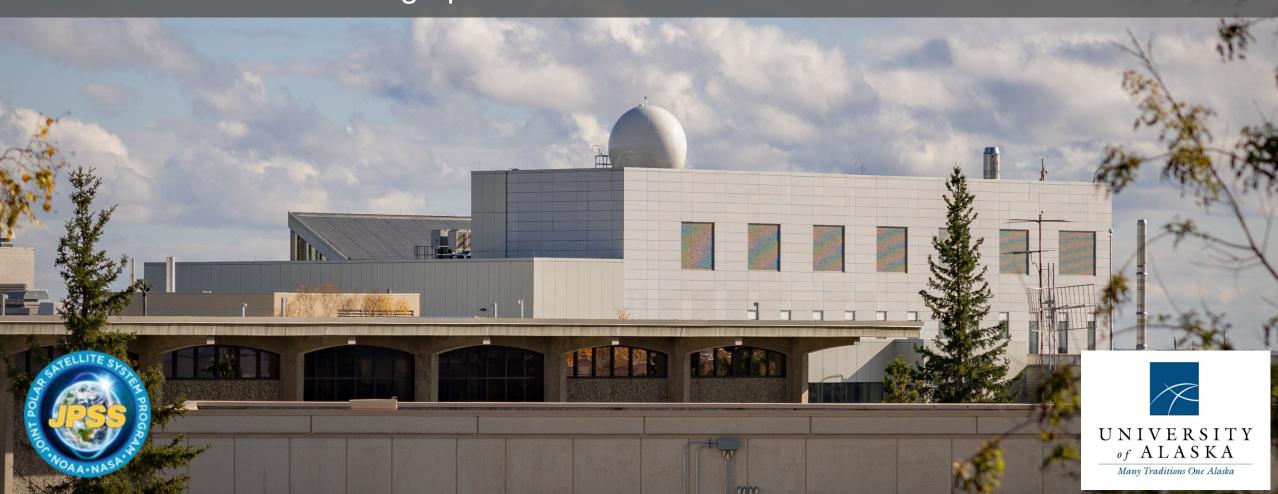
GINA: Serving Near-Real Time Satellite Imagery and Building Geospatial Collaboration

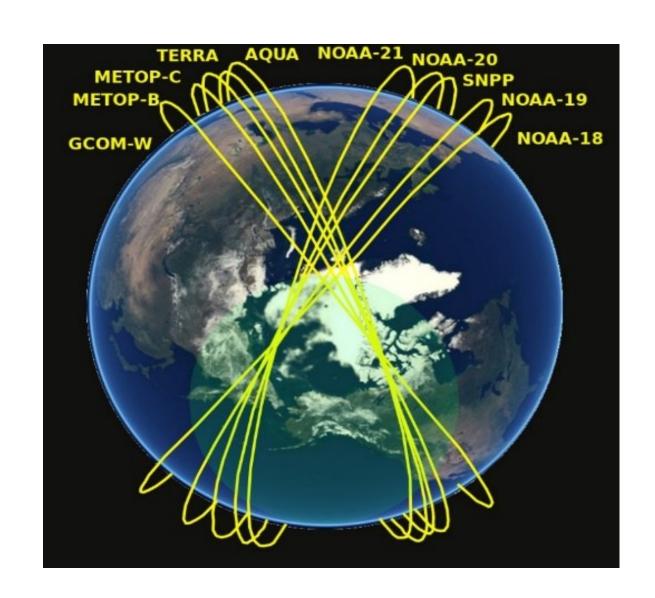
Owen Larson
Geographic Information Network of Alaska

