Shoreline Change (1951–2018)
Ekuk, Alaska

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Shorelines represent the land-water interface. Shorelines were delineated from historical photographs collected between 1951 and 2018. Using the Digital Shoreline Analysis System (DSAS) developed by the U.S. Geological Survey, the measured distance between shorelines through time determines the linear rate of shoreline change at shore-perpendicular transects. The length of shoreline change envelope at each transect location indicates the distance between the nearest and farthest shorelines between 1951 and 2018. The shoreline change envelope is colored by the shoreline change rate (meters/year and feet/year), with hot colors representing erosion and cool colors representing accretion. Linear rates of shoreline change are simplified and do not accurately reflect shoreline erosion and accretion at all locations.

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Shoreline Change Rate

- Erosion
  - -0.5 to -0.3 (-1.6 to -1.0)
  - -0.3 to 0.3 (-1.0 to 1.0)
  - 0.3 to 1.0 (1.0 to 3.3)
  - 1.0 to 2.4 (3.3 to 7.9)

- Stable
- Accretion

Transect length is the shoreline change envelope, which is the distance between the two farthest-apart shorelines at that location.