

EXPLANATION

Residual magnetic contours  
Contour interval is 100  $\gamma$  offshore except in areas of steep magnetic gradients where the contour interval is larger. Arrows indicate direction of decreasing magnetic intensity.

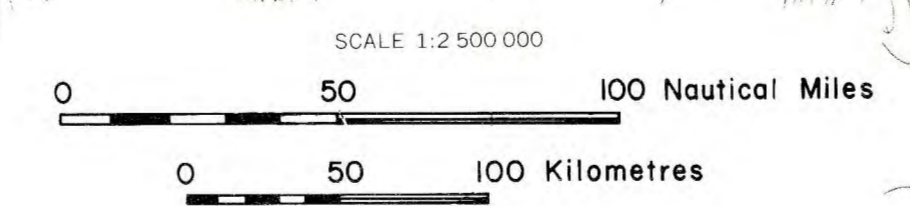
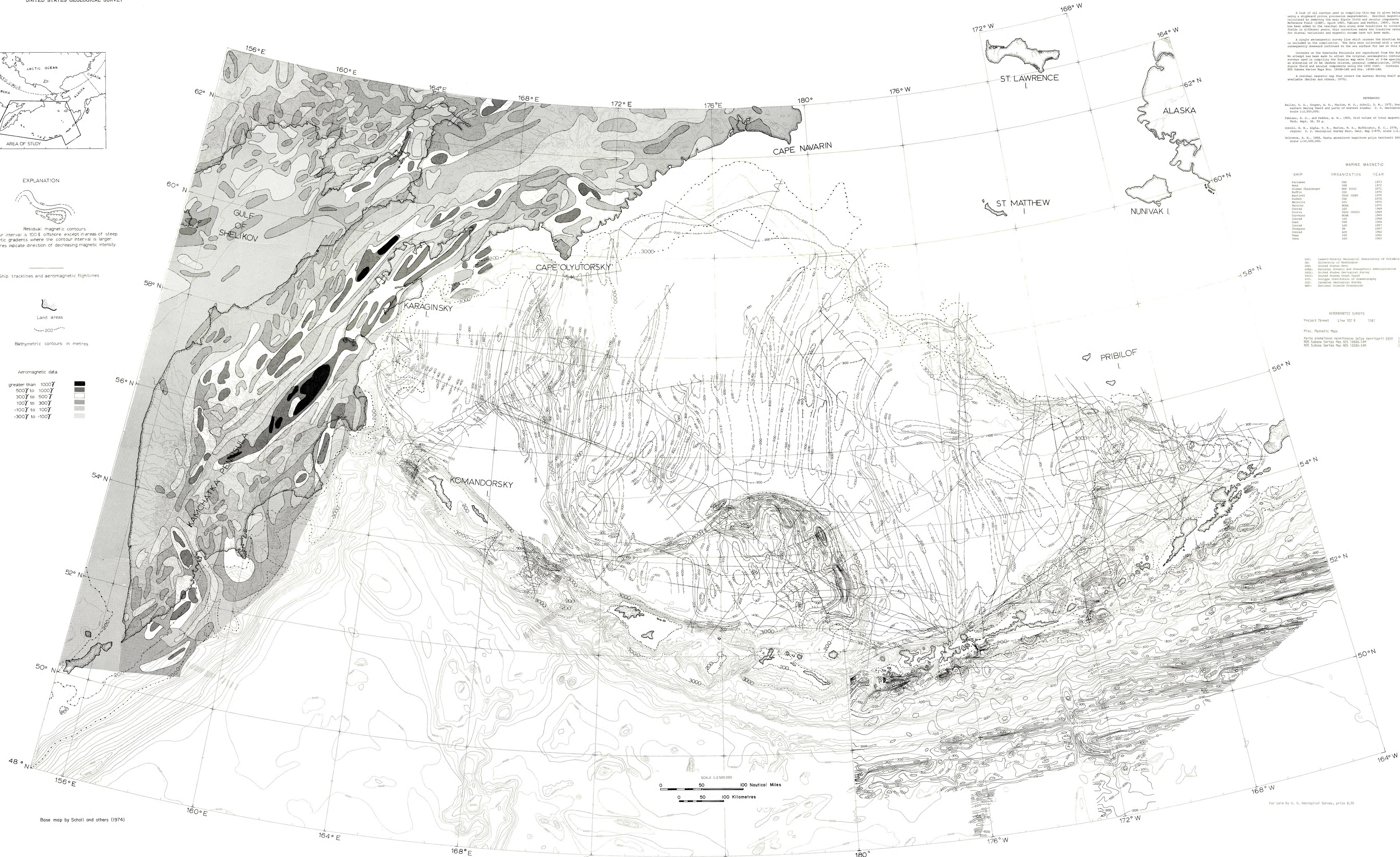
Ship tracklines and aeromagnetic flightlines