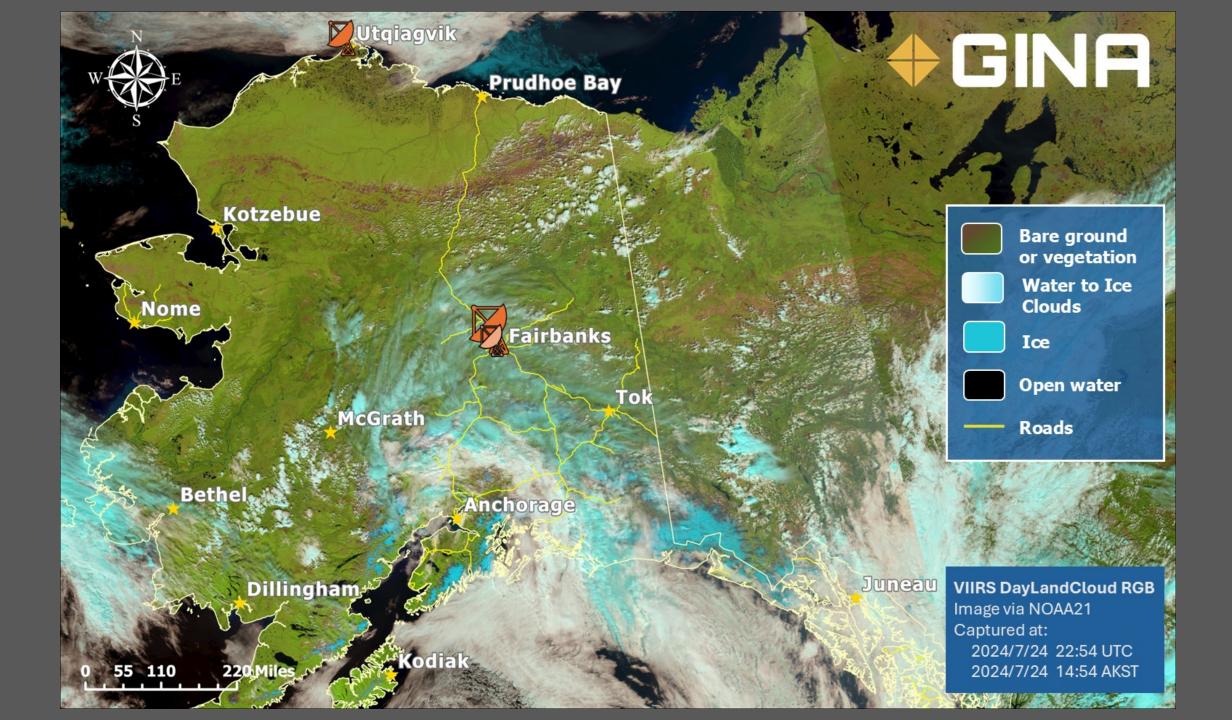


GINA Provides Near Real-Time Direct Broadcast products from Low Earth Orbiting (LEO) Satellites

Some of the many key sources:

- Visible Infrared Imaging Radiometer Suite (VIIRS), NOAA/NASA Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) satellites
- Microwave Integrated Retrieval System (MiRS), drawing from sensors on multiple satellites





Importance of Direct Broadcast in Alaska

- Immediate downlink of sensor data, fastest product delivery for short-fused hazards (~15 min)
- Delivery adapted to user needs
- Close relationship with local USE SPSS 2/3/4 RF Interfaces, as shown in Figure SC-GND-92,
 - a. Ground System to Spacecraft S-Band Uplink
 - b. Space Network to Spacecraft S-Band SAF
 - c. Spacecraft to Ground System S-Band Downlink
 - d. Spacecraft to Space Network S-Band SAR
 - e. Spacecraft to Ground System Ka-Band SMD Downlink
 - . Spacecraft to Space Network Ka-band S.
 - g. Spacecraft to DBS X-Band HRD Downlink

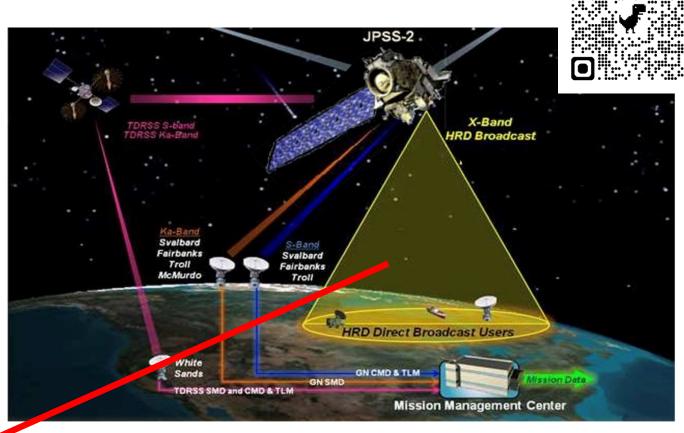


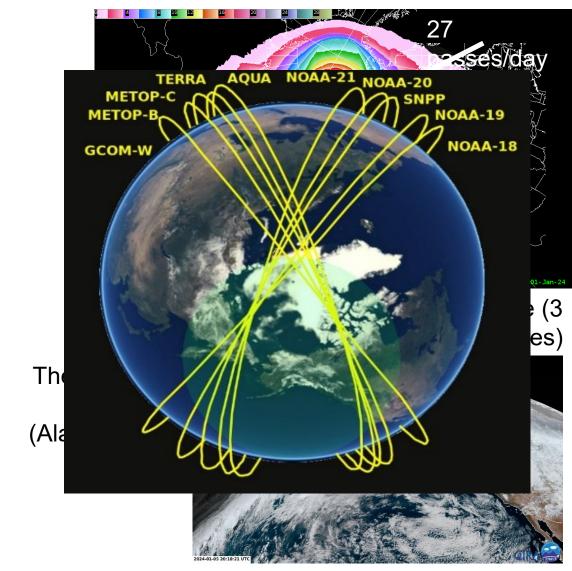
Figure SC-GND-92. SC to Ground System RF Links

Importance of LEO Satellites in Alaska

Polar orbit leads to many passes per day over Alaska.

