March 14, 1962

18 planeaux

Mr. George A. Moerlein Bear Creek Mining Company Box 5-245 Anchorage, Alaska

Dear George;

Be: Use of State Lands and Buildings
In answer to your question of March 9, the Division of Lands
is the place to go. Probably Herb Land is the best one to talk
to.

Sincerely,

James A. Williams, Director Division of Mines and Minerals

JAY: Je



Box 5-245

Anchorage, Alaska

March 9, 1962

Mr. James Williams Division of Mines and Minerals P. O. Box 1391 Juneau, Alaska

18 Nahuman Nahuman

Dear Jim:

It is my understanding that lands and buildings belonging to the Nabesna Mining Corporation have reverted to the State through nonpayment of taxes. In the event a few of these buildings are still in good repair, I would like to use one or two this summer to house a few men.

If you have no jurisdiction over this, perhaps you could get the necessary permission for me from the appropriate State agency or let me know to whom I should write.

Thanks for your help in this matter.

Division of hands Herb Lang

George Moerlein

REC'D JUNEAU

17 - 1 3 1962

78- Flowersh August 12, 1960 Mr. Harold Burgess Bache & Company Logan Building 500 Union Street Seattle 1, Washington Dear Mr. Burgess: Re Nabesna Mining Corp. - Nabesna Quad We have your letter of August 1. The company is defunct. There are two possibilities of people who were members of the corporation who may be able to enswer your inquiry. O. A. Nelson, Chitina, Alaska was listed as Vice President. I understand he has had a stroke and is now in very poor health. Mrs. Bertha Stewart was listed as Secretary or Treesurer. I presume she is the widow of Claude Stewart. former President, who was recently killed in an auto accident. I do not know her address. Possibly our mining engineer with whom you have already corresponded, Mr. Martin Jasper, may be able to learn her address by inquiry among people who knew Mr. Stevart. If we can be of further help, please advise. Very truly yours, James A. Williams Director JAW: da cc - Martin Jasper

SEATTLE OFFICE MAIN 4-8680

BACHE & Co.

MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK RYCHANGE AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE AND GTMER LEADING STOCK AND COMMODITY EXCHANGES 36 WALL ST., NEW YORK 5, N. Y. BRANGE OFFICES AND CORRESPONDENTS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY

GIRTON VIERECK MERSIDENT MANAGER

ADDRESS REPLY TO LOGAN DLDG. 300 UNION STREET, SEATTLE 1, WASH. August 1, 1960

Mr. J. A. Williams, Director State Division of Mines Juneau, Alaska

Dear Mr. Williams:

Mr. Martin Jasper of the State of Alaska Division of Mines and Minerals has suggested we write you regarding Nabesna Mining Corp. Would you please send us all information you may have regarding this company.

Thank you.

Very truly yours, BACHE AND COMPANY

Harold Burgess

DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS

AUG 2 1960

RECEIVED JUNEAU, ALASKA

Form SA la

MEMORANDUM

State of Alaska

The Thirty of th

TO : [

FROM:

Jas. A. Williams

DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS

JUL 28 1960

DATE

July 27, 1960

Martin Jasper

RECEIVED
JUNEAU, ALSUSVIACT:

BACHE & CO. INQUIRY RE NABESHA MINING CORP.

Enclosing copy of inquiry recd yesterday from Mr. Burgess of above Co. plus copy of my reply to him.

From the letters you can determine whether it is worthwhile to send him any additional dope you may have or wait for his inquiry,

Regards-/

Sending Jean a tentative field trip schedule for the next month of so as you suggested.

78-14acona Nodouna Mag bo

С 0 P

> BACHE & CO. * * * * *

36 Wall St. New York 5, N. W.

Address Reply to

Logan Bldg., 500 Union Street, Seattle 1, Wash.

July 22, 1960

Department of Mines 329 2nd Avenue Box 2139 Anchorage, Alaska

Gentlemen:

Please send us any information you may have regarding the Nabesna Mining Corporation, whether it is still in operation and in good standing, and any of the latest developments, if any.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

BACHE AND COMPANY

/s/ Harold O. Buggss

HB/b

DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS

75- National

DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS

JUL 28 1960

July 27, 1960

RECEIVED

Mr. Harold O. Burgess Bachs & Company 500 Union Street Seattle 1, Wn.

Dear Sir:

RE: Nabesna Mining Corp.
REF: Your July 22nd Inquiry

with regard to the status of the above company please be advised that this property has been shut down for 15 years or more.

The company property is composed of a certain number of patented lode claims, plus a certain number of unpatented lode claims. The undersigned is not informed as to the number of claims in each classification.

The unpatented claims were kept in good standing through the performance of the the required Annual Assessment work, which was paid for by personal funds of Claude Stewart, Soc.-Treas., of the company for many years, and an oldtimer who resided in the Copper River valley for 40 years.

Mr. Stewart was killed in a car accident late last year. With his wife, who passed away in early 1959, Mr. Stewart was reputed to be one of the largest (if not the largest) stockholder in the company. Since his death it is not known to us what disposition has been made of his interest, or the name of individual who is authorized and/or responsible for the interests of the Nabesna Mining Corporation's preperty and corporate affairs.

It is suggested that you write to -

Carl Eden, Mining Recorder Copper River Precinct Copper Center, Alaska

for any and all information he may have the Nabesna Mining Corp.s property as of now. Copy of this letter is also being sent to our Juneau office, who may have additional data on this subject. It is sugested that you write -

Jas. A. Williams, Director State Division of Mines

Juneau, Alaska - P. O. Box 1391

for any information he may have on this matter.

Yours truly-

Martin Jasper

SOUTHWEST POTASH CORPORATION 718 GRANVILLE STREET VANCOUVER 2. BRITISH COLUMBIA

A SUBSIDIARY OF AMERICAN METAL CLIMAX, INC.

Dear Jim:

EXECUTIVE OFFICES
61 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 6. N.Y.

1960.

1960.

1960.

1960.

1960.

February 9, 1960.

Mr. J. Williams, Director, Division of Mines & Minerals, Juneau, Alaska.

Re. Alaska Nabesna Corp. Mining Claims
Nabesna Quad.

Many thanks for your letter of January 28th regarding the above-mentioned mineral claims.

Our reason for suspecting the claims were in good standing stems from the Van Alstine & Black report, "Mineral Deposits at Orange Hill, Alaska", a U.S.G.S. publication.

The extent of our interest in the area is at present debatable, but it could be we may wish to test some possibilities there in the future.

At present, we are following up the Hayes Glacier Prospect, although what will come of all the discussions is hard to say.

I will probably be up your way before too long and will be in to see you then.

Best regards,

Yours very truly, SOUTHWEST POTASH CORPORATION

poh/vb

DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS

P. O. Hachey

FEB 15 1966

RECEIVED JUNEAU, ALASKA



STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES BOX 1391 JUNEAU

January 19, 1960

18 / aluana Mahina Contr.

Mr. John Bufvers P. O. Box 941 Seattle 11, Washington

Dear John:

We will attempt to reply satisfactorily to yours of January 2, 1960. As you may know, Jim Williams is now Director of the Division of Mines and Minerals and would normally handle matters of this type. However, the undersigned was active in the Nabesna operation from 1931 to 1937 and can bring you up to date on the activities there.

In the Seattle Public Library you should be able to find a copy of U. S. Geological Survey bulletin 933-B, which includes a rather comprehensive report on the Nabesna mine and the surrounding country. The summary of the report on page 195 of the bulletin entitled "Future of Mining" is a rather realistic approach. The actual area of production has been quite thoroughly explored without any indications of minable bodies of ore. There is always the possibility, however, that exploration of nearby favorable geologic structures may produce new ore bodies.

The massive sulphide deposit on the Eagle claims is very refractory in nature as well as being low grade. I rather doubt that this block of ore can be mined at a profit.

For many years after the mine was finally shut down, they kept a watchman on the property to take care of things. However, several years ago they abandoned that practice and we just heard recently that somebody had been into the camp ransacking various buildings.

It is rather difficult to know just what actual conditions are in the mill proper. When the mine shut down, the mill consisted of a 9" x 15" Telsmith crusher; a 60-ton fine ore bin; a Challange feeder; a 4642 Marcy ball mill; 2 Dorr classifiers; 1 Diester sand table; 1 Denver sub-A and 4 Fagergren rougher cells; 1 Fagergren cleaner, and 1 Fagergren scavenger cell. Presumably all of the milling equipment is still at the property, although some of the trucks and other equipment we know have been sold throughout the years.

The only living official of the company that we know of today is O. A. Nelson of Chitina, Alaska. You might wish to contact him for further details.

We wish we could believe these rumors about raising the price of gold. There seems to be a new flurry in several parts of the country. We are sure, however, that the present administration (at least the Treasury Department) is not in favor or in support of an increase in the price of gold.

Kindest personal regards.

