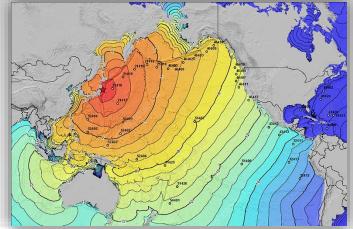


### National Tsunami Warning Center

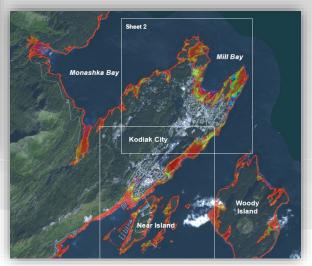


# Coastal Mapping Applications in Tsunami Operations and Mitigation

Dec. 9<sup>th</sup>, 2020 Alaska Coastal Mapping Summit



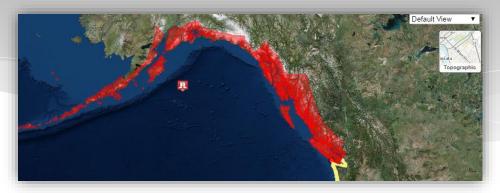
Kara Gately
NOAA / NWS / National Tsunami Warning Center
Palmer, AK



# **Tsunami Warnings**

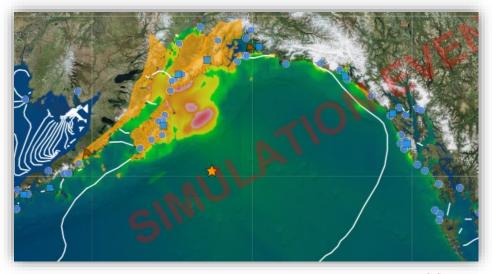


- Magnitude
- Location





- Tsunami observations
- Updated earthquake information
- Run tsunami models









### **Tsunami Travel Times**

Models were the earliest type used operationally

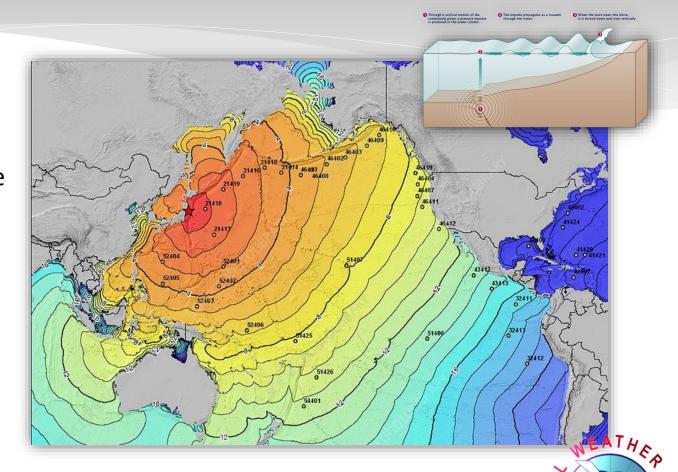
### Wave speed

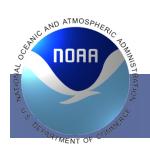
Dependent on depth (D) of the ocean

 30 arc sec to 4 min ocean wide grids

$$c = \sqrt{gD}$$

 $c \equiv wave \ speed$   $D \equiv depth$   $g \equiv gravity$ 





# **Tsunami Propagation**

Models first used operationally in 1997

### **Deep Ocean**

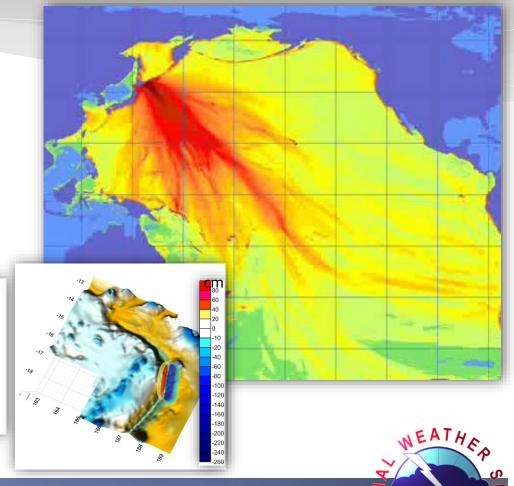
- Linear Physics
- 4 min to 30 arc sec

### **Bathymetry directly Impacts**

- Wave directionality
- Amplification
- Offshore safety depths

TABLE 1: Spec	cific regional guidance for minimum offshore safe depths for maritime vessel evacuation
prio	r to the arrival of tsunami.