Geostationary Satellites (i.e. GOES-18) have degraded resolution and parallax issues over Alaska.

Limited Radar, ground observation sites relative to Lower 48



Near Real-Time Processing at GINA

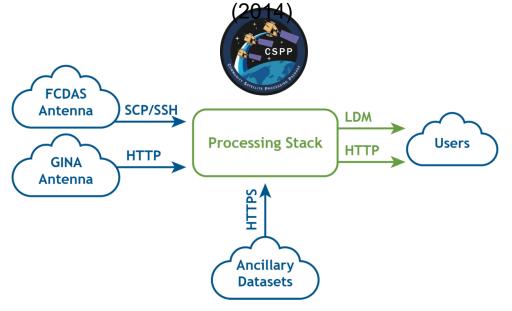
GINA operates 3 antennas and a local processing stack to deliver products within **5 – 25 minutes** of an overpass.

GINA works with local users and product developers to:

- Deliver products in useful formats
- Develop and share training materials
- Assess satellite products and provide feedback



GINA's 3 Antennas: UAF-5 (2024), Big Dog (2001), Sandy Dog



GINA processing stack utilizes the Community Satellite
Processing Package (CSPP) software developed by Cooperative
Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS)

Many, many organizations are involved in the production and use of GINA direct broadcast products.







































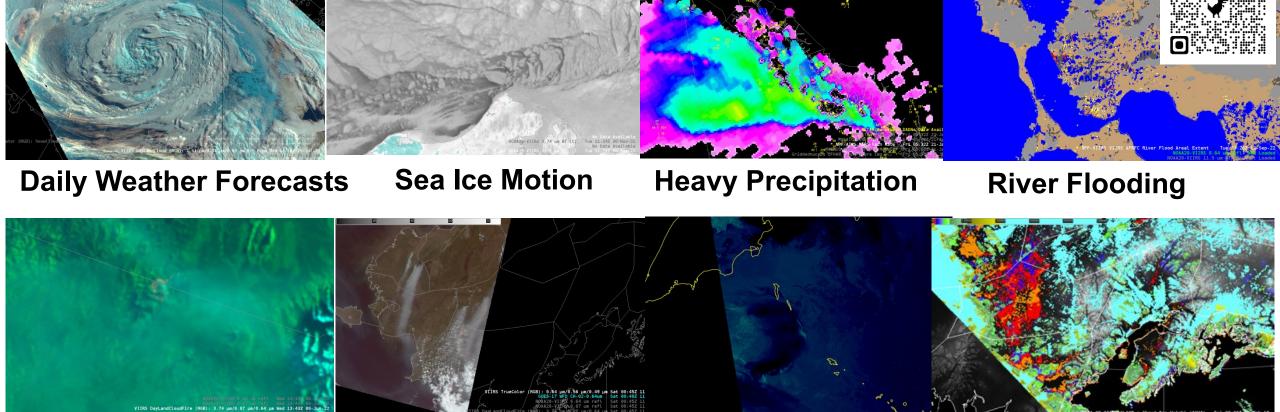








GINA Satellite Products are used for:



Smoke & Air Quality

Volcanic

Emissions

Aviation Advisories

(Clouds)