Sincerely,

Phil R. Holdsworth Commissioner

PRR'cm

cc - Mr. Jas. A. Williams

January 28, 1960 Mericus. Mr. P. O. Hachey Southwest Potash Corporation 718 Granville Street Vancouver 2, British Columbia Dear Oz: Re Alaska Nabesna Corp. Mining Claims, · Nabesna Quad The claims you mention in your letter to Martin Jasper are all included within U.S. Mineral Survey 1414 which was patented August 17, 1923. The Alaska Nabesna Corp. was stricken from the corporate records in 1937, but have been operating in some phase as a company since that time. They filed a declaration of ownership on the claims under the land registration law on September 9, 1954. This makes the claims in good standing as far as we know from our records. Since Claude Stewart, who was president of the company, was killed in an auto accident, I do not know who to tell you to contact regarding the claims. I may be able to dig up more information on this a little later and if so, I will certainly send it to you. As it stands right now, it does appear that you will have to deal with some representative of the company to do anything with the claims. It might be that Martin Jasper knows who some of Stewart's partners might have been. Very truly yours, James A. Williams, Director Division of Mines and Minerals JAW:eg cc: Martin Jasper

MEMORANDUM

State of Alaska

FROM

Martin Jasper

DATE

January 26, 1960

nelicena)

TO :

James A. Williams

SUBJECT

Alaska Nabesna Corp. Status of

Patented M.C.s

Ref: P. O. Hachey, S.W.Potash

Corp Inquiry

Enclosing Mr. Hachey's inquiry concerning status of -

- 1. California Group
- 2. Camp Bird Group
- 3. Glacier Claim
- 4. Lemon Group
- 5. Nabesna Claim
- 6. North Star Group
- 7. Orange Hill Group
- 8. Mill Site

It is my impression that Claude Stewart made every effort to comply with requirements to keep the Nabesna Company alive, but thought it advisable to forward Hachey's inquiry to you to get the actual current data upon it.

MNJ:bb

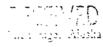
DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS

JAN 27 1960

RECEIVED JUNEAU, ALASKA

SOUTHWEST POTASH CORPORATION 718 GRANVILLE STREET VANCOUVER 2, BRITISH COLUMBIA

A SUBSIDIARY OF AMERICAN METAL CLIMAX, INC.



EXECUTIVE OFFICES
61 BROADWAY
NEW YORK 6, N.Y.

JAN 26 1950

January 22, 1960

Alles and Alles and Alles als Alles Dept. of Notarel Allesarces

District Director, Division of Mines and Minerals, Federal Building, Anchorage, Alaska.

Dear Sir:

I am interested in determining whether the following patented mining claims originally held by Alaska Nabesna Corporation are still in good standing.

- 1. California Group
- 2. Camp Bird Group
- 3. Glacier Claim
- 4. Lemon Group
- 5. Nabesna Claim
- 6. North Star Group
- 7. Orange Hill Group
- 8. Mill Site

I would appreciate receiving this information as soon as possible.

Yours very truly,

SOUTHWEST POTASH CORPORATION

P.O. Hachey

POH/vm Encl.

DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS

JAN 27 1360

RECEIVED
JUNEAU, ALARA

January 26, 1960

Mr. P. O. Hachey Southwest Potash Corporation 718 Granville Street Vancouver 2, British Columbia

Dear Mr. Hachey:

Re: Your Jan. 22nd Inquiry
Ref: Status Alaska Nabeana Corp. M.C.'s

Your above inquiry was received this morning.

With regard to whether or not the patented mineral claims you listed, including Mill Site, are in good standing, it is my belief that they are.

However, to get actual confirmation, your letter is being forwarded today to our Director, James A. Williams, at Juneau, who will have a check made to determine their true status. Mr. Williams will advise you direct from his office within a few days.

Yours truly,

MWJ: bb

MARTIN JASPER Mining Engineer

> DIVISION OF MINES AND MINERALS

> > JAN 27 1960

RECEIVED JUNEAU, ALASKA

78 - Malian March 5, 1959 Mrs. Leise G. Robbins New York-Alaska Gold Dredging Corporation 2503 Smith Tower Seattle, Washington Dear Mrs. Robbins: In answer to your inquiry of February 11, 1959, we rather doubt that stock in the Nabesna Mine has much present day value. We have not had an opportunity to discuss this with any of the present officers, but if you would like to know the actual status of the stock at this time, we would suggest that you contact Claude Stewart, Copper Center, Alaska, as he is President of the corporation. Throughout the history of operation the stock sold all the way from 10 cents per share to something over \$1.00 per share. Most of the original stockholders held on to their stock and received several times its value in dividends throughout the period of operation. The company still has some assets in the way of camp and milling equipment at the mine. Just what value is placed on these assets is not known by the undersigned. We rather doubt that there is a chance of resuming mining operations on this property as the limits of the ore body were very thoroughly explored by diamond drilling prior to the shutdown of the mine. Very truly yours, Phil R. Holdsworth Commissioner of Mines PRH'cm

78-1) alea.

NEW YORK-ALASKA GOLD DREDGING CORPORATION

2503 DEDES SMITH TOWER, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

February 11, 1959

Mr. Phil Holdsworth Commissioner of Mines Alaska Office Building Juneau, Alaska

Dear Mr. Holdsworth:

I am wondering if you can give me any information about the Nebesna Mine operation, which I understand is now inactive. Glenn Carrington advised me that at one time you were manager of the mine.

In addition, do you know if the stock has any marketable value at the present time. Do you recall at what price the stock traded when it was active in the market? I realize that the trading figure would vary through the years but thought perhaps you could give me a representative figure, together with the high and low in trading history.

Thanking you in advance for any information you may be able to supply, and with kindest personal regards, I am

Yours very truly,

NEW YORK-ALASKA GOLD DREDGING CORPORATION

LGR/s Airmail (Mrs.) Leise G. Robbins, Secretary

18. Males 2-2

February 28, 1957

RECEIVED
MAR 1 1957

Mr. Harold O. Burgess, Walston & Company, 515 Union Street, Seattle 1, Wn.

JUNEAU, ALASKA

Deer Sir:

PE: Nabesna Mining Corporation

Your February 19th letter, addressed to the local U.S. Bureau of Mines was passed on to this office for attention yesterday.

The Nabesna company is still in good standing so far as we know at this office, although it has been inactive since issuance of the gold mining closure order in 1942. (L208).

The company joined with a number of other gold mining operators in an appeal for damages to the Court of Claims, Washington, D. C., about two years ago. The Court awarded Nabesna - and a number of other companies - substantial damages. The government appealed the awards to the Supreme Court, but to date I do not believe a decision has been given by it upon the Claims Court awards.

It is suggested that you write to-

Claude Stewart, President Nabesna Mining Corporation Copper Center, Alaska

for additional information concerning that organization.

Yours truly,

Martin Jasper Territorial Mining Engineer

ac: Claude Stewart

VEC: PRH

1200 200

18-Malison

February 28, 1957

RECEIVED

MAR 1 1957

Mr. Claude Stawart, Copper Center, Alaska. JUNEAU, ALASKA

Dear Claude:

RE: Nabesna Mining Corp. Inquiry

The following is complete copy of letter received from Harold O. Burgass concerning the Nabesna company, Quote-

We have in our possession certificates of Nabesna Mining Corp., dated 1935 and 1945, par value of 204. As these certificates show the the Corporation in Alaska, will you kindly advise us as to whether this corporation is still in good standing; or if defunct the year in which it became so.

Very truly yours, Walston & Co., Inc.

(signed) Harold O. Burgess

Unquote.

As you will guess Walston & Co. are a brokerage firm, and their letterhead states them to be Members of New York Stock Exchange and other principle stock and commodity exchanges. From that information it would appear that they should be a responsible firm.

Enclosed you will find copy of my reply to Mr. Burgess.

With kind personal regards to Mrs. Stewart and yourself,

Sincerely yours.

Martin Jaspar

cc: PRH

13.2 S 13.5

Rebesna - 78

Office Lemorandum . Territorial Legartment of Mines

To : Phil R. Holdsworth

Office: Anchorage

From : Martin Jasper

Date : April 6, 1956

Subject : NABESNA MINING COMPANY.

Nabesna Quad.

Mrs. Fred Bronnicke was in this morning with couple samples from their Ahtell Creek Au-qtz prospect.

While talking about various items in the upper Copper River valley, she mentioned that Fred (her husband) probably would not be doing the assessment work at Nabesna this year.

Reason - Claude Stewart advised Fred that he could not see his way clear to continue carrying the cost of doing the assessment work alone anymore on the 12 unpatented claims.

