



STATE OF ALASKA
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Alaska Geologic Materials Center *Data Report No. 377*



No. 377: 1980 U.S. Borax assay report for the Orange Hill Property,
Nabesna Quadrangle, Alaska: Technical Service Report No. TS 8009-
14



Received *March, 2010*

All data reports may be downloaded free of charge from the [DGGS website](#).

1977 DRILLING PROCEDURE

Contractor(s): A joint venture - Diamond Drill Contracting Company and Minerals Exploration Services of Spokane, Washington

Type of rig: Diamond Drill helicopter model mounted on a J.I. case rubber-tired logging skidder

Bit size: NQWL

Holes: US-1A, -90⁰, 35 feet
US-1B, -81⁰, S85E, 443 feet
US-2, -90⁰, 556 feet
US-3, -90⁰, 556 feet

Dates of drilling: June 19th to August 6th

Names of drillers: Larry Johnson (driller)
Rob McWilliams (helper)

U.S. Borax supervision: Thomas A. Henricksen
Michael B. Schaub

Overburden: US-1A - 20'
US-1B - 10'
US-2 - 43'
US-3 - 60'

Additives and mud: Soluble oil and mud (Quick Gel) rarely used

Recovery: Generally greater than 95%

Technical Service Report No.

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TS 8009-14

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COPPER, MOLYBDENUM, LEAD, ZINC, GOLD,
SILVER AND TUNGSTEN IN 1980 ORANGE HILL
CORE AND ROCK SAMPLES

December 8, 1981

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and should not be disclosed to or discussed with persons
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Corporation.

Technical Service

Requested by:

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Kenneth K. Kendall, Jr.

COPPER, MOLYBDENUM, LEAD, ZINC, GOLD, SILVER AND TUNGSTEN
IN 1980 ORANGE HILL CORE AND ROCK SAMPLES

I. SUMMARY

In support of the ongoing examination of the Orange Hill, Alaska, locale by the Exploration Department, 30 core and 13 rock samples were analyzed for seven geochemical elements, including gold and tungsten. Results of these determinations are presented in Tables I and II.

II. INTRODUCTION

During the 1980 field season, the Exploration Department submitted to Anaheim over 40 rock and core samples from Orange Hill, Alaska. The determination of copper, molybdenum, lead, zinc, silver, gold and tungsten was requested.

III. DISCUSSION

The results of the determinations made were transmitted to the Exploration Department upon completion and are presented here in Tables I and II.

The geochemical determinations were made by the usual method of acid digestion with aqua-regia of the ground samples, followed by atomic absorption analysis of the resulting solutions.

Gold was determined by fire assay and tungsten colorimetrically using dithiol reagent, after fusion of the sample with bisulfate and digestion of the fused material in HCl.

Appendix D of Report No. TS 8001-7 contains a description of grinding and sample preparation procedures. Examples of records kept pertaining to the logging-in and analysis of samples are given in Appendices C and E of the same report.

IV. EXPERIMENTAL

A complete description of the geochemical procedure is presented in Appendix A of Report No. TS 8005-15. The fire assay and tungsten procedures are described in Appendices C and D of the same report.