Wildland Fire

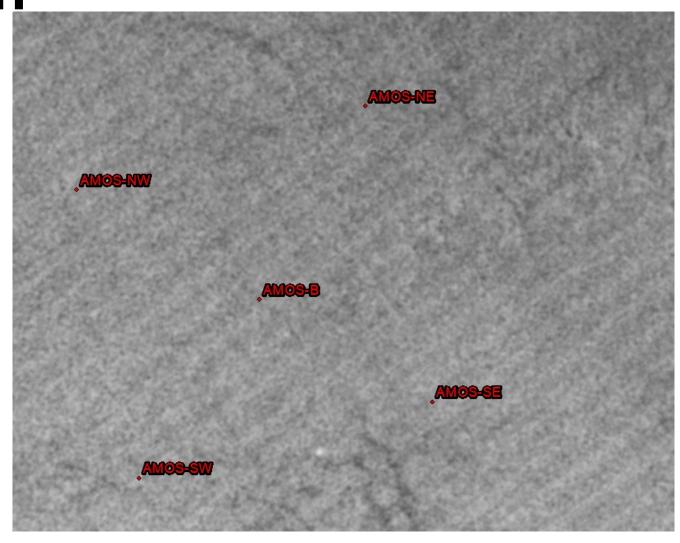
Detections &

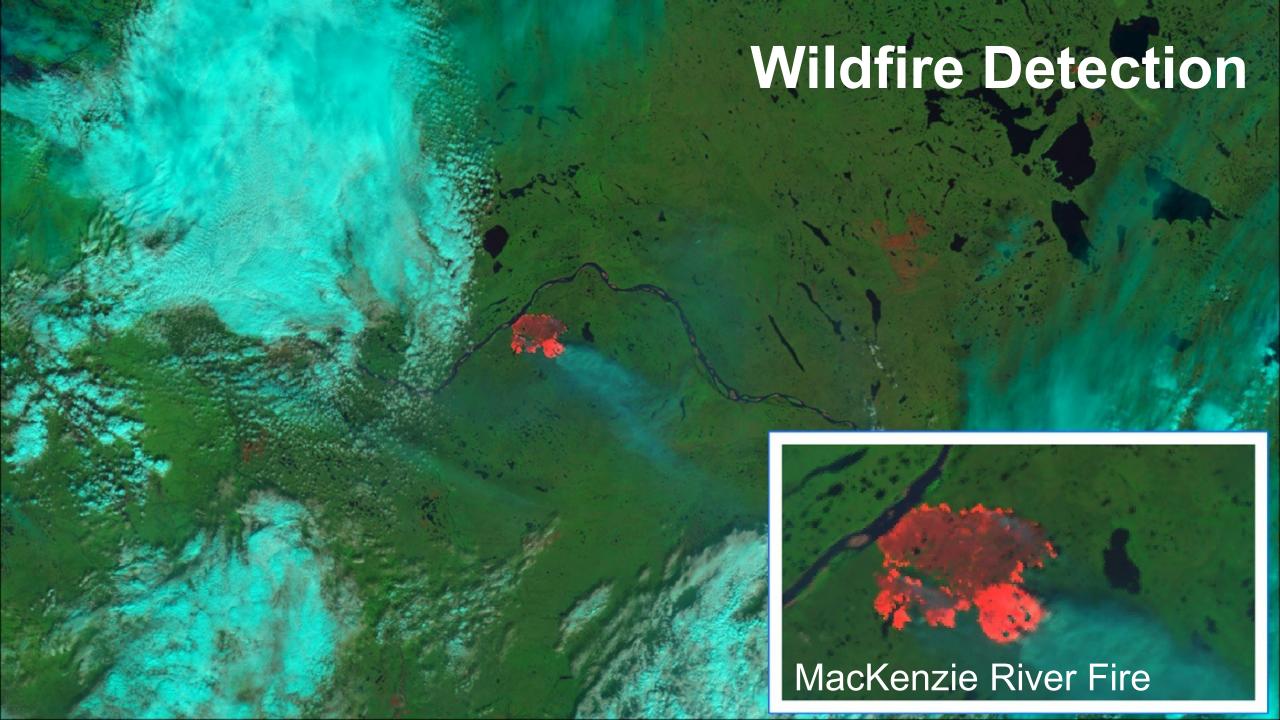
Extent

Sea Ice Navigation

Research Vessel R/V Sikuliaq

- 261-foot oceanographic research ship operated by UAF School of Fisheries and Ocean Sciences
- Onboard: Science Systems Engineer
 - Utilizes DB satellite data for weather briefing & ice navigation
 - Provides feedback on product effectiveness

