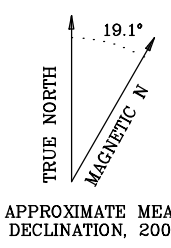
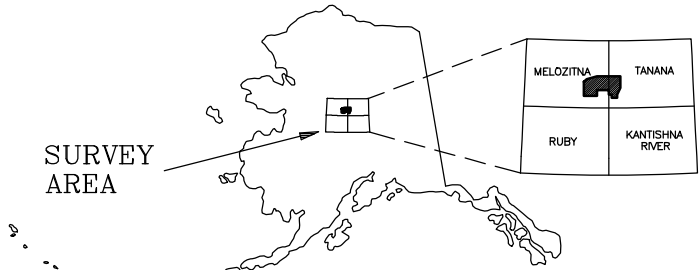


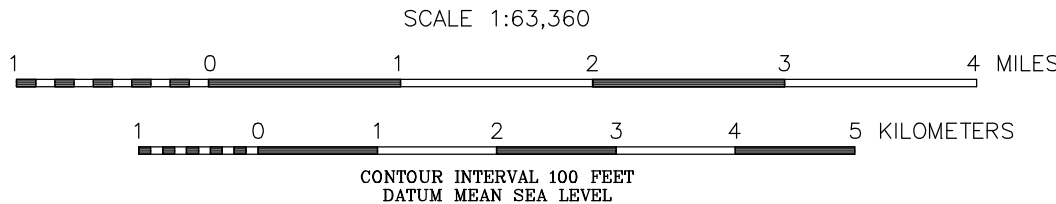
Base from U.S. Geological Survey Melozitna A-1, 1971; B-1, 1978; Tanana A-G, 1969; B-G, 1973. Quadrangles, Alaska.



DESCRIPTIVE NOTES

The geophysical data were acquired with a DIGHEM V Electromagnetic (EM) system, Radiation Solutions RS-500 gamma-ray spectrometer and a Fugro D1344 magnetometer with a Scintrex CS3 cesium sensor. The EM and magnetic sensors were flown at a height of 100 feet. The gamma-ray spectrometer was flown at a height of 200 feet. In addition the survey recorded data from radar and laser altimeters, GPS navigation system, 50/60 Hz monitors and video camera. Flights were performed with an AS-350-B3 Squirrel helicopter at a mean terrain clearance of 200 feet along N-S (0°) survey flight lines with a spacing of a quarter of a mile. Tie lines were flown perpendicular to the flight lines at intervals of approximately 3 miles.

A Novatel OEM4-G2L Global Positioning System was used for navigation. The helicopter position was derived every 0.5 seconds using post-flight differential positioning to a relative accuracy of better than 5m. Flight path positions were projected onto the Clarke 1866 (UTM zone 5) spheroid, 1927 North American datum using a central meridian (CM) of 153° a north constant of 0 and an east constant of 500,000. Positional accuracy of the presented data is better than 10m with respect to the UTM grid.



MAGNETIC TILT DERIVATIVE
OF THE MORAN SURVEY AREA,
SOUTH-CENTRAL MELOZITNA MINING DISTRICT,
CENTRAL ALASKA

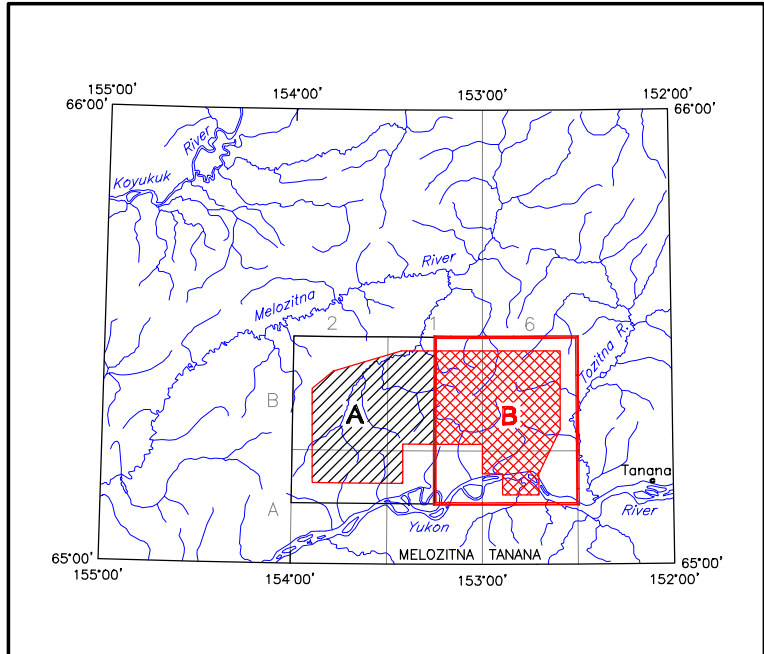
PARTS OF MELOZITNA and TANANA QUADRANGLES

by
Laurel E. Burns, Fugro Airborne Surveys Corp., and Stevens Exploration Management Corp.
2010

MAGNETIC TILT DERIVATIVE

The tilt derivative is the angle between the horizontal gradient & the total gradient, which is useful for identifying the depth & type of source. The tilt angle is positive over the source, crosses through zero at, or near, the edge of a vertical sided source, and is negative outside the source region. It has the added advantage of responding equally well to shallow and deep sources and is able to resolve deeper sources that may be masked by larger responses from shallower sources.

LOCATION INDEX



SURVEY HISTORY

This map has been compiled and drawn under contract between the State of Alaska, Department of Natural Resources, Division of Geological & Geophysical Surveys (DGGs), and Stevens Exploration Management Corp. Airborne geophysical data for the area were acquired and processed by Fugro Airborne Surveys Corp. in 2009 and 2010. The project was funded by the Alaska State Legislature as part of the Alaska Airborne Geological & Geophysical Mineral Inventory Program.

All data and maps produced to date from this survey are available in digital format on DVD for a nominal fee through DGGs, 3354 College Road, Fairbanks, Alaska, 99709-3707, and are downloadable for free from the DGGs website (www.dggs.dnr.state.ak.us/pubs). Maps are also available on paper through the DGGs office, and are viewable online at the website in Adobe Acrobat .PDF file format.