FILE

USBR Geochemical Analysis --- ORCG8001 --- 02-SEP-80

Field Number	Cu PPM	Mo PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	Au PPM	W PPM
OH80/1-5-10-C	4090.	166.	18.	156.	2.0	0.088	2.
OH80/1-10-15-C	3550.	114.	9.	114.	1.7	0.055	2.
OH80/1-15-20-C	1923.	119.	9.	197.	1.0	0.022	0.
OH80/1-20-25-C	411.	40.	12.	126.	0.6	0.022	0.
OH80/1-25-30-C	49.	5.	21.	65.	0.7	< 0.005	0.
OH80/1-30-35-C	41.	5.	23.	58.	0.6	0.044	0.
OH80/1-35-40-C	3420.	193.	10.	130.	2.3	< 0.005	10.
OH80/1-40-45-C	3550.	333.	13.	67.	2.2	< 0.005	5.
OH80/1-45-50-C	4260.	337.	113.	140.	3.2	0.044	7.
OH80/1-50-55-C	3720.	285.	15.	170.	2.8	0.011	12.
OH80/1-55-60-C	4100.	181.	32.	114.	3.2	< 0.005	12.
OH80/1-60-65-C	4500.	148.	18.	54.	3.0	0.066	7.
OH80/1-65-70-C	3140.	149.	10.	84.	2.1	0.044	2.
OH80/1-70-75-C	2700.	186.	11.	93.	2.1	0.077	2.
OH80/1-75-80-C	4130.	260.	12.	87.	2.4	< 0.005	7.
OH80/1-80-85-C	3720.	454.	24.	84.	2.0	0.066	7.
OH80/1-85-90-C	3560.	404.	12.	99.	2.1	< 0.005	7.
OH80/1-90-95-C	2557.	169.	12.	163.	1.8	0.011	2.
OH80/1-95-100-	58100.	309.	11.	86.	2.9	0.088	7.
OH80/1-100-105	3430.	129.	14.	67.	2.4	0.110	2.
OH80/1-105-110	3570.	307.	10.	92.	1.9	0.055	7.
OH80/1-110-115	360.	122.	33.	112.	2.7	0.022	5.
OH80/1-115-120	3590.	362.	11.	85.	2.1	0.154	10.
OH80/2-20-33-C	1075.	60.	12.	72.	1.3	0.022	0.
OH80/2-33-40-C	1616.	92.	10.	72.	1.4	0.022	0.
OH80/2-40-45-C	1121.	66.	10.	60.	1.1	0.143	0.
OH80/2-45-50-C	2082.	93.	10.	74.	1.5	0.077	0.
OH80/2-50-55-C	1892.	106.	11.	69.	1.2	0.088	0.
OH80/2-55-60-C	1629.	85.	11.	68.	1.3	0.066	0.
OH80/2-60-67-C	1817.	106.	11.	63.	1.3	0.055	2.

TABLE I

USERC Geochemical Analysis --- ORXG8001 --- 26-AUG-80

Field Number	Cu PPM	Mo PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	Au PPM	W PPM
A/80/DRH-1-R	1730.	77.	783.	1520.	6.7	0.286	7.
A/80/DRH-2-R	857.	56.	7.	110.	1.3	0.099	2.
A/80/DRH-3-R	1170.	7.	12.	211.	2.1	0.099	0.
A/80/DRH-4-R	31.	< 5.	12.	14.	0.5	0.110	0.
A/80/DRH-5-R	41.	< 5.	7.	16.	0.6	< 0.005	0.
A/80/DRH-6-R	488.	< 5.	11.	10.	1.4	2.970	0.
A/80/DRH-7-R	267.	2350.	31.	100.	2.8	0.187	50.
A/80/DRH-8-R	1534.	524.	17.	148.	3.7	0.066	43.
A/80/DRH-9-R	4330.	156.	24.	1360.	7.3	0.308	24.
A/80/DRH-10-R	3840.	435.	27.	1530.	10.8	0.154	29.
A/80/DRH-11-R	414.	< 5.	12.	< 5.	2.4	2.420	72.
A/80/DRH-12-R	71.	7.	16.	28.	0.9	0.055	0.
A/80/DRH-13-R	118.	< 5.	< 5.	< 5.	0.3	< 0.005	0.