State/Territory	Distant Source (ships in harbor)*	Local Source (ships at sea)*	Notes on this Update
California	30 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluated; evaluating potential safe areas within large bays and ports
Oregon	30 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluated; also evaluating Columbia River
Alaska ND ATMOSA	30 fathoms	100 fathoms	Evaluated; ships should be at least 1/2 mile from shore for all scenarios



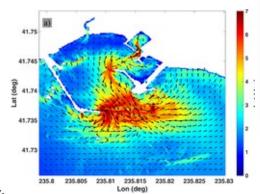
NOAA /

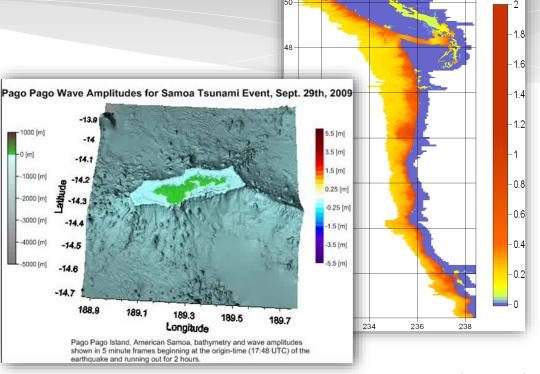
### **Tsunami Inundation and Currents**

Models first used operationally in 2013



- Complex Non-linear Physics
- 3 to 1/9 arc second
- Digital Elevation Models
  - Wave run-up
  - Coastal amplification
  - Inundation extent
  - Near-shore currents





Alaska Tsunami Forecast Model (ATFM)

MOST https://doi.org/10.1002/2016JC012435

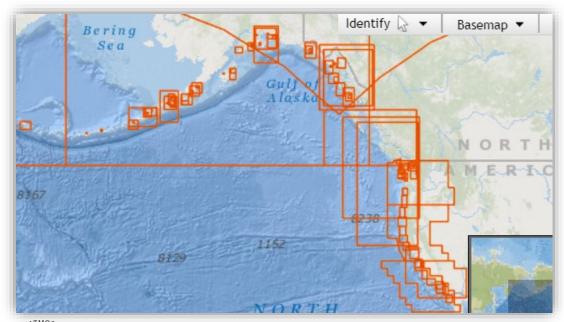




# **Tsunami Mitigation**

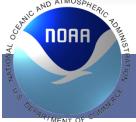
National Tsunami Hazard Mitigation Program (NTHMP)
NOAA's National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI)

### **Coastal Digital Elevation Models (DEMs)**



### **DEM Development**

- Began in 2006
- High-Resolution
  - Multibeam LIDAR
  - Hydrographic Surveys
  - 3 to 1/3 arc sec for Alaska
- Used for modeling tsunami
  - Run-up
  - Inundation
  - Currents



https://maps.ngdc.noaa.gov/viewers/bathymetry/



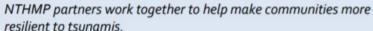
# **Tsunami Mitigation**

National Tsunami Hazard Mitigation Program (NTHMP) State of Alaska: DGGS, DHS&EM, and Alaska Earthquake Center

#### **NTHMP**

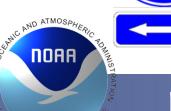
- Tsunami Mitigation
- Outreach
- Hazard Assessment
- Modeling & Mapping
- Warning Coordination
- Guidance
- Model Benchmarking











https://nws.weather.gov/nthmp/





NOAA

# **Tsunami Mitigation**

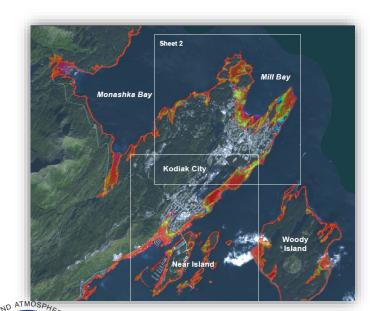


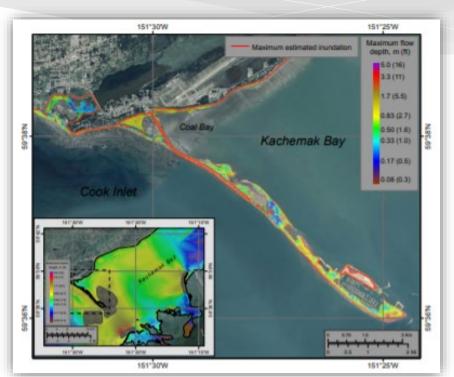




### **State Tsunami Mapping**

- Inundation Modeling
- Tsunami Evacuation Zones





https://dggs.alaska.gov/







### **Tsunami Mitigation**

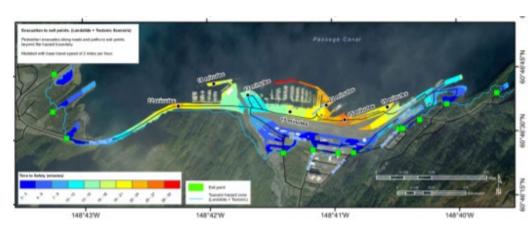




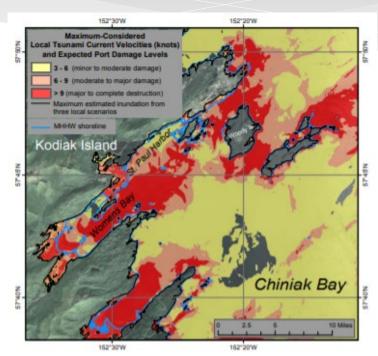


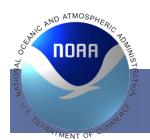
### **State Tsunami Mapping**

- Tsunami Currents / Maritime Guidance
- Pedestrian Evacuation Maps (PEM)