Land areas  
Bathymetric contours in metres

Aeromagnetic data

greater than 1000 $\gamma$	Black
500 $\gamma$ to 1000 $\gamma$	Dark Grey
300 $\gamma$ to 500 $\gamma$	Medium Grey
100 $\gamma$ to 300 $\gamma$	Light Grey
-100 $\gamma$ to 100 $\gamma$	White
-300 $\gamma$ to -100 $\gamma$	Light Grey

Base map by Scholl and others (1974)



PRELIMINARY RESIDUAL MAGNETIC MAP OF THE  
BERING SEA BASIN AND THE KAMCHATKA PENINSULA

BY  
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1976

A list of all surveys used in compiling this map is given below. Marine magnetic data were collected using a shipboard proton precession magnetometer. Residual magnetic anomalies for all marine data were calculated by removing the main dipole field and the residual components based on the International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) of 1975. Bathymetric data were obtained from the International Hydrographic Association (IHO) charts and other sources. Contour intervals were 100  $\gamma$  for the marine data. A constant value of 100  $\gamma$  was used for the land data. The magnetic field was corrected for the magnetic declination at the location of the survey. The magnetic field in different parts of this area may vary from the magnetic field shown on the map. Corrections for diurnal variations and magnetic storms have not been made.

A single aeromagnetic survey line which crosses the Alaskan Basin and extends over Jones Basin is included in the compilation. The data were collected with a magnetotelluric magnetometer and were subsequently converted to the air correction for use on this map.

Contours on the Kamchatka Peninsula are reproduced from the Russian aeromagnetic map of Belovaya (1949). No attempt has been made to adjust the original aeromagnetic contours in the preparation of this map. The survey used in compiling the Russian map were flown at 2-1000 feet and the data were spaced out to an interval of 100 meters. The Russian map was compiled in 1974. Corrections were made for the magnetic field and magnetic anomalies from 1975 to 1976. Contours from the Russian map were from 100 meters magnetic map nos. 1044-146 and nos. 1044-147.

A residual magnetic map that covers the eastern Bering shelf and parts of western Alaska is also available (Healy and others, 1974).

REFERENCES

Belovaya, N. A., Soper, A. R., Paulsen, H. W., 1971, Residual magnetic map of the eastern Bering shelf and parts of western Alaska. U. S. Geological Survey Misc. Field Studies Map 715, scale 1:2,500,000.

Belovaya, N. A., and Paulsen, H. W., 1969, Grid values of total magnetic intensity 1960-1965. U. S. Geol. Surv. Misc. Pub. 29, 58 p.

Howell, J. I., Soper, A. R., Paulsen, H. W., 1974, Residual magnetic map of the Alaskan-Bering Sea region. U. S. Geological Survey Misc. Field Studies Map 715, scale 1:2,500,000.

Howell, J. I., 1969, Karte anomalous magnetore polya territorii SSR: Ministerstvo Geologii SSSR, scale 1:2,500,000.

MARINE MAGNETIC

SHIP	ORGANIZATION	YEAR	NAVIGATION SYSTEMS
Fortuna	USG	1971	SONAR, satellite
Ben	USG	1970	SONAR, satellite
Comet Challenger	USG (USC)	1971	SONAR, satellite
Buffalo	USG (USN)	1970	SONAR, satellite
Harriet	USG	1970	SONAR, satellite
Wavilla	USG	1970	SONAR, satellite
Waka	USG	1970	SONAR, satellite
Conrad	USG (USC)	1969	SONAR, radar
Conrad	USG	1969	SONAR, satellite
Surveyor	USG	1969	Satellite
Conrad	USG	1968	Sonarc-C, radar
Conrad	USG	1967	Sonarc-C, radar
Conrad	USG	1967	Sonarc-C, radar
Conrad	USG	1966	Sonarc-C, radar
Waka	USG	1965	Sonarc-C, radar
Waka	USG	1965	Sonarc-C, radar

AEROMAGNETIC SURVEYS

Project Name	Line	Year
Project Name	Line 502 E	1961

FIG. 1. Magnetic Map

Karte anomalous magnetore polya territorii SSR, 1968  
NOS Subsea Series Map NOS 1660-166  
1971  
NOS Subsea Series Map NOS 1660-166  
1973

For sale by U. S. Geological Survey, price \$3.50