

Sample number	Rock type	Mineral ¹	Percent K ₂ O	⁴⁰ Ar /gm rad	Percent of ⁴⁰ Ar rad	Age (m.y.)	Error (m.y.)	Comments
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EOCENE AND OGLIOCENE INTRUSIVE ROCKS

77As 30	Andesite	Hbl	0.317 .321	1.666 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.700 X 10 ⁻¹¹	29.1 35.2	35.9 36.7	±1.03 .79	
				Mean-----	36.3	1.42		
77As 40	Leuco-basalt	Hbl	.466 .467	2.287 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 2.456 X 10 ⁻¹¹	24.2 36.7	33.7 36.2	.60 .56	
				Mean-----	35.0	1.95		
77As 46	Andesite(?)	Hbl	.310 .311	1.712 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.827 X 10 ⁻¹¹	19.8 27.8	37.81 40.31	1.58 .91	
				Mean-----	39.1	1.84		
77As 74	Dacite	Bio	8.46 8.50	4.381 X 10 ⁻¹⁰ 4.126 X 10 ⁻¹⁰	43.7 74.0	35.5 33.5	.60 .59	
				Mean-----	34.5	1.60		
77As 122	Dacite	Hbl	.338 .324	1.125 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.009 X 10 ⁻¹¹	24.1 17.5	23.57 21.17	.59 .47	Minimum age, possibly reset owing to proximity to Devils batholith. Impure hornblende concentrate with inclusions of plagioclase.
				Mean-----	22.4	1.86		
78As 5	Andesite	Plag	.483 .485	3.402 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 3.354 X 10 ⁻¹¹	45.5 40.4	48.55 47.64	.55 .29	
				Mean-----	48.1	.89		
78As 11	Dacite	Hbl	.495 .492	1.381 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.357 X 10 ⁻¹¹	30.5 31.0	19.42 19.08	.16 .16	Minimum age, possibly reset owing to nearby Quaternary volcanism.
				Mean-----	19.3	.33		
78As 17	Leuco-basalt	Hbl	.397 .405	1.911 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 2.068 X 10 ⁻¹¹	33.3 36.2	32.04 35.52	.48 .51	
				Mean-----	34.2	2.02		
78As 24	Andesite	Hbl	.430 .428	2.161 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 2.020 X 10 ⁻¹¹	30.9 35.2	34.59 32.36	.55 .65	
				Mean-----	33.5	1.69		
78As 27	Autolith in dacite(?)	Hbl	.391 .394	2.150 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 2.019 X 10 ⁻¹¹	32.9 27.7	37.8 35.5	.32 .31	
				Mean-----	36.7	1.67		
78As 35	Dacite	Hbl	.366 .364	1.800 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.858 X 10 ⁻¹¹	36.0 18.9	33.93 35.01	.16 .33	
				Mean-----	34.5	.85		
78As 42	Andesite	Hbl	.662 .663	3.182 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 3.123 X 10 ⁻¹¹	48.7 46.6	33.08 32.46	.14 .14	
				Mean-----	32.8	.48		
78As 43	Quartz sericite altered rock.	MR	.542 .546	2.665 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 2.691 X 10 ⁻¹¹	31.5 50.0	33.7 34.0	.54 .55	
				Mean-----	33.9	.80		

¹Mineral abbreviations are: Bio = biotite, Chl = chlorite, Hbl = hornblende, Plag = plagioclase, MR = whole-rock.