TABLE II

USBR Geochemical Analysis --- ORC68001 --- 02-SEP-80

Field Number	Cu PPM	Mo PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	Au PPM	W PPM
OH80/1-5-10-C	4090.	166.	18.	156.	2.0	0.088	2.
OH80/1-10-15-C	3550.	114.	9.	114.	1.7	0.055	2.
OH80/1-15-20-C	1923.	119.	9.	197.	1.0	0.022	0.
OH80/1-20-25-C	411.	40.	12.	126.	0.6	0.022	0.
OH80/1-25-30-C	49.	5.	21.	65.	0.7	< 0.005	0.
OH80/1-30-35-C	41.	5.	23.	58.	0.6	0.044	0.
OH80/1-35-40-C	3420.	193.	10.	130.	2.3	< 0.005	10.
OH80/1-40-45-C	3550.	333.	13.	67.	2.2	< 0.005	5.
OH80/1-45-50-C	4260.	337.	113.	140.	3.2	0.044	7.
OH80/1-50-55-C	3720.	285.	15.	170.	2.8	0.011	12.
OH80/1-55-60-C	4100.	181.	32.	114.	3.2	< 0.005	12.
OH80/1-60-65-C	4500.	148.	18.	54.	3.0	0.066	7.
OH80/1-65-70-C	3140.	149.	10.	84.	2.1	0.044	2.
OH80/1-70-75-C	2700.	186.	11.	93.	2.1	0.077	2.
OH80/1-75-80-C	4130.	260.	12.	87.	2.4	< 0.005	7.
OH80/1-80-85-C	3720.	454.	24.	84.	2.0	0.066	7.
OH80/1-85-90-C	3560.	404.	12.	99.	2.1	< 0.005	7.
OH80/1-90-95-C	2557.	169.	12.	163.	1.8	0.011	2.
OH80/1-95-100-	58100.	309.	11.	86.	2.9	0.088	7.
OH80/1-100-105	3430.	129.	14.	67.	2.4	0.110	2.
OH80/1-105-110	3570.	307.	10.	92.	1.9	0.055	7.
OH80/1-110-115	360.	122.	33.	112.	2.7	0.022	5.
OH80/1-115-120	3590.	362.	11.	85.	2.1	0.154	10.
OH80/2-20-33-C	1075.	60.	12.	72.	1.3	0.022	0.
OH80/2-33-40-C	1616.	92.	10.	72.	1.4	0.022	0.
OH80/2-40-45-C	1121.	66.	10.	60.	1.1	0.143	0.
OH80/2-45-50-C	2082.	93.	10.	74.	1.5	0.077	0.
OH80/2-50-55-C	1892.	106.	11.	69.	1.2	0.088	0.
OH80/2-55-60-C	1629.	85.	11.	68.	1.3	0.066	0.
OH80/2-60-67-C	1817.	106.	11.	63.	1.3	0.055	2.

FILE

USBRC Geochemical Analysis --- ORXG8001 --- 26-AUG-80

Field Number	Cu PPM	Mo PPM	Pb PPM	Zn PPM	As PPM	Au PPM	W PPM
A/80/ORH-1-R	1730.	77.	783.	1520.	6.7	0.286	7.
A/80/ORH-2-R	857.	56.	7.	110.	1.3	0.099	2.
A/80/ORH-3-R	1170.	7.	12.	211.	2.1	0.099	0.
A/80/ORH-4-R	31.	< 5.	12.	14.	0.5	0.110	0.
A/80/ORH-5-R	41.	< 5.	7.	16.	0.6	< 0.005	0.
A/80/ORH-6-R	488.	< 5.	11.	10.	1.4	2.970	0.
A/80/ORH-7-R	267.	2350.	31.	100.	2.8	0.187	50.
A/80/ORH-8-R	1534.	524.	17.	148.	3.7	0.066	43.
A/80/ORH-9-R	4330.	156.	24.	1360.	7.3	0.308	24.
A/80/ORH-10-R	3840.	435.	27.	1530.	10.8	0.154	29.
A/80/ORH-11-R	414.	< 5.	12.	< 5.	2.4	2.420	72.
A/80/ORH-12-R	71.	7.	16.	28.	0.9	0.055	0.
A/80/ORH-13-R	118.	< 5.	< 5.	< 5.	0.3	< 0.005	0.