APR 9 1956
PHIL TO THE TO THE STREET

RECEIVED

APR 9 1956

JUNEAU, ALASKA

18 Daliana October 20, 1955 Mrs. George L. Eder 914 West 60th Street Seattle 7, Washington Dear Mrs. Eder: In reply to your inquiry of October 10, 1955, the Nabesna Mining Corporation has been inactive for many years. No reports have been sent out since the last year of intermittent operation, which was around 1947. No production resulted which might have gone into dividends after 1938. Most of the stockholders are still in Alaska, and the acting president is Claude Stewart, Copper Center, Alaska. Unless something rather dreatic happens to the price of gold, it does not appear that this company will ever operate again. The installed plant and equipment might some day be sold, but it would hardly cover the cost of maintaining a watchman at the property these many years. If you need any more detailed information, would suggest you contact Mr. Stewart. Very truly yours. Phil R. Holdsworth Commissioner of Mines. PRH cm

DEPARTMENT OF MINES 18 - Mahoria RECENED Geattle, U sh My dear Missattoldsworth 10-10-/5-5-Can you tell me anything about the Nebesna mining Co,? are the mines being worked at all & what is the standing of the Company? Even the they may not be operating at present, is there any hopes for the puture? We come stock of the Co, but they are not listed in the M. Y. stock exchange & we receive no dividendo. I would appreciate any information you could give us to Thank you very much, Pearl Eder Mr. Sus. F. Eder 30, 25,958 914-W.60 ST, Fight training dinge , Scarle - 2 - Wark

(78 - DEPARTMENT OF MINES

(78 -) RECEIVED

JUL 13 1937

JUNEAU, ALASKA

NABESNA MINING CORPORATION

July 1, 1937

Quarterly report to stockholders on operations at Nabesna Mine from April 1, te and including June 30, 1937.

MINE OIK:	
Lineal feet drift driven, 350 level	104
Lineal feet drift driven, 450 level	175
Lineal feat drift driven, 550 level	. 64
Lineal feet drift driven, Nugget Vein	20
Total lineal feet underground work	363
Lineal feet diamond drill holes put in	44ċ
Tons ore mined and trammed to mill	1295
P .	
Lineal feet drift driven, Nugget Vein Total lineal feet underground work Lineal feet diamond drill holes put in Tons ore mined and trammed to mill WILL OPERATION AND ESTIMATED PRODUCTION: Total number hours operated Total number tons mine ore treated Total number tons mine ore treated Average value per ton of ore treated Average value per ton of ore treated	
Total number hours operated	1151.00
Total number tons mine ore treated Silvinger	1295.00
Total number tons tailings retreated	2095.00
Average value per ton of ore treated	\$20.83
Average value per ton of tailings retreated	\$11.15
Fecovery, Mill	74.11%
Tons shipping concentrates produced	72.54
werage value per ton shipping concentrates	\$370.21
Gross value shipping concentrates	\$26,744.08
Tons cyaniding concentrates produced	647.64
average value per ton cyaniding concentrates	\$16.31
Gross value cyaniding concentrates produced	\$10,559.65
Will production from mine ore	\$25,456.12
Will production from retreatment tails	\$11,848.61
Gross value mill production from mine ore and retreatment tails	\$37,303.73
Bullion produced from cyaniding concentrates	\$5,072.59
E	• •

GENELAL:

The mill was forced to close down the latter part of April and for the greater part of May owing to failure to get our spring supply of diesel fuel delivered over the railroad from Cordova to Chitina, the railroad being tied up by a strike of its employees. A supply of fuel oil was again on hand shortly before June first and milling operations were resumed. Ore from the mine was milled for a few days and treatment was then regun on the impounded tailings from previous years operation. At present 75 to 80 tons per 24 hours is being treated producing a table and flote concentrate for smelter shipment and gold bullion from the cyanide unit, sold directly to the U.S. Mint. Will recovery while operating on mine ore was about 94%. The poor recovery made when treatment of the tailings began brought the general average for the quarter down to 74.11%. Thile the tailing recovery has been improved since milling of them started June first it is not to be expected that recovery will approach very close to that made on mine ore. Oxidation caused by several years exposure to surface agencies make them much harder to recover values from than the unoxidized mine ore.

The 1°95 tons of ore delivered to the mill during this quarter was mined from the several stopes on the 350 and 450 mine levels. No stope mining of ore vill be done this summer. It is desired to keep the mill operating to its fullest capacity on the impounded tailings and stored cyaniding concentrates during the summer months when warm weather and ample water supply makes this work feasible. This allows the use of all the mining equipment for development and preparatory mining work. The 350, 450 and 550 drifts are being driven further ahead, drilling with the diamond core drill is being done mostly testing the sides from the main ore zone contact for parallel ore veins. The Nubbet Vein tunnel is being driven further ahead towards the vein exposures of good ore that outcrop on the surface a short distance to the South and Test.

while no new ore bodies of any importance have been driven into in the development work done this quarter the mine as a whole is in much better condition as to the quantity of ore in sight and ore values than it was a year ago.

Respectfully submitted.

Carl F. Whitham,
President and General Manager

NABESNA MINING CORPORATION

MINING PROPERTY, NABESNA VALLEY, ALASKA

OFFICERS

CARL F. WHITHAM
PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER

R. J. SHEPARD

D. H. KELSEY

CAPITAL STOCK 1.000.00 SHARES FULLY PAID, NON-ASSESSABLE

NO PAR

MAIN OFFICE CHITINA, ALASKA BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CARL F. WHITHAM R. J. SHEPARD D. H. KELSEY THOS. 5. SCOTT JOHN COATS FRANK SHIPP AL MOORE

2/9/32

MR B D STEWARTHING SUPERVISING/ENGINEER DEPT. OF INTERIOR, GEOLOGICAL SURVEY JUNEAU ALASKA FEB 15 1932

Dear Sir :

is per H.B. 25, chapter 51, approved May 3,1917, I am giving below certain statistics for 1932 as required in section 10, of said Act:

Name of operator: Manager's name : Name & location of property:

NABESNA MINING CORPORATION
CARL F. WHITHAM.
Nabesna Mine; on White Mountain,
North Wrangell Mountains, between
Jack and Jacksina Creeks approx.
5 miles above their confluence.

Probable number of men to be employeed in 1932:

24, including manager .

We ran about 1300 tons thru our mill last summer before cold weather stopped us. Mill heads averaged a little over \$90.00 per ton. Actual smelter returns for 1931 will run about \$50,000.00, which we do not consider unfavorable for the lst year. Tailings and retreatment concentrates have been stored for further handling. We hope to take out about \$180,000.00 in 1932. Tacoma Smelter is getting the shipping grade concentrates.

The usual income return will be reported to the Territorial Treasurer in the near future.

We had a couple of minor accidents in 1931 as Follows: N.P.NELSON: Two ribs fractured on March 18 white by falling tree when getting out logs. Disabled March 13 to April 8-22 days.

ALEX BERARDINI: Hand broken by falling rock while operating jackhamer on August 25. Disabled 50 days.

Settlement in full has been made with both of these men in accordance with Employees' Compensation Act of Alaska. I over-looked reporting these cases to you last season. Both men fully recovered.

Yours very truly,

12/1-12-

Juneau, Alaska, February 23, 1932. BDS/S

Mr. D. H. Kelsey, Secretary-Treasurer, Nabesna Mining Corporation, Chitina, Alaska.

Dear Mr. Kalsey:

Receipt is acknowledged of your latter of February 9, 1932, which gives a report of your mining operations for the past year and a statement of the probable number of men to be employed in 1932. Your report on the two accidents which occurred in 1931 has been noted. In that connection there is being forwarded to you under separate cover a small supply of forms upon which to report mining accidents. Will you kindly fill out one of these for each of the men injured in 1931 in order that we may have them for our files?

I was pleased to note the fine record made by your company for the year 1931 and wish you all success in connection with your future operations. If my office can be of assistance to you in any may please advise me.

Very truly yours,

B. D. STEWART, Supervising Mining Engineer. MAY 1 - 17
B. D. STERRART
Commissioner of Miss

NABESNA MINING CORPORATION

Malesna 178 -

April 1, 1937

Quarterly report to stockholders on aperations at Nakesna Mine from January 1 to and including March 31, 1937.

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	T	4	~	_		٦.	•

Lineal feet stope raise driven (350 level)	15
Lineal feet drift driven (350 level)	. 90
Lineal feet stope raise driven (450 level)	210
Lineal feet drift driven (450 level)	60
Total lineal feet underground work	375
Tons are mined and trammed to mill	3534
MILL OPERATION AND ESTIMATED PRODUCTION:	
Total number hours mill operated	2011.00
Total number of tons mine ore treated	3534.00
Tons tailings	2387.50

10 tot lidence linker milit obetween	2011.00
Total number of tons mine ore treated	3534.00
Tons tailings	2387.50
Average value per ton, tailings	\$2.64
Average value per ton ore treated (heads)	\$22.62
Recovery	92.09%
Tons shipping concentrates produced	82.69 ·
Average value per ton, shipping concentrates	\$644.35
Gross value, shipping concentrates	\$53,281,41
Tens cyaniding concentrates produced	1063.81
Average value per ton, oyaniding concentrates	\$19.12
Gross value, cyaniding concentrates	\$20,340.04
Gross value, mill production from mine ore	\$73,621.45
Bullion shipped to mint from cyaniding concentrates	\$6,625.87
Bullion on hand from cyaniding concentrates	\$4,887.72

GENERAL:

During this quarter both the mine and mill have been in good efficient working condition. No loss of time occured in the mining work and the mill operation was continuous with the exception only of the short time required for the usual replacement of wearing parts in the ball mill and other equipment. Fater supply for milling purposes has been ample and steady all winter.

The quantity of ore being treated in the mill was, beginning March first, increased by approximately ten additional tons per twenty four hours. This being done without causing any loss in the amount of recovery being made.

The 3534 tons of ore trammed to the mill for treatment was mined from the stopes on 350 and 450 levels. Underground work mainly consisted of stope and preparatory mining. The development work done consisted of the driving further ahead of the 350 and 450 drifts.