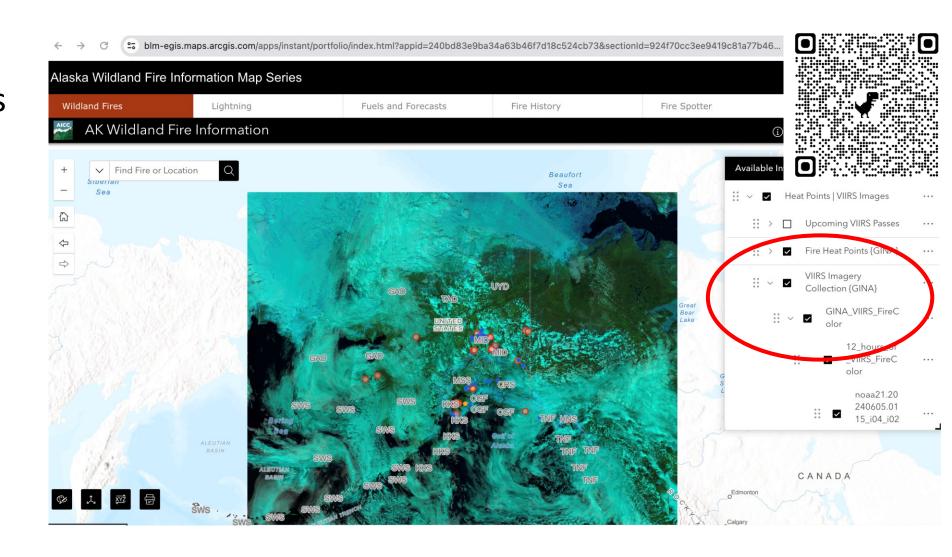


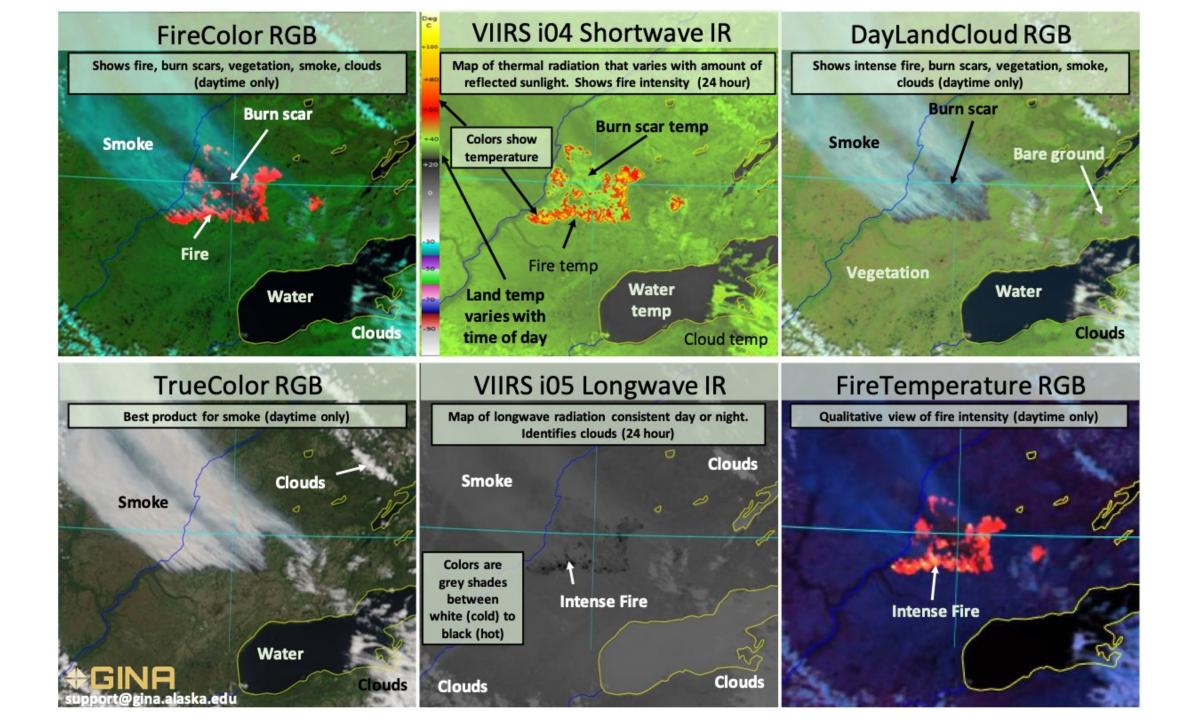


Wildfire Detection

GINA produces ArcGIS Rest Services for the Alaska Fire Service.

- VIIRS Active Fire Detections
- VIIRS Fire Imagery





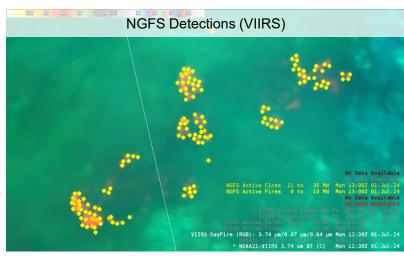
Wildfire Detection

Next Generation Fire System (NGFS)

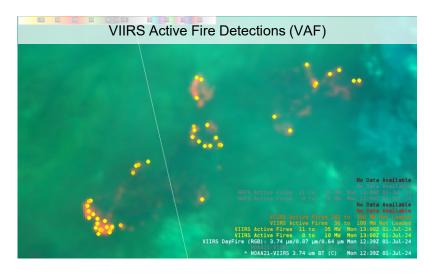
NGFS algorithm can detect thermal anomalies under clouds and smoke at a higher rate.

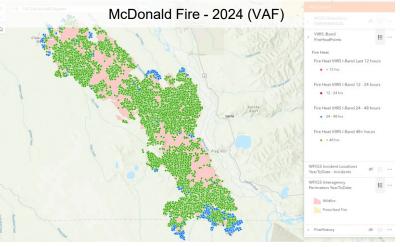
GINA is deploying prototype NGFS ArcGIS Rest Services in 2025.

