance, are classified as principal magnetic storms. The time of the storm beginning and ending; direction and amplitude of sudden commencements; period of maximum activity; and storm range are reported. Monthly reports of these data are forwarded to the World Data Center A in Boulder, Colorado.

Magnetogram Hourly Scalings

Magnetogram hourly scalings are averages for successive periods of one hour for the D, H, and Z elements. The value in the column headed "Q1" is the average for the hour beginning 0000 and ending 0100. Note that the values on the scaling sheets are in tenths of mm with the decimal point omitted. The user of these scalings should keep in mind that the tabular values are hourly means and if he is interested in the detailed morphology of the magnetic field, he should refer directly to the magnetograms.

Magnetograms

The normal magnetograms in this report are reproduced at about one-third the size of the originals. Preliminary base-line values and scale values adopted for use with the original magnetograms are included. For days when the magnetic field is too disturbed for the Normal magnetogram to be readable, Storm magnetograms are reproduced.

Absolutes, Base-lines, and Scale Values

To determine the absolute value of the magnetic field from the hourly means or from point scalings the following equations should be used:

$D = B_D \cdot d \cdot S_D$; $H = B_H \cdot h \cdot S_H$; $Z = B_Z \cdot z \cdot S_Z$
where D, H, and Z are absolute values;
 B_D , B_H and B_Z are base-line values;
 S_D , S_H and S_Z are scale values;
and d, h, and z are scalings in millimeters.

COLLEGE, ALASKA

MAGNETIC ACTIVITY

(Greenwich civil time, counted from midnight to midnight)

MONTH AND YEAR

JULY 1977

DATE	K-INDICES								AK	TIME SCALE ON MAGNETOGRAMS
	00-03	04-06	06-09	09-12	12-15	15-18	18-21	21-24		
1	2	3	5	4	4	3	3	2	26	20
2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	18	09
3	1	1	3	2	4	3	1	1	16	10
4	2	2	3	4	1	1	1	2	16	09
5	2	2	1	2	5	4	1	1	18	13
6	1	1	2	2	4	3	3	3	19	12
7	4	4	4	2	4	2	1	1	22	16
8	3	4	3	3	3	4	2	2	24	16
9	4	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	23	15
10	4	4	2	4	4	3	3	2	26	19
11	2	3	5	3	4	2	1	1	21	16
12	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	07	03
13	2	4	3	1	3	3	1	2	19	12
14	3	4	5	6	4	2	2	1	27	27
15	3	3	2	5	4	3	2	3	25	19
16	2	3	5	7	5	5	3	3	33	42
17	3	3	4	5	3	3	2	2	25	19
18	2	1	3	4	5	2	1	1	19	14
19	2	3	5	4	6	5	3	2	30	31
20	3	4	7	6	6	4	3	2	35	49
21	4	3	2	3	1	2	1	1	17	10
22	3	3	5	6	1	2	1	1	22	22
23	3	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	09	04
24	2	1	2	4	1	2	1	2	15	08
25	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	09	04
26	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	07	03
27	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	01	00
28	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	03	01
29	5	5	7	5	7	4	3	2	38	59
30	4	4	6	5	3	2	2	1	27	27
31	2	3	2	5	3	2	2	1	20	14

SUDDEN COMMENCEMENTS
d h mPOSSIBLE SOLAR-FLARE
EFFECTS BASED ON
INSPECTION OF GRAMS
ALONE (WITHOUT
REFERENCE TO DATA
FROM OTHER SOURCES)

BEGIN

END

d h m

d h m

K SCALE USED:

LOWER LIMIT FOR K = 9.....

CURRENT SCALE VALUE.....

LOWER LIMIT FOR K = 9.....

D

H

Z

683.8

321.7

3.76

7.82

2570

2520

(mm)

(Y/mm)

(to nearest 10Y)

RECORDS AND COMPUTATIONS HAVE BEEN CHECKED.

APPROVED JOHN B. TOWNSEND, CHIEF, COLLEGE OBSERVATORY

OBSERVER IN CHARGE

OUTSTANDING MAGNETIC EFFECTS

OBSERVATORY
COLLEGE, ALASKA

MONTH
JULY

YEAR
1977

DATE	TIME U.T.	NATURE OF PHENOMENON ¹	REMARKS
06	10XX	pi2	
10	01XX	pc5	
13	22XX	pc1	
25	14XX	pi2	
26	09XX	pi2	
27	13XX	pi2	
29	0027	ssc*	

IDENTIFIED BY: JEP

VERIFIED BY: JBT

NATURE OF PHENOMENON: ssc, ssc*, si, si*, b, bp, bs, bps, pc1, pc2 - - - pc5, pg, pi 1, pi 2, sfe.

FORM 86-500

PRINCIPAL MAGNETIC STORMS

Data from Individual Observatories: COLLEGE OBSERVATORY, COLLEGE, ALASKA

JULY 19 77

WDC-A FOR SOLAR-TERRESTRIAL PHYSICS
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SERVICE, NOAA
BOULDER, COLORADO 80502 U.S.A.

Obs. 2 letter IADA code	Geomag. lat.	Commencement		SC - amplitudes			Max. 3 hr - index K		Ranges			UT End day hr		
		day	hr min (UT)	type	D(')	H(Y)	Z(Y)	day	(3 hr - period)	K	D(')		H(Y)	Z(Y)
EO	64.6 N	16	06XX	..	..	..	..	16	4	7	154	1250	900	17 13
		19	05XX	..	..	..	..	20	3	7	178	1450	1120	21 09
		29	0027	s.c.*	+41	+161	-23	29	3, 5	7	200	1680	920	30 13

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAPH

COMPONENT	PERIOD		CALIBRATION		
	FROM	TO	SCALE VALUE		BASELINE
D	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	1.0/mm	3.8x/mm	27° 46.4 E
H	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-9-77	7.8x/mm		12765x
	0000 U.T., 7-10-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	"		12773x
Z	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	7.7x/mm		55123x

STORM MAGNETOGRAPH

COMPONENT	PERIOD		CALIBRATION		
	FROM	TO	SCALE VALUE		BASELINE
D	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	7.9/mm	29.8x/mm	24° 20.6 E
H	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-9-77	44.1x/mm		11509x
	0000 U.T., 7-10-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	"		11522x
Z	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	48.9x/mm		53991x

RAPID RUN MAGNETOGRAPH

COMPONENT	PERIOD		CALIBRATION	
	FROM	TO	SCALE VALUE	
D	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	0.3/mm	1.0x/mm
H	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	1.0x/mm	
Z	0000 U.T., 7-1-77	2400 U.T., 7-31-77	2.4x/mm	

MONTHLY MEAN ABSOLUTE VALUES*

D	H	Z
28° 18.3 E	13053x	55363x

* COMPUTED FROM TEN QUIETEST DAYS DURING MONTH.

DAYS USED: JUL 2, 3, 4, 12, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28

[illegible]

100

FORMAT FOR NORMAL & STORM MAGNETOGRAMS (SAMPLE ONLY)

SEE PRELIMINARY CALIBRATION DATA FOR SCALE VALUES & BASELINE VALUES

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

100 mm
0

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

100 mG
0

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

100 mm
0

NORMAL MAGNETOGRAMS

STORM MAGNETOGRAMS

STORM MAGNETOGRAMS