Ore of good milling grade is being mined from two additional stopes lately opened up, one on 350 and one on the 450 level, both are further on in the drifts (deeper in the mountain) than any previous are stoping has so far been done. Ore values and ore widths in the stopes that we have been mining this winter centinue to be of the same general grade and size as in the past. With our present milling capacity, treatment process and the percent of recovery we are now making, mill heads of \$15.00 per ton can be profitably mined and milled.

The highway from the mine to Chitina, which has been for ever two menths blocked for traffic by deep snow, was early in March plowed out from Chitina to Nabesna by the Alaska Road Commission and is in good condition for truck traffic. The shipping concentrates produced and stored at the mine during the winter are being freighted to Chitina and will be shipped from there to the smelter when the railroad again resumes train service to Cordeva, probably some time early in April.

Respectfully submitted,

Carl F. Whitham.
President and General Manager

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Loherna (1.8-

Nabesna Precinct 1932.

Nabesna Mining Corporation.

The Nabesna Mining Corporation operated its mine throughout the summer season resulting in a very successful year. Development work located the lead at over 200 feet depth which shows good values and insures sufficient ore for the coming season. All ore mined and milled during the season was obtained from above the upper tunnel level. This part of the veings a triangle roughly 175 feet along the base or tunnel and 80 feet high at the apex of the vein on a sharp ridge. At the surface the vein was found to have broken over and/considerable tonnage of ore was found lying along the surface under a light covering of grass and moss. Sufficient ore still remains above the tunnel level to keep the mill supplied for a goodly part of the next season.

The lower tunnel 160 feet lower inelevation which was driven in to a distance of over 400 feet presumiably along the same contact was connected with the upper tunnel by a surveyed direct raise. This raise was in limestone the whole distance and failed to show values. A short crosscut into the hanging wall from a point in the maise 60 feet below the upper tunnel struck the ore shoot when in only a few feet. Sampling of drift along the shoot by means of drill holes showed a width of over 12 feet and values of about \$50.00 per ton. The ore here shows a lime-quartz gangue with large amounts of pyrite, small amounts of chalcopyrite, and galens. The ore is more soldd; crumbling less upon exposure to the atmosphere than it does in the vein higher up. A lower crosscut 40 feet above the lower tunnel, driven into the hanging wall, encountered the ore at adepth of 10 feet. It here showed the same high pyritic character with good values. This point is 200 feet vertically below the apex of the vein on the surface.

Late in the season the upper terminal of the tram was moved down to the lower tunnel portal in preparation for the next seasons operations. The compressor was also dismantled and lowered to the lower tunnel through the raise and reassembled at the portal of the tunnel.

Operations of the consentrator were very satisfactory for the consentration were ver

nected deisel-electric 440 volt 60 cycle power plant was purchased, also motor equipment to change all mill drives to electric, and 16 foot diameter door thickener with a 4 cell Kraut flotation unit, United Filters Corporation 2 leaf American Filter, and several direct connected motor driven Wilfley sand pumps for tailings and concentrates. The flotation part of the concentrator will have a capacity of 60 tons per 24 hours or about double that of the ball mill, thus giving and available treatment capacity for the flotation plant of 30 tons per 24 hours for retreatment of impounded tailings during the next season and for the addition of another grinding unit the following season. It is also probable that a cyanide plant for treatment of the concentrates to produce bullion will be added the following season.

The Alaska Road Commission cooperated with financially by the Nabesna Mining Corporation graded a road, for caterpillar tractor use, from the present end of the highway to the mine late in the summer of 1933. This road was used early in the winter, before the snow had reached a depth sufficient to interfere greatly, to haul the greater part of next seasons freight from Chitina to within 30 miles of the mine by truck. The corporation freighted in over 200 tons of freight including new machinery, deisel oil, gasoline and food.

In 1931 Tommy Jackson located a group of claims about 6 miles south of the Nabesna Mining Corporation 6 amp and about 2½ miles west of the Nabesna River on a steep ridge between the river and Jacksina Creek on the side sloping towards the river. The property is reached by trail from the Nabesna Landing Field which follows the trail to White Mountain for about 5 miles then turns south crossing Jacksina Creek and following along the foothills for about 5 miles to Jackson's camp at the base of the long high ridge. The camp is at an elevation of 3,365 feet. The Gold Hill No. 1 and No. 2 claims have been located along a southwesterly direction extending up and over the summit of the ridge. At an elevation of about 4,540 feet a cut about 10 feet deep has been dug on the lead which is exposed on the steep slopes for several hundred feet. The lead shows about 6 feet wide of crushed and

brecciated countryrock with much gouge, some quartz, pyrite, chalcopyrite and oxidized copper minerals. A number of samples have been taken by Jackson and others along this outcrop and in the cut which show it carries from \$\parallel{1.00}\$ to \$\parallel{3.00}\$ per ton in gold. A rough examination of the wall rocks on both sides of the lead for some distance show it to contain considerable pyrite and chalcopyrite crystals which leads one to believe that possibly this wall rock will also contain values almost as high as the lead cutting it. The wall rock id a dark colored igneous rock probably diorite. The vein strikes N. 52° E. and stands almost vertical.

Charles Elwood was prospecting in the Nabesna Basin during the summer of 1932 and had several veins located none of which were examined by the writer and none of which were reported by Elwood as containing high valued. Very little work was done on the Gercken-Brown property on the east side of the valley. There were no other prospectors in the visinity of Nabesna Valley during the season.

Respectfully Submitted,

Carl (1. Vilgina) Feb. 9, 1933.

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Annual Report

NABESNA MINING CORPORATION

1934

Main Office: Chitina, Alaska Mine Office: Nabesna, Alaska

Officers

Carl F. Whitham, President and General Manager

R. J. Shepard, Vice-President

D. H. Kelsey, Secretary-Treasurer

E. B. Kluckholn, Assistant Secretary

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Report of Board of Directors to Stockholders

In the absence of Carl F. Whitham, President and General Manager, who on December 8th sustained serious injuries and is now in the Fairbanks Hospital, the following Annual Report is submitted by the Directors of the Corporation.

We are pleased to announce that Mr. Whitham has been making a rapid recovery and is expected to return to Nabesna and resume active management within a few weeks.

GENERAL STATEMENT

During the year the management has successfully carried out a comprehensive program of development and expansion. Living quarters have been provided for a crew of 50 men. Additions have been made to the mill building and by the installation of a larger grinding unit and other improved ore dressing machinery the production has been stepped up from thirty tons to sixty tons per day. The present milling machinery, however, has a capacity of over 100 tons per twenty-four hours and production can, at any time, be increased to that amount by the installation of another diesel unit. Power supply is now the limiting factor in mill production. In this region where winter temperatures range down to sixty degrees below zero very careful and detailed preparation was required to insure year around operation. All essential buildings, including those at the tunnel portals, were banked and then lined with Celotex. A central heating plant, with a capacity of 5000 square feet of radiating surface, was installed and thoroughly insulated steam lines laid to all the principal buildings. A system of water reclamation was installed in the mill which reduced the quantity of fresh water required to less than 15 gallons per minute. A large spring on which winter flowage records had been kept for several years was selected for a water supply and an electrically operated pumping plant installed at that location. From the pump a double pipe line, 2500 feet in length to provide delivery of water directly to the mill, was laid below the surface of the ground and insulated with sawdust. Provision was made at the mill to heat the fresh water supply; first by circulation through the water jacket of the diesel and second by circulation through a waste heat boiler heated by the exhaust of the diesel. This provides a warm water feed into the mill circuit. By means of the double pipe line hot water can be returned to the spring if necessary. Camp water supply lines were laid along the steam mains and enclosed within the same insulating covering. A small gas electric unit was installed to supply auxiliary power for handling the water supply pump and the camp lighting system when the diesel engine is shut down.

This winter the temperature has not gone lower than forty degrees below zero and the heating plant has been operated at not more than half capacity. Cordwood has been used for fuel, but a diesel burner is available for use in case it becomes necessary.

While the installation costs necessary to prepare for winter operation have been high, winter operating costs should not be greatly in excess of summer operating costs. Snowfall in this region is very light and periods of low temperatures are usually of short duration. Road conditions between Chitina and Nabesna, to date, have been excellent, and truck freighting costs this winter are the lowest ever obtained. From the experience gained this winter it is apparent that year round operation is feasible and that it can be profitably carried on at extreme winter temperatures.

Milling operations this year were started on May 15th and continued with only minor interruptions until December 9th, when a shut down occurred due to the breaking of the crankshaft on the diesel engine. A new crankshaft was brought in by air and plans completed to resume operations before the first of February.

Underground development work has been carried on as rapidly as the limited air supply will permit. A 950 foot tram, between the tunnel portal on the 650 foot level and the mill, with upper and lower ore bunkers was constructed. This tram will be used for transporting to the mill all ore drawn from ore bodies between the 650 foot and the 250 foot levels.

It is planned to continue mill operations during 1935 at the present capacity and to continue underground mine work and the blocking out of ore as rapidly as conditions will permit.