NGFS Version 3.3.8 deployed at GINA for assessment in Alaska

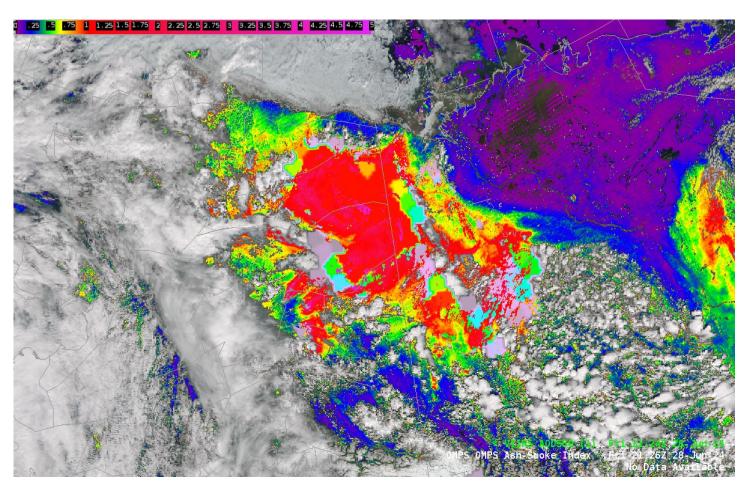








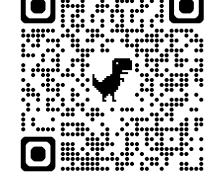
Air Quality



OMPS Aerosol Index

Air Quality

Dr. Jinqui Mao (UAF) leading development of 2.5 PM Analysis tool using blend of VIIRS/OMPS input and in situ observatio





pubs.acs.org/estair

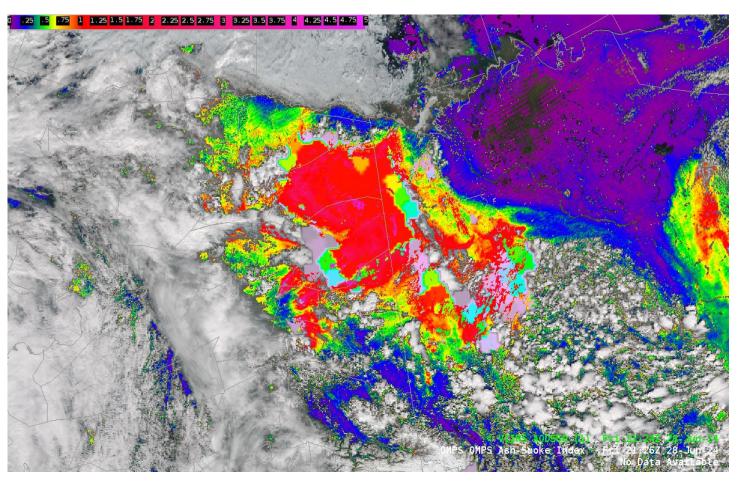
Observational Constraints on the Aerosol Optical Depth-Surface PM_{2.5} Relationship during Alaskan Wildfire Seasons

Published as part of ACS ES&T Air virtual special issue "Wildland Fires: Emissions, Chemistry, Contamination, Climate, and Human Health".

Tianlang Zhao,* Jingqiu Mao,* Pawan Gupta, Huanxin Zhang, and Jun Wang







OMPS Aerosol Index

Volcanic Emissions

VIIRS Ash Index

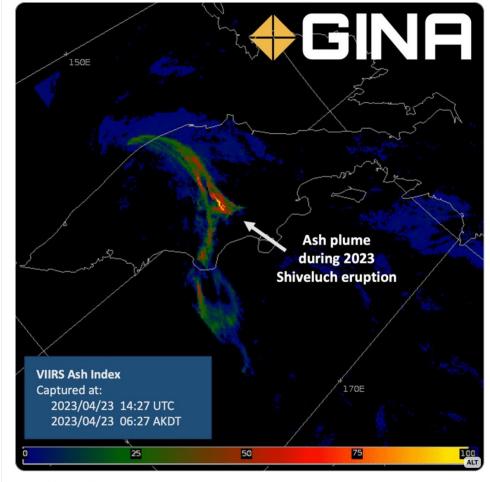
OMPS Ash-Smoke Index

VIIRS Ash RGB





With a potential eruption of Mount #Spurr, let's highlight the GINA products used to monitor volcanoes by detecting Ash and SO2. Ash is a big concern since it can cause aircraft engines to quit. To help forecasters find it, GINA has the VIIRS Ash Index, OMPS Ash-Smoke Index & VIIRS Ash RGB. #akwx