LATE TERTIARY VOLCANIC ROCKS

77As 9	Dacite	MR	1.775 1.772	2.407 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 2.336 X 10 ⁻¹¹	61.0 52.2	9.39 9.11	±0.14 .04	
				Mean-----	9.25	.15		
77As 112b	Leuco-basalt	MR	.646 .652 3.274 X 10 ⁻¹³	4.640 X 10 ⁻¹³ 5.788 X 10 ⁻¹³ 3.87	7.99 9.98 .383	.499 .623 .016	.042 .033 .10	
				Mean-----	.49	.15		
77As 134	Dacite	Hbl	.388 .389	5.575 X 10 ⁻¹² 5.756 X 10 ⁻¹²	4.08 12.91	9.94 10.26	.87 .21	
				Mean-----	10.10	.92		
77As 176	Andesite(?)	Hbl	.276 .277	6.249 X 10 ⁻¹² 6.969 X 10 ⁻¹²	12.37 14.87	15.62 17.41	.25 .71	Minimum age.
				Mean-----	16.5	1.5		
77As 190b	Andesite	Hbl	.529 .535	7.337 X 10 ⁻¹² 6.433 X 10 ⁻¹²	22.92 18.23	9.56 8.38	.30 .18	
				Mean-----	8.97	.90		
77Adt 19	Andesite	Plag	.428 .428	9.127 X 10 ⁻¹² 9.866 X 10 ⁻¹²	25.8 30.0	14.73 15.92	.09 .18	
				Mean-----	15.33	.87		
78Adt 34	Andesite	MR	.969 .992 1.007	9.887 X 10 ⁻¹³ 7.911 X 10 ⁻¹³ 1.028	8.18 7.47 .62	.685 .015 .10	.021 .015 .10	
78Ay 90	Andesite	MR	1.319 1.417 1.375	7.346 X 10 ⁻¹² 6.701 X 10 ⁻¹³ 1.358	32.15 36.72 3.53	3.69 3.37 .27	.11 .10 .27	

MISCELLANEOUS

77As 186	Granite cobble, Chignik Formation.	Bio	6.96 7.00	9.341 X 10 ⁻¹⁰ 9.036 X 10 ⁻¹⁰	69.6 78.2	90.7 87.8	.54 1.38	
				Mean-----	89.3	2.53		

Sample number	Rock type	Mineral	Percent K ₂ O	⁴⁰ Ar /gm rad	Percent of ⁴⁰ Ar rad	Age (m.y.)	Error (m.y.)
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VOLCANIC ROCKS, MESHIK FORMATION

77As 102	Leuco-basalt	MR	1.136 1.085	1.100 1.089	6.583 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 6.363 X 10 ⁻¹¹	83.3 79.1	41.01 39.65	±0.88 .85
				Mean-----	40.3	1.56		
78As 18	Leuco-basalt	MR	.765 .786	.790 .767	4.171 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 4.252 X 10 ⁻¹¹	60.7 69.2	36.91 37.62	.63 .64
				Mean-----	37.3	1.03		
78As 20	Dacite	MR	1.395 1.374	1.374 1.368	7.089 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 7.562 X 10 ⁻¹¹	84.8 72.6	35.40 37.73	.34 .40
				Mean-----	36.6	1.73		
78As 31	Andesite	MR	1.258 1.265	1.261 1.257	5.553 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 5.505 X 10 ⁻¹¹	90.5 84.9	30.35 30.10	.47 .14
				Mean-----	30.2	.49		
78As 32	Andesite	MR	.981 .985	.983 .983	4.432 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 4.332 X 10 ⁻¹¹	67.1 72.2	31.05 30.26	.48 .13
				Mean-----	30.7	.70		
78As 58	Dacite	MR	1.554 1.557	1.530 1.530	7.694 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 7.748 X 10 ⁻¹¹	90.6 89.8	34.32 34.56	.61 .36
				Mean-----	34.4	.73		
78As 61	Dacite	MR	1.210 1.213	1.206 1.206	6.107 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 5.985 X 10 ⁻¹¹	94.8 86.4	34.74 34.05	.16 .16
				Mean-----	34.4	.54		
78As 98	Leuco-basalt	MR	.201 .200	.199 .203	6.486 X 10 ⁻¹² 5.826 X 10 ⁻¹²	20.4 25.8	22.31 20.05	.33 .38
				Mean-----	21.2	1.68		
78As 111	Leuco-basalt	MR	.957 .974	.997 .957	5.615 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 5.449 X 10 ⁻¹¹	65.9 78.8	39.72 38.56	.79 .77
				Mean-----	39.1	1.37		
78As 134	Dacite	MR	1.093 1.134	1.132 1.106	4.296 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 4.195 X 10 ⁻¹¹	57.3 66.6	26.54 25.92	.51 .51
				Mean-----	26.2	.87		