HOLE SUMMARIES

<u>DEPTH</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>ASSAYS</u>
<u>US-1A</u>		
0-20'	overburden	-
20-35'	hornfelsed (biotitized) f.g. metasediments	ave. 0.1 Cu less than 0.017 MoS ₂
<u>US-1B</u>		
0-280'	mixture of dark-green metavolc. and metased.; minor diorite and porphyritic trondhjemite dikes; py:cpy is 5-10:1, total sulfide ave. less than 5%	ave. 0.13 Cu, less than 0.017 MoS ₂
280-443' EQH	mostly f.g. diorite; xenoliths of metavolc. and metased.; py:cpy is 5-10:1; total sulfide ave. 2%	ave. 0.19 Cu, less than 0.017 MoS ₂
<u>US-2</u>		
0-43'	overburden	-
0-220'	mostly diorite "sill"; py:cpy is 2-3:1; total sulfides ave. 1%	ave. 0.109 Cu, less than 0.017 MoS ₂
220-550' EQH	mostly f.g. metavolc.; several post-mineral andesite dikes; py:cpy is 2-3:1; total sulfide ave. less than 1%; slight increase at bottom of hole of sulfides and Cu content	ave. 0.177 Cu, less than 0.017 MoS ₂
<u>US-3</u>		
0-51.9'	overburden	-
51.9-130'	predominantly hornfelsed (biotitized) f.g. metavolcanics; numerous diorite dikes; ave. py:cpy is 4:1; 1% total sulfides	ave. 0.25 Cu, 0.036 MoS ₂
130-550'	predominantly biotitized qtz. diorite with numerous pendants of dark hornfelsed f.g. metavolcanics and metasediments; locally abundant barren qtz. vn. stockwork; ave. py:cpy is 1:1; total sulfides 1%; last 60 feet of hole average 0.41 Cu, but less than 0.017 MoS ₂ ; local intense (10%) magnetite in veins and replacements	ave. 0.215 Cu, less than 0.025 MoS ₂

CORE LOG

US-R1

0 - 245', overburden, coarse gravel and sand with scattered boulders.

245' - 255', (chips) porphyritic dacite. A fine grained light gray rock characterized by 10-15% opaque white subhedral to more commonly euhedral plagioclase phenocrysts set in a very fine grained quartzo-feldspathic matrix. The phenocrysts appear weakly altered, possibly to a clay or sericite. The groundmass feldspar appears relatively fresh. An elongate grass green mineral is present in the groundmass which appears to be secondary chlorite, probably replacing hornblende or a pyroxene. An extremely fine opaque dust (magnetite?) is associated with chlorite. Trace to minor euhedral magnetite and pyrite is scattered throughout the rock. The magnetite/pyrite ratio is approximately 10:1. Minor epidote-quartz chips are present between 245'-255' and apparently represent secondary veinlets. The rock appears very similiar in composition and texture to the Tertiary dacite-andesite sills exposed on the Orange Hill property.

US-R2

0 - 180', overburden, coarse gravel and sand with abundant boulders.

180' - 195', (core) quartz diorite with propylitic alteration developed between 180'-185' and adjacent to thin quartz-pyrite veinlets which cut the rock between 185'-195'. The rock appears hypidiomorphic-granular, coarse grained and exhibits a "salt and pepper" texture. 180'-185' has experienced hydrothermal propylitic alteration which is distinctive with its mottled pink to greenish-gray color. Fresh rock is composed of 10-15% anhedral quartz, 35-40% euhedral plagioclase with subhedral biotite, hornblende and minor chlorite and pyrite. Chlorite partially replaces hornblende. Biotite books exhibit a deep reddish brown color and appear to be unaltered. Pyrite occurs as thin discontinuous stringers, often with quartz and as discrete grains. Very fine pyrite grains are occasionally observed aligned on feldspar twins. Propylitic alteration is indicated by the complete replacement of biotite and hornblende by chlorite accompanied with secondary epidote and pyrite. Plagioclase is altered to either a clay or sericite and displays a salmon pink color. 185'-187' is gradational between fresh and altered rock. The plagioclase is weakly altered and chlorite replaces hornblende and biotite, minor epidote is present. The fresh rock is cut by thin discontinuous quartz-pyrite veinlets with variable propylitic alteration halos. The degree of alteration appears related to vein size. Trace amounts of chalcopyrite occur with secondary chlorite which replaces hornblende.

US-R3

0 - 150', overburden, coarse gravel and sand with abundant boulders

150' - 155', (chips) quartz diorite. The rock is hypidiomorphic-granular, medium grained and exhibits a light gray-green color. It is composed predominantly of plagioclase-quartz-biotite-hornblende with secondary chlorite which replaces both mafic minerals. Minor pyrite is present as descreet euhedral grains, small grain clusters, and as thin discontinous stringers. Trace to minor chalcopryite is present as very fine stringers associated with chlorite that has replaced hornblende. Plagioclase appears relatively fresh except for a few grains which exhibit a slight pinkish color. Occassional chips contain abundant epidote with associated chlorite and pyrite. The rock appears similiar in texture and mineralogy to the quartz diorite identified in US-R2 and appears to have suffered similiar but somewhat more weakly developed propylitic alteration.