Below is a tabulated summary of work accomplished during the year:

Mine Work:

Linear feet of drift and tunnel driven (650 foot level)	1,010
Linear feet of stope raise driven (250 foot level)	830
Linear feet of stope raise driven (650 foot level)	28
Total linear feet underground work	1,868
Linear feet diamond drill holes put in	585
Tons of ore mined and trammed	9,955

Mill Operations and Production:

Total number of hours operated	-
Average value per ton of ore treated	,
Percentage of value recovered in concentrates	74.6
Tons of concentrates shipped to smelter	226.428
Tons of concentrates stored in Chitina	103.524
Total tons of concentrates produced	329.982
Average gross value per ton of concentrates produced .:	\$ 739.62
Gross value of concentrates shipped to smelter	203,785.19
Gross value of concentrates stored in Chitina	40,288.50
Total gross value of concentrates produced	244,073.69
Total net returns from concentrates sold	. 192,986.97

Note: Concentrates stored in Chitina were produced after the Copper River and Northwestern Railroad had closed for the winter. Shipment is therefore necessarily delayed until spring.

New Buildings Constructed:

Main office building	
Mill office building	16 x 20 feet
Three staff quarters	
Concentrate storage shed	16 x 32 feet
Mill addition	14 x 40 feet
Garage and central heating plant	24×52 feet
Warm storage building	16 x 20 feet
Tailing thickener house	

Mill Equipment Installed:

One Marcy Grinding Unit

One Dorr Classifier

One Denver No. 250 Sub-A Unit Flotation Cell

One 71/2 KVA Auxiliary Gas-Electric Unit

One Diesel Exhaust Heat Boiler

Two 6000 Gallon Water Storage Tanks

One 18 foot Dorr Thickener and Diaphragm Pump for Water Reclamation

Mine and Tram Equipment Installed:

One 120 foot Worthington Portable Compressor One 950 foot Two span Aerial Gravity Tram One Upper Ore Bunker, Capacity 20 tons One Lower Ore Bunker, Capacity 80 tons

Heating and Water Supply Equipment Installed:

One 5000 foot Birchfield, low pressure, Steam Heating Boiler One 3 Horsepower Triplex Pump 6100 Lineal feet water supply pipe 1820 Lineal feet steam lines 1500 Square Feet Radiator surface

Miscellaneous Work:

80,000 Feet Board Measure, Mine Timbers and Lumber cut 240 Cords Fire Wood Cut 1/4 Mile Road graded

R. J. Shepard Vice-President For the Board of Directors

Report of Secretary-Treasurer

Statement of Profit and Loss Year 1934

Income		
Sales: Concentrates		\$196,788.67
Commissary: Net profit for the year		912.79
Interest earned		908.41
Total Income		\$198,609.87
Operating Expense		
Hospital Fund	\$ 781.03	
Interest paid	255.09	
Federal and Territorial Taxes	4,710.04	
Shipping and handling concentrates	23,878.55	
Officers' Salaries	3,300.00	
Milling	32,553.84	
Mining Costs:	,	
Current \$34,932.29		
Intermediate Tunnel		
Adjustment 9,586.86*		
Intermediate Raise		
Adjustment 3,512.92*	48,032.07	
Repairs to Machinery and Buildings	21,079.79	
Diamond Drilling	1,494,73	
Fire Insurance	1,130.00	
Miscellaneous Expense	11,601.65	
Office Expense	1,507.33	
Office Rent	112.50	
Loss on Forage Account	200.00	150,636.62
Gross Profit		47,973.25
		21,010.20
Less Depreciation of Equipment for 1934		
Less Depletion charge for 1934	11,891.30	39,069.98
Net Profit to Surplus		8,903.27
Surplus as of January 1, 1934		42,640.13
Surplus Adjustments in 1934		48,127.39
Surplus December 31, 1934		99,670.79

^{*1934} proportion of cost of Intermediate Tunnel and raise.

BALANCE SHEET as of DECEMBER 31, 1934

Assets		
Cash	\$ 38,444.47	
Supplies Inventory	50,800.53	
Concentrate on Hand, net	36,259.65	\$125,504.65
Accounts Receivable		1.33
Prepaid Taxes		15.00
Mining Claims	100,001.00	
Patenting Costs	3,781.79	103,782.79
Equipment	168,435.06	
Less Depreciation Reserve	72,358.20	96,076.86
Preparatory Mining Balances:		,
Intermediate Tunnel	4,815.16	
Intermediate Raise	1,764.46	
Tower Knob Tunnel	21,683.75	28,263.37
Advances to Employees		49.39
		353,693.39
Liabilities		-
Accounts Payable	2,602.89	
Wages Payable	888.08	
Accrued Federal Income Taxes	2,988.02	6,478.99
Reserve for Depletion		47,993.61
Capital Stock Outstanding (876,400 shar	ος) 197 19Λ ΛΛ	41,335.01
Donated Working Capital	12,360.00	199,550.00
Surplus		99,670.79
•		353,693.39
Reflection of Surplus in	Balance Sheet	
Cash and Inventory	\$125,504.65	
Machinery and Buildings (Less		
Depreciation)	96,076.86	
Accounts Receivable and Advances		
to Employees	50.72	
Mining Claims and Tunnels (Less		
Depreciation)	84,052.55	
Prepaid Items	15.00	305,699.78
Less: Current Liabilities	6,478.99	
Outstanding and Donated Stock	199,550.00	206,028.99
Surplus as per Balance Sheet		99,670.79

D. H. Kelsey Secretary-Treasurer

DEPARTMENT OF MINES
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JUNEAU, ALASKA

Nabesna Mining Corporation

GENERAL MANAGER'S
EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT TO STOCKHOLDERS

YEAR 1937

COMMISSIONER OF MINES

COMMISSIONER OF MINES

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B. D. STEWART
Commissioner of Mines

Eighth Annual Report To Stockholders Year 1937

ILL OPERATION time lost this year was for the usual general maintenance and repair work and for installation of new equipment. An additional month's operating time was lost on account of a strike situation on the railroad which made it impossible to get shipment of diesel fuel oil as expected. Of the total 284 operating days, 90 during the summer were given to milling and retreatment of stored cyaniding concentrates and tailings, mine ore being milled the rest of the time.

Recovery made on the combined mine ore and tailings tonnage milled average 68.33%. The recovery made milling mine ore was better than that made in milling the more refractory tailings. This recovery difference was, however, largely made up for by the cheaper cost per ton of the tailing retreatment. Mining and underground development work was kept going steadily. Practically all the ore trammed to the mill was mined from the stopes of the 350 and 450 levels. An ore body near the end of the 450 level drift has been opened up and ore blocked out with stope raises for a vertical height of 160 feet, work continuing in ore. This body of ore lays farther to the north, deeper in the mountain, than any ore heretofore developed in the mine. Vein widths average about four feet. Some exceptionally high grade ore has been found in developing this vein and the value is expected to average over \$30.00 per ton.

In extending further the Nugget Vein Tunnel additional ore of good milling grade value was found at a vertical depth of 150 feet below the surface outcroppings. A cross cut is being driven from the 250 foot mine level to develop these ore bodies at an additional depth of over 200 feet. This cross cut when completed will make available the tram facilities of the intermediate tunnel for transporting ore mined to the mill.

Mill and mine equipment are in good repair and efficient working condition. Ample supplies are on hand to carry on operations until about June 1. Concentrates produced are being stored at the mine during the winter, shipments to the smelter will be resumed in the spring when the railroad is again open for traffic.

Production was begun seven years ago at Nabesna Mine. A mill capable of treating a small daily ore tonnage was erected and operated 60 days that summer.

Since that beginning as a producing mine the mill plant has been more than doubled in size and tonnage capacity. Equipment has been installed to make ore treatment more efficient. A yearly increase in possible operating time of about eight months has been made by equipping for and successfully placing the mill on a continuous year-around operation basis. Mine development has progressed steadily each year with good results as to ore developed. Substantial mine camp buildings have been built suitable for winter use.

These improvements and developments made since the mine first became a producer seven years ago have been done at a cost total of several hundred thousand dollars, all of which has been paid for out of money earned from mine production. The Nabesna Mine has now been built up, improved and developed into a well equipped producing property. Future profitable operation can now be expected without such major reinvestments of mine-earned money that have been necessary in building up the Nabesna Mine in years past.

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1938 PROGRAM

Continuous operation and production is planned for the mine and mill. Mine ore will be milled the greater part of the year. The few months during the summer when such work can be done, stored cyaniding concentrates and tailings ponded from past years' operations, will be pumped back to the mill and retreated. Operat-

ing cost is much less per ton for retreating of tailings than for the milling of mine ore. With the new type agitators now in use and other equipment it is planned to install this spring, better overall recovery can be expected and a larger daily tonnage of tailings retreated than was done last summer.

Plans are being made to install a classifier to more efficiently return the coarse overflow from the concentrating table back to the ball mill for finer grinding. This will nearly double our present tabling capacity and increase the amount of table concentrates produced. In the cyanide plant alterations will be made in one of the thickener tanks to increase capacity and efficiency.