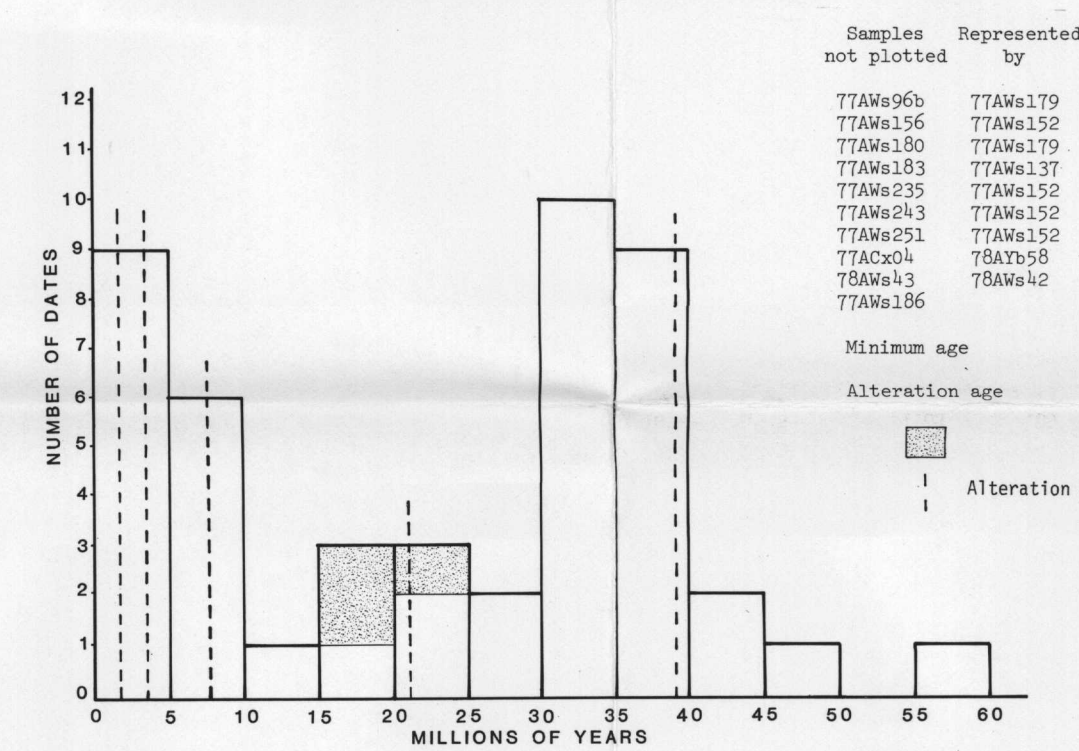
DEVILS BATHOLITH AND WARNER BAY PROSPECT

77As 96b	Pegmatite	Potassium feldspar	14.07 14.06	1.337 X 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.309 X 10 ⁻¹⁰	44.1 51.6	6.59 6.46	±0.01 .10	
				Mean-----	6.53	.17		
77As 100	Granodiorite	Bio	9.10 9.11	9.11 9.15	1.037 X 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.009 X 10 ⁻¹⁰	37.9 43.1	7.88 7.87	.13 .12
				Mean-----	7.78	.23		
		Hbl	.531 .530	.531 .532	7.702 X 10 ⁻¹² 7.406 X 10 ⁻¹²	21.3 27.2	10.05 9.66	.18 .15
				Mean-----	9.86	.36		
77As 125	Tonalite	Bio	8.97 8.97	7.95 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 7.63 X 10 ⁻¹¹	62.3 48.7	6.15 5.90	.09 .09	
				Mean-----	6.03	.22		
		Hbl	.533 .536	.533 4.938 X 10 ⁻¹²	16.0 12.4	6.25 6.41	.14 .15	
				Mean-----	6.33	.23		
77As 179	Altered tonalite	Bio	9.00 9.01	9.01 9.674 X 10 ⁻¹¹	1.020 X 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.311 X 10 ⁻¹¹	4.55 31.31	7.85 7.45	.53 .27
				Mean-----	7.65	.66		
77As 180	Pegmatite	Bio	9.00 9.07	9.16 9.04	9.220 X 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.008 X 10 ⁻¹⁰	20.8 17.1	7.04 7.71	.17 .23
				Mean-----	7.38	.55		
78As 95	Quartz diorite	Bio	7.94 7.91	8.970 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 7.664 X 10 ⁻¹¹	38.8 21.1	7.85 10.08	.04 .14	