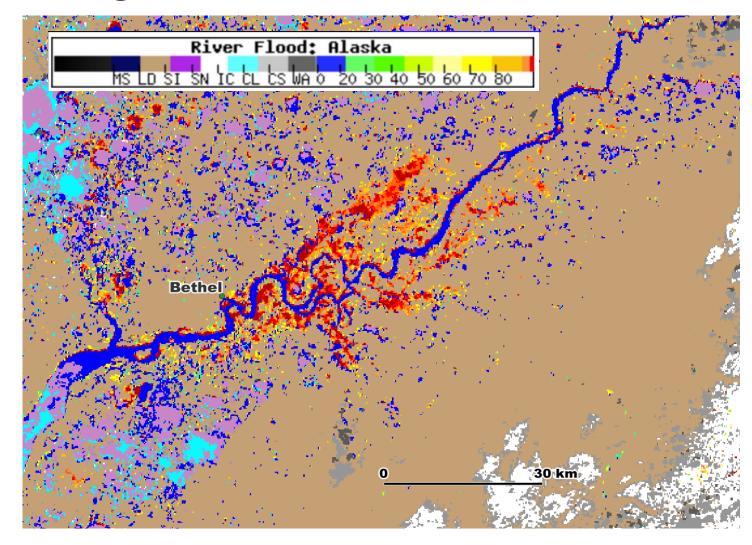


March 24, 2025 at 12:30 PM 😤 Everybody can reply

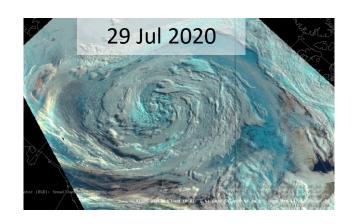
Riverflood Monitoring

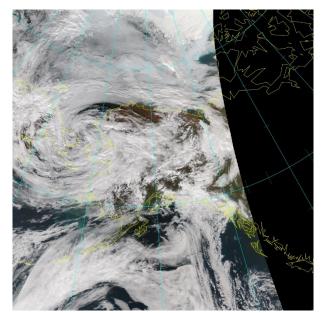
VIIRS Flood Detection Algorithm

Developed by Sanmei Li (George Mason University)

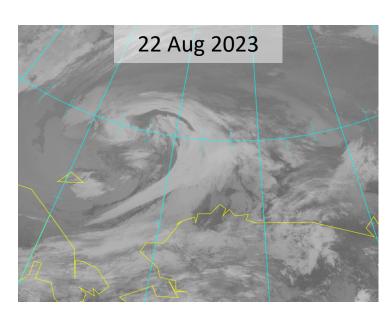


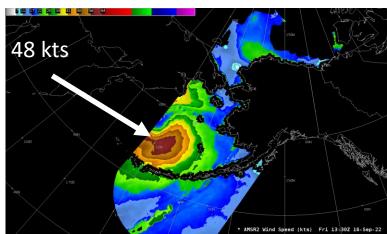
High Latitude Ocean Storms

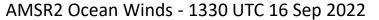














"The recent storm is not a rarity in Utqiagvik and the Arctic. The coast there has been rapidly eroding putting in danger houses, roads and cultural sites." Anchorage Daily News Aug 2023



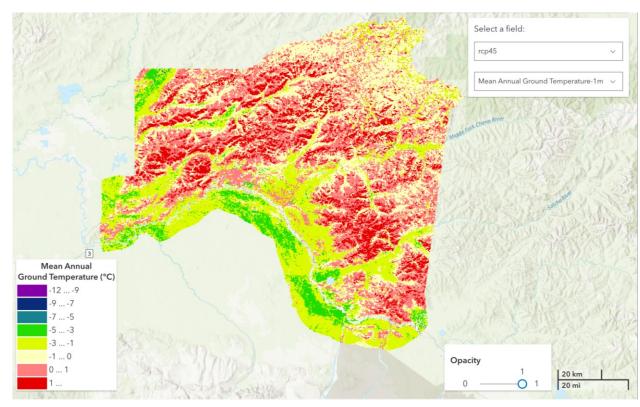
Building Collaboration across University of Alaska

GINA staff assist with:

- ArcGIS Server setup
- Mapping (PDFs, ArcGIS Online)
- Automated processing workflows
- Geospatial Analysis

UAF Geospatial Alliance

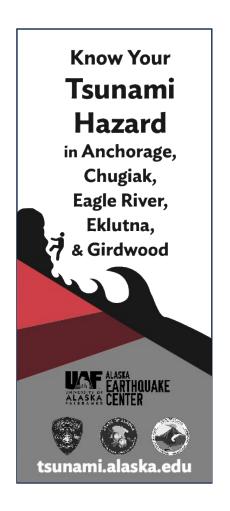
 Quarterly get togethers to learn about ongoing GIS work and network