Ore will be drawn from the several mine stopes and delivered to the mill over the 650 foot level tram line. Development work on the mine levels, consisting of drifts, stope rasies, etc., will be continued as in the past and additional ore prepared for stope mining. Work will be continued driving the Nugget Cross Cut farther ahead as rapidly as feasible. It is expected to increase the diamond core drill footage put in this year. Drilling will be done on the 350, 450 and 550 mine levels. When the Nugget Cross Cut, now being driven, opens up the Nugget Vein Ore Zone at several hundred feet depth, diamond drilling will be done there to explore at depth the ore deposits that show on the sur-

MINE WORK ACCOMPLISHED YEAR 1937

WHITE WORK ACCOMPLISHED TEAR 183)	
350 foot Level Workings:	
Drift, lineal feet driven368	
Stope Raise, lineal feet driven	
450 foot Level Workings:	
Drift, lineal feet driven376	
Stope Raise, lineal feet driven	
550 foot Level Workings:	
Drift, Ilneal feet driveu	
Nugget Cross Cut, lineal feet driven	
Nugget Vein Tunnel, lineal feet driven	
Total Underground Work, lineal feet	1,980
Diamond Drill Holes Put In, lineal feet	695
Tons Ore Mined and Trammed to Mill.	8,790
Tons Tallings and Cyaniding Concentrates Pumped to Mill	7,327
NEW CONSTRUCTION, EQUIPMENT INSTALLED, ETC.	
Wash and Change Room, 16 feet by 24 feet.	
Two Wallace Super Agitators, Low Head Type.	
Two Seven-Compartment Zinc Boxes for Gold Precipitation.	
Supplies and equipment freighted to mine from Valdez and C	hitina
802 tons at a landed cost of \$18.68 per ton.	· ·
granter	

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MILL OPERATIONS AND ESTIMATED PRODUCTION FOR THE YEAR 1937

Total number days operated	284.71
Total tons of ore treated	8,790.00
Average value per ton of ore treated\$	20.93
Gross value of ore treated	83.980.08
Total tons of tails and cyaniding concentrates retreated	7.327.00
Average value per ton of tails and cyaniding concentrates re-	1,021100
treated	14.49
Gross value of tails and cyaniding concentrates retreated\$3	06.165.89
Total gross value mill heads	
Tons shipping concentrates produced	405.77
Average gross value per tou	411.05
Tons concentrates shipped to smelter	375.77
Gross value concentrates shipped \$1	
Tous shipping concentrates stored	
Gross value shipping concentrates stored, estimated\$	
Gross value builion produced and shipped to U. S. Mint\$	
Gross value bullion produced, on hand\$	
Total estimated gross income from 1937 production	
Overall recovery percent, mill and cyanide plant	6 8. 33

BALANCE SHEET as of December 31, 1937 ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS: Cash on Hand	\$ 1,966.52	
Inventories	96,390.76	
Accounts Receivable: Employes' Advances	689.24	
Total Current Assets	70,538.88	\$ 99,046.52
Land	3,798.29	
Total Fixed Assets MINE PROPERTY:		74,337.12
Mining Claims	23,724.35	
Unamortized Development Costs	114,606.38	
Total Mine Property PREPAID EXPENSES: Fire Insurance Premiums Taxes	125.00 15.00	138,330.78
Total Prepaid Expenses		140.00
TOTAL ASSETS		\$311,854.37

^{*}Does not include cyaniding concentrates stored at mill for further treatment.

BALANCE SHEET as of December 31, 1937

CURRENT LIABILITIES: 30,000.00 Notes Payable to Bank\$ 30,000.00 \$504.22 Taxes Payable	
Accrued Wages Payable 5,717.34	
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 51,095.61
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	
CAPITAL STOCK: Authorized 20c par value:	
Common1,000,000 Shares \$200,000.00 Less Unissued 61,800 12,860.00	
Total Issued	
Outstanding876,400 Shares 175,280.00	
SURPLUS: Paid in	
Earned 61,208.76 85,478.76	
Total Capital and Surplus	260,758.76
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$311,854.37

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND PROFIT AND LOSS, YEAR 1937

GROSS SALES: 1937 Production			\$198,249.04
OTHER INCOME: Interest Earned Stock Transfer Profit Commissary Profit Equipment Sales Profit		\$ 10.17 13.24 1,368.92 893.50	2,285.83
TOTAL INCOME			200,534.87
EXPENSES:			
Milling Mining Marketing Concentrates Smeltering		62,219.96 39,977.05 17,720.32 11,034.92	
Repairing:			
Buildings \$\\ MachineryHeating Plant \\ Water System	266.01 11,867.62 283.71 246,68	12,664.02	'
Taxes:			
Social Security Capital Stock Federal Income Territorial License Other Taxes	2,294.18 976.00 275.24 40.00 5,947.47	9,532.89	
Salaries of Officials Heating Plant Operation Diamond Drilling Office Expense Hospital Fund Deficit Fire Insurance Interest Paid Miscellaneous Expense Office Rent Fire Loss Telephone & Telegraph Water System Operation	,	3,300 2,799.95 1,615.03 4,356.13 2,060.48 750.00 1,285.02 2,132.42 180.00 324.79 548.32 593.29	
TOTAL EXPENSES			173,094.59
NET PROFIT BEFORE DEPRE- CIATION AND DEPLETION DEPRECIATION		23,903.37	27,440.28
DEPLETION		1,906.07	25,809.44
NET PROFIT AFTER DEPRE- CIATION AND DEPLETION		20000101	\$ 1,630.84

Historical Summary of Operation

ъ г	Т		1	Т	Т	Т	Т		
Dlamond Drill Work Lin. Ft.			,		585	1,045	1,292	695	3,617
Under- ground Work LIn. Ft.	150	219	412	532	1,868	2,232	3,203	1,980	11,085
Mill Operation Days		09	98	119	170	295	223.7	284.71	1238.41
Recovery Per Cent		50.99	81.67	81.40	74.60	77.03	88.06	0verall 68,33	Average 76.47
Ore Milled Gross Value		\$ 117,180.00	169,200.96	153,873.96	327,121.30	320,967.36	209,637.47	290,145.97	\$1,588,127.02
Mill Heads Value Per Ton		\$90.00	83.68	53.54	32.86	19.52	17.99	18.00	Average \$26.31
Recovered Gross Value		\$ 60,759.53	131,978.54	141,649,68	244,073.69	*247,259.38	+190,513.11	198,249.04	\$1,214,482.97
Tons Milled	;	1,302	2,022	2,874	9,955	16,443	11,653	16,117	998,09
Year	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	Totals

*Not included, bullion from stacked middlings, \$10,233.57.

Main Office: Chitina, Alaska

Mine Office: Nabesna, Alaska

Officers

Carl F. Whitham, President and General Manager, Nabesna, Alaska Claude Stewart, Vice President, Chitina, Alaska

D. H. Kelsey, Secretary-Treasurer, Chitina, Alaska

E. B. Kluckhohn, Assistant Secretary, Seattle, Wash.

Nabesna Mining Corporation

GENERAL MANAGER'S

NINTH ANNUAL REPORT TO STOCKHOLDERS

YEAR 1938

MAR 20 1939

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COMMISSIONER OF MINTES

Ninth Annual Report To Stockholders Year 1938

COMPARISON with last year shows that the most distinctive features of 1938 Nabesna operation have been: increase of actual mill operating time, larger tonnage treated, better recovery and a gross production value more than double that of any previous year's record.

The steady and the efficient working of the power plant and mill equipment with only a comparatively small amount of time needed for making repairs, general overbaul and maintenance work, made possible the increase in operating days and the larger tonnage milled.

Better recovery was made by efficient mill operation and alterations in the set-up of the flotation unit and of the reagents used. The closing down of the cyanide plant operation has also contributed to a better overall recovery and has made possible a considerable saving in operating costs. All of these increases and improvements, together with the higher value of the ore milled combined to give the larger gross production amount for the year.

Mining and development work were carried on continuously during the year. Work was accomplished on all levels of the mine from the 250-down to the 650-foot level. The Nugget Crosscut on the 250-foot level and the 350-foot level drift received the greater part of the development work. No new ore bodies of any importance have been found during the last few months of the year. During the year as a whole, however, mining development has shown very satisfactory results as to quantities and grade of ore developed. Especially has this been the case with the No. 49 ore body, which was found to extend for over 300 ver-

tical feet above the 450-foot level. Ore has been mined from 53 Stope on the 550-foot level in ore that is the downward extension of the No. 45 ore body from levels above. A vein of medium grade ore three feet wide has lately been found while extending the Nugget Crosscut farther ahead toward the main line diorite contact.

The winter production of concentrates is being stored at the mine. These will be hauled to Valdez and shipped to the smelter as soon as the road to the coast is open for traffic in the spring.

While the permanent closing of the Copper River & Northwestern railroad will shorten the season in which supplies can be freighted to Nabesna mine by about two months, it will otherwise cause no great inconvenience to the operation, as freight can be handled over the Valdez route at less cost than was formerly done via the railroad routing.

1939 PROGRAM

Continuous operation of mine and mill is planned for 1939. Ore will be mined and delivered to the mill from the stopes on the 350-, 450- and 550-foot levels and from such additional new stopes as are opened up during the year.