155' - 160' (chips) poor chip recovery, highly contaminated with sand, chips also quite small due to worn bit.

GEOLOGIC SUMMARY

The drill hole data suggests the area tested west of Orange Hill is underlain by quartz diorite with weak to well developed propylitic alteration. The alteration appears fracture

controlled and is recognized by; 1) complete replacement of hornblende and biotite by chlorite, 2) secondary epidote and possibly minor carbonate, 3) increased pyrite content, 4) partial alteration of plagioclase to sericite or a clay mineral. Tertiary dikes or sills similar to those exposed on Orange Hill cut the quartz diorite.

The rock type and alteration appear to indicate the area west of Orange Hill and beneath the Nabesna River channel represents the deeply eroded outer edge of the porphyry system. The available data indicates the area hosts little potential for either hypogene or supergene copper porphyry mineralization. The data is insufficient to evaluate the area southwest of Orange Hill.

The drill hole locations are plotted on; Geologic Map of Orange Hill and Vicinity, 1977, by T. A. Hendrickson and M. P. Schaub and is on file at U.S. Borax's Spokane, Washington exploration office.

PROJECT

DEPTH				% CORE RECOV.	ASSAY				ORE				MINERALS				GANG		
from	to	int'l			% Cu	ppm Mo	ppm W		% White	% Chalcopyrite	% Pyrite	% Sphalerite					EP. INT.	CHALCITE	SPHALITE
0	5	5	0																
5	10	5	10		.4090	166	2		0.5	0.25	—	—					Tr.	?	?
10	15	5	60		.3550	114	2		0.1	0.3		Tr. + Arsenic					Tr.	?	100
15	20	5	80		.1920	119	0		tr.	tr.							tr.		
20	25	5	80		.0411	40	0		tr.								Tr.		
25	30	5	80		.0049	5	0												
30	35	5	80		.0041	5	0												
35	40	5	95		.3420	193	10		0.25	0.25	tr.							✓	✓
40	45		95		.3550	333	5		0.5	2.25	tr.							✓	✓
45	50		90		.4260	337	7		0.5	1.0	0.1							✓	✓
50	55		100		.3720	295	12		1.2	0.25	0.1								✓
55	60		100		.4120	181	12		0.5	0.2	0.1							✓	
60	65		<5		.4560	184	7		5%		1.2								
65	70		85		.3140	149	2		1.2	0.1	tr.							✓	
70	75		90-95		.2700	186	2		.25-0.5	0.1-0.5	.05							✓	
75	80		>95		.4130	260	7		0.5-1	.25-0.5								✓	✓
80	85		77		.3720	454	7		0.5-1	1-1.5	<.05							✓	✓
85	90		2.75		.3560	404	7		1-2	1.2	tr.							✓	✓
90	95		77		.2557	169	2		1-2	1.2	tr.							Tr.	✓
95	100		90-95		5.81	309	7		1-1.5	1.2	tr.							Tr.	✓
100	105		79		.3430	127	2		1-2	1-1.5	Tr.							Tr.	✓
105	110		77		.3570	307	7		1-1.5	1	Tr.								✓
110	115		95-100		.0360	122	5		0.5-1	1	tr.							Tr.	✓
115	120		80		.3590	362	10		0.5-2	1	tr.							✓	✓