MALLARD DUCK BAY PROSPECT

77As 137	Tonalite	Bio/Chl	5.54 5.55	5.56 5.57	1.684 X 10 ⁻¹⁰ 1.742 X 10 ⁻¹⁰	20.0 42.4	20.93 21.65	.39 .38
				Mean-----	21.3	.79		
77As 183	Quartz sericite altered rock.	MR	2.498 2.487	2.607 2.462	7.938 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 7.475 X 10 ⁻¹¹	56.3 75.9	21.61 20.54	.68 .63
				Mean-----	21.2	1.31		
77As 1	Andesite	Hbl	.344 .342	1.301 X 10 ⁻¹¹ 1.389 X 10 ⁻¹¹	29.6 15.3	26.2 27.9	.57 .86	
				Mean-----	27.1	1.58		

Histogram of potassium-argon ages from the Chignik and Sutwik Island region



TEXT

Shown on sheets 1 and 2 are 57 potassium-argon age determinations completed as part of the mineral resource assessment of the Chignik and Sutwik Island quadrangles. In addition, 40 whole-rock chemical analyses are reported here for some of the igneous rocks that were dated.

Most of the rocks fall into two age clusters: Eocene and early Oligocene, and late Miocene and Pliocene. A previous report (Wilson, 1980) discussed this bimodality in detail and related the ages to a postulated volcanic arc extending during Tolstoi and Meshik times and to the present-day Aleutian arc.

Other ages reported here indicate the timing of copper porphyry mineralization associated with the igneous activity in the region. Hydrothermal alteration is related to both episodes of igneous activity. The age determinations reported here are generally consistent with the sequence of events commonly deduced for such porphyry systems (Lowell and Guilbert, 1970); however, the events took place over longer time intervals than had been expected.

The granite cobble from the Chignik Formation (Burk, 1965) was dated for provenance studies of the Chignik to test whether a source for the Chignik was the Jurassic part of the Alaska-Aleutian Range batholith. The resulting Middle Tertiary minimum age does not unequivocally confirm this source.

A histogram of age determinations is shown on sheet 2. Three determinations, shown in a dotted pattern, are considered minimum ages and may date rocks genetically related to the arc extending during Tolstoi and Meshik times. A short table on the histogram lists the dates that have not been included in the histogram. These determinations were not plotted because they represent the same events as samples shown on the right side of the table or because they are dates of hydrothermal alteration minerals. Dated hydrothermal alteration events are shown as dashed vertical lines on the histogram.

The chemical analyses shown on sheet 3 are approximately evenly divided between early and late Tertiary igneous rocks. Norms and other calculated parameters were calculated using the PFCAL program (Bingler and others, 1976) with modifications by Richard D. Koch. Asterisks are shown by the totals of samples that were normalized before norm calculation. For each suite AfM and normative Qtz:Pl ternary diagrams are shown. Plutonic rocks have not been plotted on the normative Qtz:Pl diagram; instead, these were named in accordance with the Streckeisen (1976) classification. Streckeisen's (1979) classification was used to name the volcanic and hypabyssal rocks. Andesitic and basaltic rock types are distinguished using a plot of percent silica versus normative color index. The AfM diagrams for each suite show the rocks to fall within the field of Ringwood (1977) for calcalkaline rocks. The two suites of rocks are indistinguishable on this diagram and on the normative Qtz:Pl diagram. Alkali-line indices are calcic (sheet 1) for both suites (Peacock, 1931). The rocks of both suites range from leuco-basalt to dacite in composition; normative color indices are low, but many rocks that are andesitic or dacitic chemically, appear basaltic in hand sample and even in thin section. X-ray fluorescence analysis was by P. Bratkov and S.K. Morgan, Fed. HDO, and CO₂ analysis was by M.J. Cremer and S.T. Weil.

Potassium was determined using lithium metaborate fusion and flame photometry, generally following the methods of Engels and Ingamells (1970). All potassium analyses were in duplicate, and most were in quadruplicate. Paul Klock and Byron Lal were the analysts. Argon extraction and measurement were done using techniques of isotope-dilution mass spectrometry as generally described by Dalrymple and Lanphere (1969), with modifications presented by Wilson (1980). Sample preparation, argon extraction and spectrometry, and data reduction were done by the authors with assistance from Leda Beth Gray and Nora Shaw. The plus-or-minus value assigned to each age is an estimate of the standard deviation of analytical precision using the method of Cox and Dalrymple (1967), together with an estimate of precision based on evaluation of the uncertainties in the concentration of the argon tracer and potassium measurements. Most argon extractions were done in duplicate.

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