Work will be continued on the Nugget Crosscut drift. It is expected this will be completed through to the main lime diorite contact by early spring. Surface ore exposures indicate that at this main contact the principal ore bodies in the area being developed by the Nugget Crosscut will be found. Drifts on several of the mine levels will be driven farther ahead along the contact ore zone to the North. Stope raises will be driven preparing additional ore for mining. Diamond drill exploration work will be carried on as has been the practice in the past.

A new electrically-driven compressor, to replace the one destroyed by fire, will be installed in the spring as early as the opening of the highway makes freighting from Valdez possible. During the summer supplies and equipment to carry on operations will be freighted in and an ample supply stored at the mine for use during the winter months.

MINE WORK ACCOMPLISHED YEAR 1938

250 foot Level Workings:	
Nugget Crosscut, lineal feet driven 820	
Nugget Crosscut Stope Raise, lineal feet driven 40	
350 foot Level Workings:	
Drift, lineal feet driven754	
Stope Raise, lineal feet driven	
450 foot Level Workings:	
Drift, lineal feet driven132	
550 level Workings:	
Drift, lineal feet driven	
Stope Raise, lineal feet driven120	
650 foot Level Workings:	
Stope Raise, lineal feet driven126	
Total Underground Work, lineal feet	2,589
Diamond Drill Holes Put In, lineal feet	1,840
Tons Ore Mined and Trammed to Mill	12,225
Tons Tailings Pumped to Mill	5,801
Total Tonnage Delivered to Mill and Treated	18,026

NEW CONSTRUCTION: Equipment Installed, etc.

Jaw Crusher, 9 in. by 16 in., at mill. Electrically-driven Compressor at 650 Tunnel Portal. Machine Lathe and Drill Press at Mill Machine Shop. Dorr Classified, 24 in. wide by 18 ft., 4 in. long, at Mill. Automatic Tailing Sampler at Mill.

Supplies and equipment freighted to mine from Valdez and Chitina, 848.8 tons at a landed cost of \$19.19 per ton.



MILL OPERATIONS AND ESTIMATED PRODUCTION FOR THE YEAR 1938

Total numi	er of days operated		<u> </u>	75)
Total tons	of mine ore treated	Q	2,225.	C 00.
Average va	due per ton of mine ore treated	; .	(42.	65
Gross value	of mine ore treated	652	1,393.	27
Total tons	of tails retreated		ō,801.	Č 66.
	lue per ton of tails retreated			
	e of tails retreated			
Total gross	value of mill heads	60	6,629.	79
	ing concentrates produced from tails			
	oss value per ton			
Gross valu	e of concentrates produced from tails	4	8,227.	.34
	rom tails retreated, per cent			
Tons shipp	ing concentrates produced from mine ore		426.	11
Average gi	ross value per ton	ß	1,109.	.35

Gross value of concentrates produced from mine ore\$472,704.4	6
Gross value of bullion produced from mine ore	8
Total gross value of concentrates and bullion produced from	
mine ore\$477,462.6	
Recovery from mine ore, per cent	1)
Tons concentrates shipped to smelter516.7	7
Gross value of concentrates shipped\$437,291.0	5
Tons concentrates stored 78.5	5
Gross value of concentrates stored, estimated \$83,640.	5
Gross value bullion produced and shipped to U. S. Mint\$ 4,478.	13
Gross value bullion produced, on hand	.5
Total estimated gross income from 1938 production\$525,689.	8
Overall recovery per cent, from mine ore and retreated tailings 86.	<u> </u>
#	



BALANCE SHEET as of December 31, 1938 ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash on Hand\$	1,351.05		
Cash in Banks	32,718.39	\$ 34,069.44	
Inventories:			
Concentrates	77,534.98		
Bullion	278.75		
Supplies	56,662.89	134,476.62	
Accounts Receivable:			
Employes' Advances	115.72		
Sundry	2,260.63	2,376.35	
Total Current Assets			\$170,922.41
FIXED ASSETS:			
Plant and Equipment	193,493.61		
Less reserve for Depreciation	114,983.19	78,510.42	
Land		3,798.29	
Total Fixed Assets			82,308.71
MINE PROPERTY:			
Mining Claims	100,001.00		
Less reserve for Depletion	100,001.00		
Unamortized Development			
Costs		121,203.02	
Total Mine Property			121,203.02
PREPAID EXPENSES:			
Fire Insurance Premiums		125.00	
Taxes		15.00	,140.00
TOTAL ASSETS			\$374,574.14

BALANCE SHEET as of December 31, 1938

CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable\$ 4,738.42	
Taxes Payable 50,554.92 \$ 55,293.3	4
Accrued Wages Payable 6,928.7	5
Total Current Lilabilities	\$ 62,222.09
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	
CAPITAL STOCK:	
Authorized 20c par value:	
Common	0
Less Unissued 61,800 12,360.0	0
Total Issued	0
Less Treasury Stock 61,800 12,360.0	0 .
Outstanding	0
SURPLUS:	
Paid In\$11,910.00	•
Donated 12,360.00	
Earned	5
Total Capital and Surplus	312,352.05
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$374,574.14

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND PROFIT AND LOSS YEAR 1938

CROSS SATES		
GROSS SALES:		
1938 ProductionOTHER INCOME:		\$525,689.98
Interest Earned	\$ 10.42	
Stock Transfer Profit.	,	
Commissary Profit	54.39	7 000 00
	1,135.99	1,200.80
TOTAL INCOME		\$526,890.78
EXPENSES:		
Milling	54,053.04	
Mining, Current	41,779.89	
Development Amortization	22,403.65	1
Marketing Concentrates	21,530.56	•
Smeltering	22,512.43	
Repairing:		
Machinery\$ 24,550.63		
Plant 2,284.47	26,835.10	
Taxes:		
Social Security 3,286.04		
Capital Stock 2,750.00		
Federal Income 28,366.65		
Territorial 15,016.88	49,419.57	
Salaries of Officials	3,550.00	
Heating Plant Operation	3,103.66	
Diamond Drilling	2,042.07	
Office Expense	4,826.67	
Hospital Fund Deficit	428,97	
Insurance	1,554,27	
Interest Paid	1,259.42	
Miscellaneous Expense	5,366.71	-
Office Rent	180,00	
Telephone and Telegraph	532,02	
Water System Operation	362.30	
Loss on Equipment Sold and		
Abandoned	27,859.01	
Officers' Travel Expense	376.95	
Engineering	635.08	
TOTAL EXPENSES		\$290,611.37
		Ψ200,0XX.81
TION AND DEPLETION		\$236,279.41
DEPRECIATION	13,431.23	
DEPLETION	78,853.50	92,284.73
NET PROFIT.		\$143,994.68

Historical Summary of Operation

Year	Tons	Recovered Gross Value	Mill Heads Value Per Ton	Ore Milled Gross Value	Recovery Per Cent	Mili Operation Days	Under- ground Work Lin. Ft.	Diamond Drill Work Lin. Ft.
1930							150	
1931	1,302	\$ 60,759.53	\$90.00	\$ 117,180.00	20.99	09	617	
1932	2,022	131,978.54	83.68	169,200.96	81.67	98	412	
1933	2,874	141,649.68	53.54	153,873.96	81.40	119	532	
1934	9,955	244,073.69	. 32.86	327,121.30	74.60	170	1,868	585
1935	16,443	247,259.38	19.52	320,967.36	77.03	295	2,323	1,045
1936	11,653	190,513.11	17.99	209,637.47	90.88	223.7	3,203	1,292
1937	(16,117)	198,249,04	(18.00)	290,145,97	(68.33>	284.71	(1,980)	(695)
1938	(18,026)	525,689.98	(33.65)	606,629.79	86.66	312.75	2,5895	1,840
Totals	78,392	\$1,740,172.95	Average \$28.00	\$2,194,756.81	Ауегаде 79.29	1,551.16	13,674	5,457

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Main Office: Chitina, Alaska Mine Office: Nabesna, Alaska

Officers

CARL F. WHITHAM President and General Manager, Nabesna, Alaska

> CLAUDE STEWART Vice President, Chitina, Alaska

D. H. KELSEY Secretary-Treasurer, Chitina, Alaska

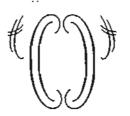
E. B. KLUCKHOHN Assistant Secretary, Seattle, Wash.

And Mitter your 18

TENTH
ANNUAL REPORT TO STOCKHOLDERS

NABESNA MINING CORPORATION

YEAR 1939



NOTELD MAY ?- 140

B. D. STEWARA

Tenth Annual Report To Stockholders 1939

HE 5,029 tons of mine ore treated in the mill this year were mined from stopes on the 350, 450 and 550 levels of the mine. In addition to this tonnage of mine ore, 729 tons of tailings, stored below the mill from previous years, were pumped back into the mill and retreated. This is apparently the final remaining tonnage of tailings carrying sufficient values to be profitably milled at present production costs.

On June 12th, the ore reserves were practically depleted, the mill was closed down and all facilities were placed on active exploration and development work. This work consisted of diamond drilling, drift, raise and crosscut work carried on in the Nugget Crosscut area and on the several different levels of the mine. Such ore bodies as were found in doing this work were either unimportant as to size or low grade in value.