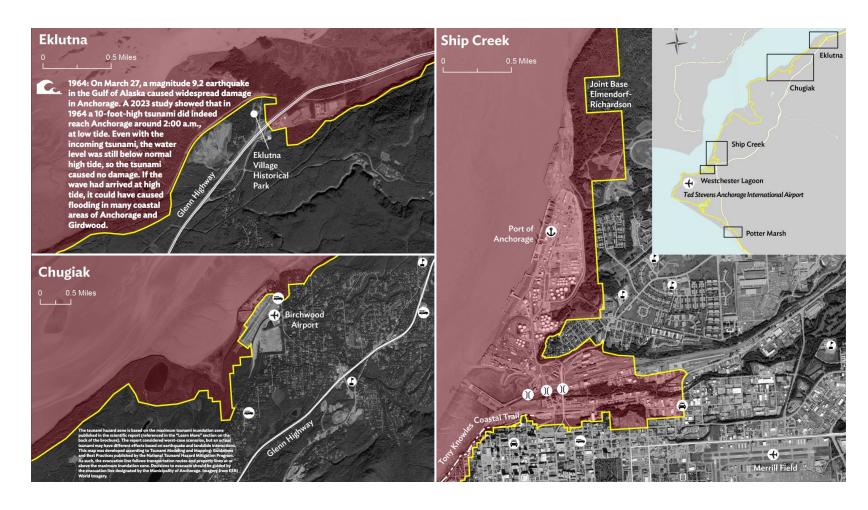


ArcGIS Image Service developed with Dr. Dmitry Nicolsky (UAF)

Tsunami Hazard Brochures







Collaboration beyond University of Alaska

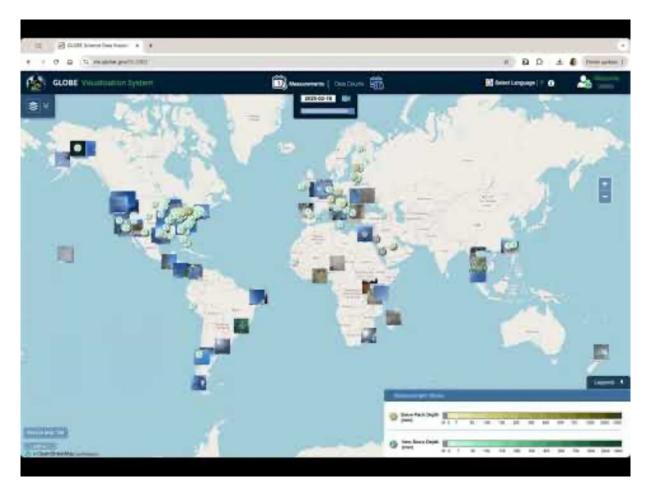
Global Learning and Observations work Progra to Benefit the **Environment**



NASA SnowEx







Global measurements from the Snow View Intensive Observing Period (IOP), 2025

Geographic Information Network of Alaska support@gina.alaska.edu

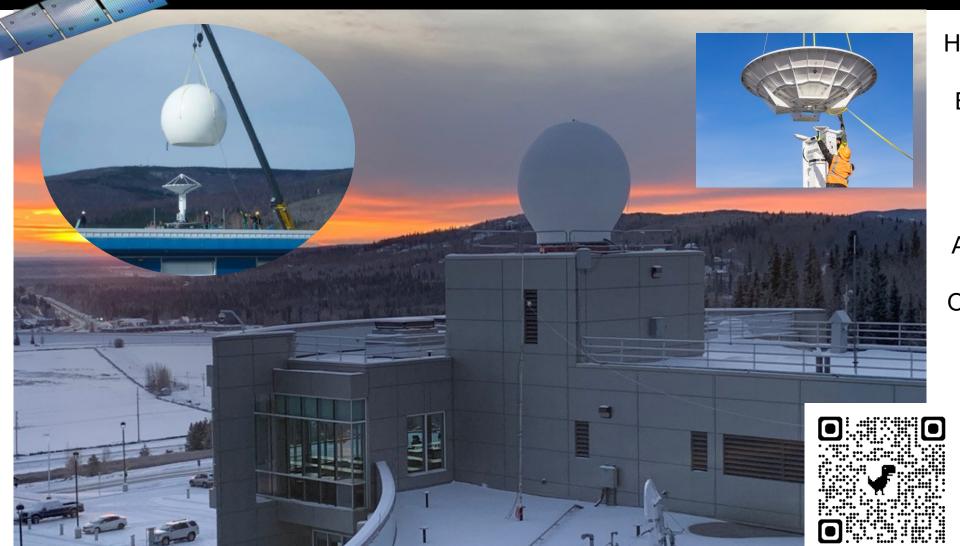
Jen Delamere

Christi Buffington

Jay Cable

Carl Dierking

Hannah Chapman-Dutton



Hunter Barndt

Ben Stream

Grace Veenstra

Abigail Hass

Owen Larson

Email ojlarson@ alaska.edu

GINA Website