Seward, AK PEM





http://earthquake.alaska.edu/tsunamis



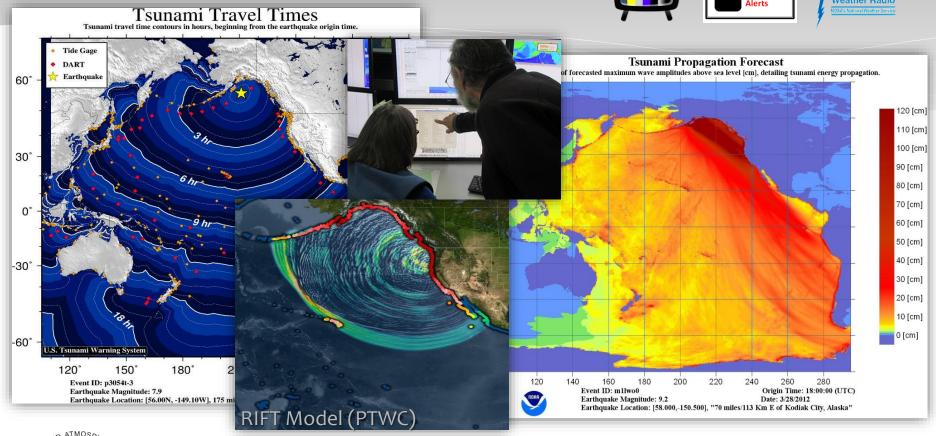


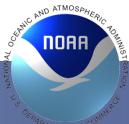
**Tsunami Warning Operations** 

Minutes Matter









https://tsunami.gov

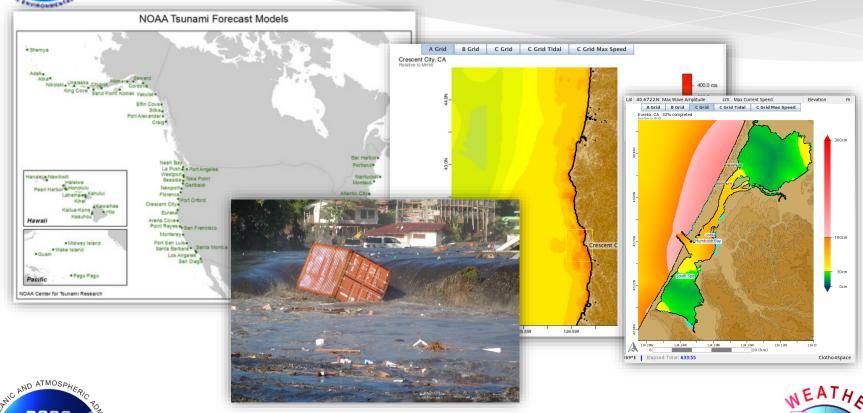


# **Tsunami Warning Operations**

PMEL

Short-term Inundation Forecasting for Tsunamis (SIFT)

Stand-by Inundation Models





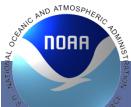
# **Tsunami Warning Operations**

Short-term Inundation Forecasting for Tsunamis (SIFT) **Tsunami Inundation** 





Bonin petrel rescued from being stuck in the sand http://www.fws.gov/midway/tsunami.html



SIFT model post-event run (yellow) and observed (red) flooding in Midway. Japan 2011.





## **Tsunami Operations**

Short-term Inundation Forecasting for Tsunamis (SIFT)

### **Tsunami Currents**

#### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TSUNAMI CURRENT

recent tsunami damage indicates a relationship between current speed and harbor damage. The Damage Index (from Lynett and others, 2013) to the right has been used to determine the following relationship (see color codes here for blue, yellow, and red areas and on current threshold maps):

#### CURRENTS = DAMAGE

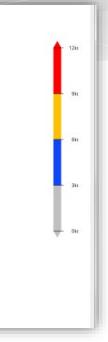
0-3 knots = No Damage

3-6 knots = Minor/Moderate Damage

6-9 knots = Moderate/Major Damage >9 knots = Major/Complete Damage

Damage Index:	Damage Type:
0	no damage
1	small buoys moved
2	1-2 docks/small boats damaged, large buoys moved
3	Moderate dock/boat damage, mid-sized vessels off moorings
4	Major dock/boat damage, large vessels off moorings
5	Complete destruction

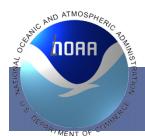




Damage from Tsunami Currents in Santa Cruz, CA. Japan 2011



SIFT Model (San Diego, CA)

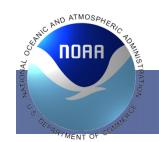




Thank you.

Without mapping we cannot assess tsunami impacts.
We really appreciate all the ongoing efforts mapping coastal Alaska!





Kara.Gately@noaa.gov