Early in June the corporation was fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Ira B. Joralemon, mining engineer and geologist, who made a careful examination and report on Nabesna Mine for us, outlining in his report a comprehensive, practical plan for mine development and exploration work. Embodied in the conclusions of his report, Mr. Joralemon stated that: "although nothing is certain in limestone replacement districts, it seems highly probable that very valuable ore bodies will be found in at least some of the four places suggested above. If Nabesna District agrees with experience in many other limestone replace-

ment districts, the quantity of new ore should be greater than that of ore already mined."

Mr. Joralemon further advised us that our exploration development work be continued until we had accumulated an ore reserve for two or three years supply in sight. While in the work so far accomplished we have not been successful in locating new ore bodies of any importance, considerable work to fully carry out this development program as planned remains to be done, and, as the report advised, the work outlined was to a large extent only the preliminary stage of the plan, that any small ore showings or deposits of marginal value should be further explored and developed by diamond drilling and other work, as these might very likely lead to valuable important ore bodies.

Mine work was closed down on September 10th. This was done in order to avoid the higher costs of carrying on the operation during the cold, freezing weather of the winter months. Work will be resumed in the spring, probably by the latter part of May, when weather conditions have become more favorable. The mill may also be put into part time production at the same time, milling such ore as is readily available from development work, without to any extent retarding the mine development being carried on.

MINE WORK ACCOMPLISHED, YEAR 1939

Nugget Crosscut, drift drive, lineal feet	38
Nugget Crosscut, raise driven, lineal feet	85 -
350 Level, drift driven, lineal feet4	99
350 level, stope raise driven, lineal feet	96
450 Level, drift driven, lineal feet	69
550 Level, drift driven, lineal feet	83
550 Level, stope raise driven, lineal feet	.60
Total Underground Work, lineal feet	1,630
Diamond Drill Holes Put In, lineal feet	
Tons Ore Mined and Trammed to Mill	5,029
Tons Tallings Pumped to Mill	729
Total Tonnage Delivered to Mill and Treated	5,758

NEW CONSTRUCTION, EQUIPMENT INSTALLED, ETC.

Compressor Building, 18 ft. by 20 ft., at 650 Tunnel Portal. Electric Motor Drive Compressor, at 650 Tunnel Portal.

Supplies and equipment freighted to mine from Valdez, 209 tons at a landed cost of \$17.00 per ton.

Concentrates freighted from mine to Valdez, 287 tons at a freighting cost of \$9.50 per ton.

MILL OPERATIONS AND ESTIMATED PRODUCTION FOR THE YEAR 1939

Total number of days operated	124.30
Total tons of mine ore treated	5,029.00
Average value per ton of mine ore treated\$	19.38
Gross value of mine ore treated\$	97,467.19
Total tons of tails retreated	729.60
Average value per ton of tails retreated\$	12.59
Gross value of tails retreated\$	9,185.67
Total gross value of mill heads\$1	06,652.86
Tons shipping concentrates produced from tailings	21.78
Average gross value per ton\$	253.24
Gross value of concentrates produced from tailings\$	5,515.58
Recovery from tailings retreated per cent	60.05
Tons shipping concentrates produced from mine ore	135.75
Average gross value per ton\$	649.71
Gross value of concentrates produced from mine ore\$	88,198.30
Gross value of bullion produced from mine ore\$	378.36
Total gross value of concentrates and bullion produced from	
mine ore	88,576,66

Recovery from mine ore, per cent	90.88
Tons concentrates shipped to smelter	157.53
Gross value of concentrates shipped\$	93,713.88
Gross value bullion produced and shipped to U. S. Mint\$	378.36
Total estimated gross income from 1939 production\$	94,092.24
Overall recovery per cent, from mine ore and retreated tailings	88.22

BALANCE SHEET NABESNA MINING CORPORATION **DECEMBER 31, 1939**

ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash on Hand \$ 521.66		
Cash in Banks 102,503.79	\$103,025.45	
Inventory-Supplies:	32	
Accounts Receivable:		
Employes' Advances 109.72		
Sundry 3,071.69	3,181.41	
Total Current Assets		\$138,214.67
Plant and Equipment 198,094.10		
Less Reserve for Depreciation 198,094.10		
Land	3,798.29	
Total Fixed Assets		3.798.29
MINE PROPERTY:		_,
Mining Claims	100,001.00	
Less Reserve for Depletion	100,001.00	
PREPAID EXPENSES:	-	
Fire Insurance Premiums	125.00	
Taxes	15.00	
Total Prepaid Expenses		140.00
TOTAL ASSETS		\$142,152.96
	=	

BALANCE SHEET NABESNA MINING CORPORATION **DECEMBER 31, 1939**

LIABILITIES

CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable\$ 1.51 Taxes Payable	
Accrued Wages Payable 407.25	
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 23,257.86
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	φ 20,401.00
CAPITAL STOCK: Authorized 20c par value: Common	
Less Unissued 61,800 Shares 12,360.00	
Total Issued	
Less Treasury Stock 61,800 Shares 12,360.00	
Outstanding	
Earned Surplus (Deficit) 80,654.90 Less:	
Paid in Surplus\$ 11,910.00	
Donated Surplus 12,360.00 24,270.00	56,384.90
Total Capital and Surplus	118,895.10
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	\$142,152.96
NABESNA MINING CORPORATION	
STATEMENT OF SURPLUS	
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1939	
BALANCE December 31, 1938 DEDUCT:	\$112,802.05
Additional Depreciation Lear 1938\$ 70,231.38	
Additional Development Amortization, Year	
1938 112,038.33	
\$182,269.71	
Less: Reduction in Reserve for Federal	
Income Tax21,274.99	160,994.72
ADJUSTED BALANCE (Deficit)	\$ 48,192.67
ADD: Loss Year 1939	\$ 32,462.23
BALANCE (Deficit) December 31, 1939	\$ 80.654.90

NABESNA MINING CORPORATION STATEMENT OF INCOME AND PROFIT AND LOSS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1939

CDOOG OAL DO.	101111111	2110	01, 1000	
GROSS SALES:				A A4 AAA A4
1939 Production				\$ 94,092.24
OTHER INCOME:				
Interest Earned		\$	323,16	
Stock Transfer Profit			23.75	
Commissary Profit			186.71	
Hospital Fund Excess			33.22	
Equipment Sales Profit			1,000.00	1,566.84
TOTAL INCOME				\$.95,659.08
EXPENSES:				
Milling			20,820.98	
Mining			26,087.60	
Development Amortization			26,704,82	
Marketing Concentrates			7,160.86	
Smeltering			4,272,14	
Repairing:				
Buildings\$	83.17			
Machinery	3,079.67			
Heating Plant	461.14			
Water System	345.96			
Air Lines	61.77		4,031.71	
Taxes:				
Social Security	1,872.17			
Capital Stock	2,629.00			
Territorial	1,785.61		6,286.78	
Salaries of Officials			3,400.00	•
Heating Plant Operation			3,142.33	
Diamond Drilling			4,235.00	•
Office Expenses			3,009.07	
Insurance			990.93	
Interest Paid			376.66	
Miscellaneous Expense			3,491.09	
Office Rent			120.00	,
Telephone and Telegraph			183.82	
Water System Operation			143.29	
TOTAL EXPENSES				\$114,457.08
LOSS BEFORE DEPRECIATION				
DEPRECIATION				\$ 18,798.00
DEFREGRATION				\$ <u>13,664.23</u>
LOSS AFTER DEPRECIATION				\$ 32,462.23

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							107117	Diamond
	Tons	Recovered Gross Value	MIII Heads Value Per Ton	Ore Milled Gross Value	Recovery Per Cent	Operation Days	ground Work Lin. Ft	Work Lln. Ft.
							150	
	1,302	\$ 60,759.53	\$90.00	\$ 117,180.00	66.03	09	617	
_	2,022	131,978.54	83.68	169,200.96	81.67	98	412	
_	2,874	141,649.68	53.54	153,873.96	81.40	119	532	
$\overline{}$	9,955	244,073.69	32.86	327,121.30	74.60	170	1,868	585
	16,443	247,259.38	19.52	320,967.36	77.03	295	2,323	1,045
7	11.653	190,513.11	17.99	209,637.47	90.88	223.7	3,203	1,292
\top	16,117	198,249.04	18.00	290,145.97	68.33	284.71	1,980	695
	18,026	525,689.98	33.65	606,629.79	99.98	312.75	2,589	1,840
	5,758	94,092.24	18.52	106,652.86	88.22	,124.30	1,630	3,364
1	84,150	\$1,834,265.19	Average \$27.35	\$2,301,409.67	Average 79.70	1,675.46	45,304	8,821
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Main Office: CHITINA, ALASKA Mine Office: NABESNA, ALASKA

Officers

CARL F. WHITHAM
President and Treasurer
CLAUDE STEWART
Vice President and Secretary

Directors

CARL F. WHITHAM, Nabesna, Alaska CLAUDE STEWART, Chitina, Alaska THOS. M. DONOHOE, Cordova, Alaska HAROLD L. SCOTT, Seattle, Wash. O. A. NELSON, Chitina, Alaska ARNE SUNDT, Gakona, Alaska M. N. CHASE, Chitina, Alaska