GEOLOGIC LOG

RANGE Hill

PROJECT CRAGG

Collar elev

Coord

Inclination

Logged by

Date start

MINERALS

K.F. #	Sph. Qtz	Calcite	Gypsum	Magnetite	STRUCTURE			ROCK TYPE	REMARKS
					Strike	Dip	Mineralized Veins		
									OVERLAP
			✓	✓			10°-cpx	+++++	From 0.5 ft. to 1.0 ft. 50% quartz or tourmaline
			✓	✓			10°-cpx	+++++	
			✓				25° 45°	+++++	2.5 ft. 40% quartz, 60% tourmaline. Med. grey to 1
			✓				25° 45°	+++++	From 0.5 ft. to 1.0 ft. (10% to 20% quartz) 20% tourmaline, 20% calcite, 20% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
							10, 15°	+++++	2.5 ft. 40% tourmaline (10% to 15% quartz) 10% calcite.
			✓				25° 45°	+++++	Altered tourmaline. 20% quartz, 20% calcite, 20% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
							30°	+++++	
							60°	+++++	
							15°-40°	+++++	Shallowly placed. From 55' to 56', 100%
							40°-50°	+++++	Altered tourmaline w/ calcite. 10% quartz, 10% calcite, 10% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
							50°	+++++	
							30°-40°	+++++	Like stage. 60% quartz, 40% tourmaline. 10% quartz, 10% calcite, 10% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
✓	✓	✓					20°-40°	+++++	Tourmaline w/ numerous quartz veins. 10% quartz, 10% calcite, 10% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
✓	✓	✓					40°	+++++	10% quartz, 10% calcite, 10% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
✓	✓	✓					25°	+++++	Pure epidote. 10% quartz, 10% calcite, 10% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
✓	✓	✓					0°	+++++	50% quartz, 50% clayey gouge. 10% quartz, 10% calcite, 10% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
✓	✓	✓					20°	+++++	
✓	✓	✓					30°	+++++	2/3" wide Gyp + calcite vein @ 102'
✓	✓	✓					30° 60°	+++++	
✓	✓	✓					20° 60°	+++++	Shale. 10% quartz, 10% calcite, 10% altered to chlorite. 10% calcite, 10% tourmaline.
✓	✓	✓					160°	+++++	

PROJECT ORANGE HILL, ALASKA

HOLE NO. DDH 80-1

Collar elev. _____

Final depth 120 ft.

Coord N. 1224

Coord E _____

Inclination VERTICAL

Page 1 of 1

Logged by M. Lechner

Date start July 17, 1980

Date finish _____

[illegible]

PROJECT

[illegible]

PROJECT ORANGE HILL, ALASKA

HOLE NO. 8012

Collar elev. _____

Final depth 67 feet

Coord N. _____

Coord E. _____

Inclination VERTICAL

Page 1 of 1

Logged by M. LECHNER

Date start _____

Date finish _____

STRUCTURE		ROCK TYPE	REMARKS
MINERALIZED VEINS	5		
		0000	OVERLIEDEN
		0000	
		+++++	Poor recovery, broken fragments of tonalite w/ minor microcline splashes
		+++++	
11'-2"	imp	+++++	TONALITE, due to 2-4% microcline & alkali feldspar, rest is plagioclase feldspar. Numerous stz veins and 3-4% veins of + white to pinkish gypsum along fractures and as veinlet + stz.
11'-12"		+++++	is abundant of green and w/ stz veins. A few biotite grains are altered to chlorite
11'-20"		+++++	Minor microcline. L. top of vein is 3-4% stz vein + 3-4% stz. (1)
11'-40"		+++++	3-4% microcline of B + the thin 2-4% stz. of Hyd. Biotite. @ 44.5' 1/2" wide
20°		+++++	stz vein w/ No. 2 chlorite, microcline & margins of vein, minor propylitic alteration around vein
20°	20°	+++++	Chlorite, microcline, propylitic alteration from 44.5' to 45.5' (20°). Fresher rock
30°		+++++	From 45.5'-50.0' CRANKISH CHLORITE, propylitic alteration from 46'-48.5' (30°)
30°		+++++	S.D.C., less stz. veins than 40-45.5' zone. Altered Biotite near stz. vein
35°		+++++	marginal
35°		+++++	S.D.C. & S.D.S. about 3" wide stz. vein alteration around sheet.
35°		+++++	
35°	35°	+++++	And stz. veins than 40-45.5' zone. S.D.C. from 46.5'-50.5' Biotite has
35°		+++++	been altered to chlorite. S.D. Biotite veins (10') of propylitic alteration for zones
		+++++	around from vein.

[illegible]

PROJECT

STRUCTURE		
QTR. VEIN	Mineralized VEINS	<u>5</u>